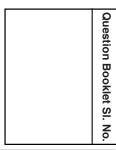
Question Booklet Alpha Code





Total Number of Questions: 100 Time: 75 Minutes

Maximum Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- The Question Paper will be given in the form of a Question Booklet. There will be four versions of Question Booklets with Question Booklet Alpha Code viz. A, B, C & D.
- 2. The Question Booklet Alpha Code will be printed on the top left margin of the facing sheet of the Question Booklet.
- 3. The Question Booklet Alpha Code allotted to you will be noted in your seating position in the Examination Hall.
- 4. If you get a Question Booklet where the alpha code does not match to the allotted alpha code in the seating position, please draw the attention of the Invigilator IMMEDIATELY.
- The Question Booklet Serial Number is printed on the top right margin of the facing sheet. If your Question Booklet is un-numbered, please get it replaced by new Question Booklet with same alpha code.
- 6. The Question Booklet will be sealed at the middle of the right margin. Candidate should not open the Question Booklet, until the indication is given to start answering.
- 7. Immediately after the commencement of the examination, the candidate should check that the Question Booklet supplied to him/her contains all the 100 questions in serial order. The Question Booklet does not have unprinted or torn or missing pages and if so he/she should bring it to the notice of the Invigilator and get it replaced by a complete booklet with same alpha code. This is most important.
- 8. A blank sheet of paper is attached to the Question Booklet. This may be used for rough work.
- 9. Please read carefully all the instructions on the reverse of the Answer Sheet before marking your answers.
- Each question is provided with four choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
 Choose the correct answer and darken the bubble corresponding to the question number using Blue or Black Ball Point Pen in the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 11. Each correct answer carries 1 mark and for each wrong answer 1/3 mark will be deducted. No negative mark for unattended questions.
- 12. No candidate will be allowed to leave the examination hall till the end of the session and without handing over his/her Answer Sheet to the Invigilator. Candidates should ensure that the Invigilator has verified all the entries in the Register Number Coding Sheet and that the Invigilator has affixed his/her signature in the space provided.
- 13. Strict compliance of instructions is essential. Any malpractice or attempt to commit any kind of malpractice in the Examination will result in the disqualification of the candidate.

A -2-

 As per the provision of the Factories Act, every accident is to be reported to the Inspector within 				be reported to the			
	A) 48 hours	B) 12 hours	C) 24 hours	D) Seven days			
2.	Which one of the follo	owing is a finishing pro	ocess?				
	A) Sintering	B) Engraving	C) Rolling	D) Forging			
3.	The system used for r for selection of comp	mass production of ide onents at random is I	•	cified limits of sizes			
	A) Simplification		B) Automation				
	C) Standardization		D) Inter changeable	system			
4.	4. The most abundantly used material in industry is						
	,		B) Mild steel				
			D) Medium carbon steel				
5.	Grey cast iron gives	grey fracture due to th	ne				
	A) Cementite	B) Graphite	C) Ferrite	D) Pearlite			
6.	Bearing materials sho	ould possess					
	A) High compressive	strength	B) Hard core				
	C) High hardness		D) High tensile strength				
7.	Accuracy of a measu	ring instrument is					
	A) Its capability to in	dicate the same readi	ng again and again o	f a job			
	B) The closeness of	reading that can be ta	aken with it				
	C) The smallest valu	e that can be measur	ed with its use				
	D) The closest reading	ng to its true size					
8.	A metric vernier calip match with 24 division count of the vernier c	ns of main scale. If on					
	A) 0.01 mm	B) 0.005 mm	C) 0.02 mm	D) 0.001 mm			

A -3-

9.	Hammers are usually made of			
	A) Medium carbon steel	B)	High speed steel	
	C) Mild steel	D)	High carbon stee	I
10.	For filing brass or bronze pieces, the followers	owing	type of file is pre	ferred
	A) Coarse cut or rough cut file			
	B) Second cut file			
	C) Single cut file			
	D) Double cut file			
11.	Which type of chisel used for chipping s	harp c	corners?	
	A) Cross cut chisel	B)	Side cut chisel	
	C) Diamond-point chisel	D)	Flat chisel	
12.	Fullers are used for			
	A) Decreasing the length of the work pie	ece		
	B) Forming necks or grooves on cross s	sectio	n of a job	
	C) Holding the work pieces			
	D) Supporting the work pieces			
13.	Hand shears can be used for cutting she	eets u	pto	
	A) 0.4 mm B) 0.6 mm	C)	0.8 mm	D) 1.6 mm
14.	Stainless steel sheets contain			
	A) 14% chromium and 7% nickel			
	B) 18% chromium and 8% nickel			
	C) 20% chromium and 10% nickel			
	D) 12% chromium and 6% nickel			
15.	Which instrument is used for laying out I shapes ?	arger	arcs, circles and v	rarious geometrical
	A) Trammel	B)	Comparators	
	C) Odd leg calipers	D)	Combination set	
4		-4-		

