DE - 7/2021/2

Question Booklet Alpha Code

Question Booklet	
Serial Number	

Name:	Reg. No.	Signature:
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DEPARTMENTAL TESTS — JULY, 2021

Number of Questions: 100 Time: $1\frac{1}{2}$ hours

(Maximum Marks :100)

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. The question paper will be given in the form of a Question Booklet. There will be four versions of question booklets with question booklet alpha code viz. A, B, C & D.
- 2. The Question Booklet Alpha Code will be printed on the top left margin of the facing sheet of the question booklet.
- 3. The Question Booklet Alpha Code allotted to you will be noted in your seating position in the Examination Hall.
- 4. If you get a question booklet where the alpha code does not match to the allotted alpha code in the seating position, please draw the attention of the invigilator IMMEDIATELY.
- 5. The Question Booklet Serial Number is printed on the top right margin of the facing sheet. If your question booklet is un-numbered, please get it replaced by new question booklet with same alpha code.
- 6. The Question Booklet will be sealed at the middle of the right margin. Candidate should not open the question booklet, until the indication is given to start answering.
- 7. Immediately after the commencement of the examination, the candidate should check that the question booklet supplied contains all the 100 questions in serial order. The question booklet does not have unprinted or torn or missing pages and if so the fact should be brought to the notice of the Invigilator and get it replaced by a complete booklet with same alpha code. This is most important.
- 8. A blank sheet of paper is attached to the question booklet. This may be used for rough work.
- 9. Please read carefully all the instructions on the reverse of the Answer Sheet before marking vour answers.
- 10. Each question is pro vided with four choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and darken the bubble corresponding to the question number using Blue or Black Ball Point Pen in the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 11. Each correct answer carries 1 mark and for each wrong answer 1/3 mark will be deducted. No negative marks for unattended questions.
- 12. No candidate will be allowed to leave the examination hall till the end of the session and without handing over the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator. Candidates should ensure that the Invigilator has verified all the entries in the Register Number Coding Sheet and that the Invigilator has affixed his/her signature in the space provided.
- 13. Strict compliance of instructions is essential. Any malpractice or attempt to commit any kind of malpractice in the Examination will result in the disqualification of the candidate.
- 14. If any candidates make a marking of answer in the question paper and exchange with other candidate during the course of the examination, the answer script will be invalidated and the candidates will be debarred for a minimum period of 2 years from appearing the Departmental Tests.

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- 3 Sub-vouchers for any individual payment exceeding? 1000 is included with: 1. (A) Bills for non-countersigned contingencies Detailed contingent bills which is countersigned after payments Contingent bills which is countersigned before payments In all contingent bills List of the contingent charges that require the countersignature of the Controlling Authority after payment is contained in (A) Appendix 8, KFC Vol. II (B) Appendix 6, KFC Vol. II Appendix 5, KFC Vol. II (D) Appendix 3, KFC Vol. II Contingent expenditure incurred in connection with the examinations conducted by the Kerala Public Service Commission, through District Officers requires counter signature after payment. Who is the officer competent to countersign? (A) District Officers, Kerala Public Service Commission (B) Regional Officer, KPSC having control over the District Office (C) Controller of Examinations, KPSC (D) Controller of Finance, KPSC Audit party requisitioned for sub-vouchers of secret service for verification. The action is (A) Not regular (B) Regular. (C) Audit can verify all vouchers None of the above (D) Which one of the following officers is not authorised to incur Secret Service Expenditure? (A) Director General of Police (B) Controller of Examination, Kerala Public Service Commission (C) Commissioner for Entrance Examinations (D) Commissioner of Excise Copies of tender notices issued by Purchasing Officers will be sent to for information. (A) Economics and Statistics Dept.
 - (B) Indian Standard Institution
 - (C) Central Statistical Organisation
 - (D) Accountant General
- 7. Advance for eradication of plant pests is advance.
 - (A) Civil (B) Forest
 - (C) Revenue (D) Special

- 4 8. Who is the treasurer of charitable endowment for the State? (A) Director of State Audit (B) Accountant General (C) Director of Social Justice Dept. (D) Finance Secretary The lapsing of Civil Court Deposits to the Government is governed by the rules issued by the (A) Advocate General (B) Accountant General (C) Finance Department (D) None of the above 10. Grant-in-aid to medical institutions should be drawn on bills signed by the Managers of such institution and counter signed by (A) District Collector
- - (B) Director of Health Services
 - (C) District Medical Officer
 - (D) Health Secretary
- 11. Review of the budget is done by
 - (A) Legislature Committee
 - (B) Executive
 - (C) Governor
 - (D) Judiciary
- 12. Which is the last stage of the budgetary cycle?
 - (A) Passing of the budget
 - (B) Execution of the budget
 - (C) Review of the budget
 - (D) Preparation of budget
- 13. Which independent authority audits Government Accounts of each year?
 - (A) Chartered Accountant
 - (B) Comptroller and Auditor General
 - (C) Advocate General
 - (D) None of the above
- involves detailed examination of the estimates presenter to the Legislature, to see how best the plans and programmes embodied therein could be executed efficiently and economical
 - (A) Review of the Budget
 - (B) Finance Accounts
 - (C) Appropriation Accounts
 - (D) Execution of the Budget