Δ	-5	j -			
	C) Malleability	D)	Elasticity		
	A) Ductility	B)	Plasticity		
22.	A material that is to be extruded must pos	ses	s the following property		
	C) Pig iron	D)	Wrought iron		
	A) Cast iron	B)	Mild steel		
21.	In galvanised pipes, galvanising is done or	n the	e following material		
	C) Zinc chloride	D)	Potash		
	A) Borax	B)	Alum		
20.	The commonly used flux for ferrous materi	ials	is		
	C) High voltage	D)	High current		
	A) Contact resistance	B)	Time of current flow		
19.	In an arc-welding process, intense heat is work piece due to	s de	eveloped between the electrode and		
	D) Immediately after the current supply				
	C) After the weld cools				
	B) As soon as the flow of current starts				
	A) During heating process				
18.	During the resistance welding process, the	e pr	essure is released		
	C) 240°C to 320°C	D)	280°C to 340°C		
	A) 80°C to 120°C	B)	180°C to 250°C		
17.	The working temperature range for solderi	ng p	process is		
	D) Prevent formation of oxides				
	C) Increase fluidity of solder metal				
	B) Fill up the gaps between the joints				
	A) Remove the impurities present in solders				
16.	Flux is used soldering to				

A

23.	Diesel engine burns f		-	
	A) Low	B) Constant	C) Same	D) High
24.	Which process is call	ed scavenging?		
	A) Burnt gases esca	pe into the atmosphe	re	
	B) The mixture is ign	ited by electric spark		
	C) Air fuel mixture dr	awn in the crank case	е	
	D) The mixture flows	down and pushes the	e burnt gas out	
25.	Which of the engine I	has maximum fuel eff	iciency ?	
	A) Inline engine		B) Radial engine	
	C) Opposed engine		D) "V" engine	
26.	The compression rati	o is expressed in		
	A) $CR = \frac{Vs + Vc}{Vc}$		$B) CR = \frac{Vc}{Vs - Vc}$	
	C) $CR = \frac{Vc}{Vs + Vc}$		D) $CR = \frac{Vs - Vc}{Vc}$	
27.	The heating of gas at	t constant is g	governed by Boyle's I	aw.
	A) Pressure	B) Volume	C) Heat	D) Temperature
28.	In cylinder block pisto	on liners are sealed w	rith the water jacket b	y
	A) Oil ring		B) O ring	
	C) Oil seal		D) Gasket	
29.	Valve clearance is ac	djusted when both the	valves are in	
	A) Inlet valve is only	in open position		
	B) Exhaust valve is o	only in open position		
	C) Close position			
	D) Open position			

-6-

30.	Final drive is provided	d on tractors			
	A) To reduce torque		B)	To reduce traction	n
	C) To increase torqu	ie	D)	To increase spee	d
31.	The thermal efficiency	y of diesel engine var	ies	between	
	A) 30 to 40 per cent		B)	32 to 40 per cent	
	C) 35 to 40 per cent		D)	32 to 38 per cent	
32.	The velocity required	to operate windmill is	mo	ore than	
	A) 10 kmph		B)	5 kmph	
	C) 10 miles per hour		D)	5 miles per hour	
33.	The low speed engine	e runs at speed of			
	A) More than 350 rpr	n	B)	Less than 350 rpi	m
	C) More than 1000 rp	om	D)	350 rpm	
34.	The firing interval of 2	2-stroke, two-cylinder	eng	jine is	
	A) 360°	B) 180°	C)	720°	D) 120°
35.	The compression ring	gs mounted on piston	are	generally made o	f
	A) High carbon steel		B)	Low carbon steel	
	C) Chromium		D)	High speed steel	
36.	The firing order of 4-s	stroke, 6-cylinder eng	ine	is	
	A) 1-3-5-6-4-2		B)	1-5-3-6-2-4	
	C) 1-3-4-2-6-5		D)	1-3-2-5-4-6	
37.	The cross sectional a	rea of one cylinder of	an	engine multiplied l	by its stroke is
	A) Piston volume		B)	Clearance volume	е
	C) Combustion volun	ne	D)	Swept volume	
Α		-7	-		

38.	8. The gasket sealing is most difficult problem at				
	A) Valve cover	B)	Intake manifold		
	C) Head	D)	Exhaust manifold		
39.	The fluctuation of engine speed during a cy	/cle	depends upon		
	A) Mass of fly wheel	B)	Governor speed		
	C) Mass of crankshaft	D)	Speed of fly wheel		
40.	The major loss in a C.I. engine is				
	A) Rubbing friction loss				
	B) Pumping loss				
	C) Direct heat loss				
	D) Loss due to incomplete combustion				
41.	The thermostat valve are designed to start	ор	ening at		
	A) 60°C to 65°C	B)	65°C to 70°C		
	C) 70°C to 75°C	D)	75°C to 80°C		
42.	Worm gear is the part of				
	A) Differential	B)	Steering gear box		
	C) Gear box	D)	Reduction unit		
43.	Too much belt tension produces				
	A) Whirling sound	B)	Clicking sound		
	C) Taping sound	D)	Knocking sound		
44.	Worn out cam lobs will lead to				
	A) Decreasing the engine life				
	B) Increasing the valve clearance				
	C) Increasing the valve opening height				
	D) Decreasing volumetric efficiency				

A

45.	Which of the following bearings can take both radial and thrust load?				
	A) Ball bearing		B) Bush bearing	9	
	C) Roller bearing		D) Needle beari	ng	
46.	The multiplate clutche	s are not used in			
	A) Earth moving macl		B) Car		
	C) Power tiller		D) Scooter		
47.	Clutch grab is				
	A) Rapid engagement and disengagement of the clutch				
	B) Failure of the press	sure plate			
	C) Failure of the press	sure spring			
	D) Abrupt engagemer	nt of the clutch			
48.	The device for smooth	nening out the power	is		
	A) Fly wheel		B) Torque conv	erter	
	C) Gear box		D) Clutch		
49.	The combined lubricat	tion system is the cor	nbination of		
	A) Dry sump and pres	ssure lubrication syste	em		
	B) Petro oil lubrication	n and dry sump lubric	ation		
	C) Splash type lubrica	ation system and pres	sure lubrication		
	D) Dry sump lubrication	on and splash type lu	brication system		
50.	Specific gravity of a fu	lly charged battery is			
	A) 1.260	B) 1.280	C) 1.270	D) 1.250	
51.	P.T.O. shaft gets drive	e from			
	A) Engine		B) Transmission	า	
	C) Output shaft		D) All are correct	ot	

A -9-

A gear used in the tractor hydraulic system normally is					
A) Helical type		B)	Bevel type		
C) Spur type		D)	Spiral type		
Maximum noise level	from a tractor near th	ne o	perator's ear shou	ıld not exceed	
A) 100 dB	B) 95 dB	C)	90 dB	D) 85 dB	
Vibration is measured	d by				
A) Accelerometer		B)	Tensiometer		
C) Dynamometer		D)	Tachometer		
Angle between centre	e line of tyre and verti	cal I	ine is called		
A) Caster angle		B)	Helix angle		
C) King pin angle		D)	Camber angle		
Cage wheel is used in	n tractor for the				
A) Reducing torque		B)	Improving traction	n	
C) Increasing the we	ight	D)	Weight transfer		
Weight transfer of tra	ctor is directly affecte	d by	/		
A) Pull		B)	Hitch height		
C) Both (A) and (B)		D)	Wheel base		
The PTO HP of a trace	ctor is				
A) Less than friction	HP				
B) Less than draw ba	ar HP				
C) More than engine	HP				
D) More than draw b	ar HP				
The depth of cultivation	on limited to				
A) 3 to 4 cm		B)	4 to 5 cm		
C) 5 to 6 cm		D)	6 to 7 cm		
	A) Helical type C) Spur type Maximum noise level A) 100 dB Vibration is measured A) Accelerometer C) Dynamometer Angle between centre A) Caster angle C) King pin angle Cage wheel is used i A) Reducing torque C) Increasing the we Weight transfer of tra A) Pull C) Both (A) and (B) The PTO HP of a trac A) Less than friction B) Less than draw ba C) More than engine D) More than draw b The depth of cultivati A) 3 to 4 cm	A) Helical type C) Spur type Maximum noise level from a tractor near the A) 100 dB B) 95 dB Vibration is measured by A) Accelerometer C) Dynamometer Angle between centre line of tyre and vertical A) Caster angle C) King pin angle Cage wheel is used in tractor for the A) Reducing torque C) Increasing the weight Weight transfer of tractor is directly affected A) Pull C) Both (A) and (B) The PTO HP of a tractor is A) Less than friction HP B) Less than draw bar HP C) More than engine HP D) More than draw bar HP The depth of cultivation limited to A) 3 to 4 cm	A) Helical type C) Spur type D) Maximum noise level from a tractor near the o A) 100 dB B) 95 dB C) Vibration is measured by A) Accelerometer B) C) Dynamometer D) Angle between centre line of tyre and vertical langle between centre line of tyre and vertical langle between sused in tractor for the A) Caster angle C) King pin angle D) Cage wheel is used in tractor for the A) Reducing torque B) C) Increasing the weight D) Weight transfer of tractor is directly affected by A) Pull B) C) Both (A) and (B) D) The PTO HP of a tractor is A) Less than friction HP B) Less than draw bar HP C) More than engine HP D) More than draw bar HP The depth of cultivation limited to A) 3 to 4 cm B)	C) Spur type Maximum noise level from a tractor near the operator's ear should. A) 100 dB B) 95 dB C) 90 dB Vibration is measured by A) Accelerometer B) Tensiometer C) Dynamometer D) Tachometer Angle between centre line of tyre and vertical line is called A) Caster angle B) Helix angle C) King pin angle D) Camber angle Cage wheel is used in tractor for the A) Reducing torque B) Improving traction C) Increasing the weight D) Weight transfer Weight transfer of tractor is directly affected by A) Pull B) Hitch height C) Both (A) and (B) D) Wheel base The PTO HP of a tractor is A) Less than friction HP B) Less than draw bar HP C) More than engine HP D) More than draw bar HP The depth of cultivation limited to A) 3 to 4 cm B) 4 to 5 cm	

A -10-

60.	Finer operation perfo A) Minimum tillage C) Primary tillage	rmed for seedbed pre	B)	ation is Reduced tillage Secondary tillage	
61.	Jointer and coulter and A) MB Plough C) Harrow Plough	re the parts of	,	Disc Plough Indigenous Ploug	h
62.	The stubble type of mA) Sod soils C) Grassy land	nould board is mostly	B)	able for Sticky soil Tough soil	
63.	A wheel used for mai A) Land wheel C) Gauge wheel	ntaining uniform deptl	B)	ploughing in differ Cage wheel Furrow wheel	rent soil is
64.	A point at which the r A) Centre of pull C) Line of pull	esultant of all horizon	B)	and vertical forces Centre of resistar Centre of gravity	
65.	The vertical clearance A) 3 to 5 mm	e of MB plough range: B) 3 to 5 cm		om 2 to 5 mm	D) 2 to 5 cm
66.	Tilt angle of standard A) 42° - 45°	disc plough varies from B) $35^{\circ} - 42^{\circ}$		25° – 35°	D) 15° – 25°
67.	In disc harrow, a dev same gang axel is A) Arbor bolt C) Scraper	ice used to provide a	B)	tance between two Spool Gang	o disc mounted on
68.	A harrow which based by side thrust of rear A) Spike tooth harrow C) Offset disc harrow	gang	B)	rust against the fro Double action dis Tandem disc ham	c harrow

69.	9. A special type of harrow with curved knives is				
	A) Patela harrow		B)	Acme harrow	
	C) Spring type harrow	V	D)	Spike tooth harro)W
70.	A subsoiler is used to	break a hard pan of	soil	upto a depth of	
	A) 40 cm	B) 60 cm	C)	75 cm	D) 100 cm
71.	The disc force is mad	e into the ground by			
	A) Weight		B)	Scouring	
	C) Slicing		D)	Suction	
72.	Which of the following	g is not a part of laser	lev	eller?	
	A) Bucket		B)	Transmitter	
	C) Terracer		D)	Control box	
73.	The random scatterin	g of seed on the surfa	ace	of seedbed is	
	A) Broadcasting		B)	Hill droping	
	C) Check row plantin	g	D)	Dibbling	
74.	The most positive see	ed metering mechanis	sm ı	used in seed-drill i	S
	A) Cell feed type		B)	Cup feed type	
	C) Internal double rui	n type	D)	Fluted roller type	,
75.	Which of the following	g is not a seed meteri	ng r	mechanism ?	
	A) Fluted roller		B)	Star wheel	
	C) Internal double rui	า	D)	Cell feed	
76.	The metering mechan	nism used in potato pl	lant	er is	
	A) Cell feed type		B)	Serrated disc typ	e
	C) Picker wheel type		D)	Spur wheel type	
77.	How much area will be forwarding speed of the				
	A) 0.156 ha/h		B)	0.162 ha/h	
	C) 0.172 ha/h		D)	0.182 ha/h	

A

78. Pressure of power operated sprayers ranges from				
	A) 20 to 25 kg/cm ²	B)	20 to 35 kg/cm ²	
	C) 20 to 45 kg/cm ²	D)	20 to 55 kg/cm ²	
79.	The pump used in most of the hydraulic spi	raye	er is	
	A) Positive displacement pump	B)	Vane pump	
	C) Plunger pump	D)	Reciprocating pump	
80.	The nozzle used for herbicide and fungicide	e ap	oplication is	
	A) Deflector fan type	B)	Jet stream type	
	C) Hollow con type	D)	Tangential whirl type	
81.	A machine used for cutting of cereal crops	is		
	A) Mower	B)	Reaper	
	C) Slasher	D)	Combine	
82.	Cutter bar of reaper is made of			
	A) High carbon steel	B)	Medium carbon steel	
	C) High speed steel	D)	High grade steel	
83.	When knife and pitman run in a straight line	e, th	en the cutter bar is in	
	A) Proper alignment	B)	Improper alignment	
	C) Proper registration	D)	Improper registration	
84.	The action involved in harvesting of crop is			
	A) Slicing action	B)	Scissor action	
	C) Tearing action	D)	All are correct	
85.	The cutter bar used in cutting unit of combi	ne i	s	
	A) Slasher type	B)	Mower type	
	C) Reaper type	D)	None of these	

A -13-

86.	6. A thresher causes more seed damage if				
	A) Feed rate is reduced	B)	Speed is decreased		
	C) Clearance is increased	D)	Speed is increased		
87.	Threshing in rotating drum cylinder is due t	0			
	A) Impact	B)	Stripping		
	C) Rubbing	D)	Tearing		
88.	The process of separation of grain from a r	nixt	ure of grain and chaff is		
	A) Cleaning	B)	Grading		
	C) Separation	D)	Winnowing		
89.	The equipment that has no driven/moving of	com	ponents is		
	A) Machine	B)	Implement		
	C) Tool	D)	Instrument		
90.	The ratio of reel peripheral speed to forwar	d sp	peed of combine is termed as		
	A) Reel speed	B)	Reel velocity		
	C) Reel index	D)	Reel diameter		
91.	A windmill suitable for water lifting is				
	A) Double blade type	B)	Multiple blade type		
	C) Four blade type	D)	Triple blade type		
92.	The process of removing husk and bran of	the	paddy in one operation is called		
	A) Hulling	B)	Milling		
	C) Shelling	D)	Scalping		
93.	L.S.U. drier is				
	A) Continuous flow type drier				
	B) Continuous flow non-mixing type drier				
	C) Bin type drier				
	D) Continuous flow mixing type drier				

A

94.	In hammer mill, the force applied on grains is			
	A) Crushing	B)	Shear	
	C) Impact and shear	D)	Crushing and shear	
95.	The maximum suction head should not be	mum suction head should not be more than		
	A) 4.5 m	B)	6.5 m	
	C) 7.5 m	D)	8.5 m	
96.	is used to extract the juice from sugarcane.			
	A) Scalping	B)	Crushing	
	C) Tearing	D)	Shearing	
97.	Which one of the following give DC supply	?		
	A) Dynamo	B)	Transformer	
	C) Alternator	D)	Motor	
98.	What does a capacitor store ?			
	A) Power	B)	Voltage	
	C) Current	D)	Charge	
99.	9. A motor with an insulated rotor winding is called			
	A) Squirrel cage motor	B)	Slip ring motor	
	C) Capacitor motor	D)	None of these	
100.	A transformer consist of			
	A) One coil	B)	Two coil	
	C) Three coil	D)	Four coil	

A -15-

Space for Rough Work

A -16-