5 A 15. A budgetary cycle does not include: (B) Division of funds (A) Preparation of the budget (C) Passing of the budget (D) Execution of the budget 16. The five tier classification of Government Accounts introduce with effect from: 1-4-1974 (A) (B) 1-4-1973 1-4-1980 (D) 1-4-1984 (C) In how many parts are Government Accounts kept: (B) Three parts Two parts (A) (C) Four parts (D) Five parts Which of the following does not come under the main divisions of Government Accounts? 18. (B) Consolidated Fund (A) Public Account (C) Contingency Fund (D) Sinking Fund 19. How many main divisions are there in the Consolidated Fund? (A) Revenue and Capital, Public debt, Loan etc. (B) Public Account (C) Debt, Loan, Capital Revenue, Debt, Loan / Remittance 20. Which division of Consolidated Fund deals with the revenue receipts and revenue expenditure? (A) Capital (B) Public Debt Revenue (D) None of the above 21. Transfer of funds from one unit of appropriation to another such unit is known as (A) Additional Grant (B) Reappropriation Appropriation Control (D) Supplementary Grant 22. Under which demand comes 2014 Administration of Justice (A) Demand No. XX (B) Demand No. XV (C) Demand No. VII (D) Demand No. III

How often the Audit Objection Registrar should be reviewed by the Head of Office?

(D) All actual liabilities should be ascertained, liquidated sai payment rewarded at the earliest

(B) Fortnightly

(D) Bi-monthly

23.

24.

(A) (C) Weekly

Monthly

Which of the following financial principles is not true?

(A) Inevitable payments should not be postponed

(C) Money paid should not be kept out of accounts

(B) All appropriations do not lapse at the close of the financial year

- 25. Who is the authorized authority for sanctioning ex-gratia payment to Government sustaining injury while on duty?
 - (A) Government in the Advance Department on the recommendations of the Head of Department and the Medical Board
 - (B) Government in the Finance Department
 - (C) Head of Department
 - (D) Government in the General Administration Department
- 26. What is the maximum extent of liabilities of Government Servants who die in harness that can be written off?
 - (A) Upto Rs. 5 lakhs

(B) Upto Rs. 3 lakhs

(C) No limit

- (D) Upto Rs. 2 lakhs
- 27. Who is the authorized custodian of valuable documents like deeds of buildings purchased by Government and bonds of endowments made?
 - (A) Chief Secretary to Government
 - (B) Head of Department which occupies the building
 - (C) Chief Engineer (B & R)
 - (D) Director of Treasuries
- 28. A Government servant who starts a work immediately on the occurrence of some sudden unforeseen emergency such as breaching of the bund of an irrigation work, should report the fact at once to
 - (A) His Immediate Superior
 - (B) Head of Office
 - (C) Accountant General
 - (D) His Immediate Superior and Accountant General
- 29. If the expenditure under the head of account is likely to exceed the appropriation, warning slips are issued by
 - (A) Accountant General
 - (B) Chief Controlling Officer
 - (C) Finance Department
 - (D) Director of Treasuries
- 30. The power of the State Legislature to make a grant for meeting an unexpected demand upon the resources of the State is known as
 - (A) Vote of Credit
 - (B) Vote of Account
 - (C) Excess Grant
 - (D) Supplementary Grant
- 31. Commuted Value of Pension is
 - (A) A Revenue Expenditure
 - (B) An expenditure of Capital nature
 - (C) Expenditure under Loans and Advances
 - (D) Expenditure under Suspense Account

A

- 32. Which of the following is a Capital Expenditure
 - (A) Disbursement of Pay and Allowances
 - (B) Repair work of building
 - (C) Purchase of office stationery
 - (D) None of the above
- 33. Which are treated as capital expenditure normally?
 - (A) Grant-in-aid to local bodies
 - (B) Expenditure for increasing concrete assets of material and permanent character
 - (C) Expenditure on temporary asset
 - (D) Working expenses of a project
- 34. Which of the following is not a capital expenditure work?
 - (A) Maintenance of road
 - (B) Purchase of land
 - (C) Construction of bridge
 - (D) Construction of building
- 35. The sale proceeds of the trees in a land, where a dam is under construction and the expenditure of that dam is met from capital expenditure, should be taken:
 - (A) As a reduction of capital expenditure
 - (B) To revenue receipts of the State
 - (C) To repayment of loans and advances
 - (D) None of the above
- 36. Can expenditure previously met from ordinary revenue be transferred to a capital head outside the revenue account?
 - (A) No, No such transfer is to be made
 - (B) Yes, Can be transferred under special orders of Government
 - (C) Yes, If it is proposed by Chief Controlling Officer
 - (D) Yes, with the sanction of Accountant General
- 37. Which is the register maintained by all officers maintaining Government vehicles to note the particulars of trips, purpose etc.?
 - (A) Log book (Form 48)
 - (B) Stock register
 - (C) Register of motor vehicles
 - (D) None of these
- 38. A log book is a register used for recording details of :
 - (A) Stationery items
 - (B) Immovable property
 - (C) Government vehicle
 - (D) Journey performed by officers

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39.	When Government supply a motor car for the use of an officer, do Government insure it?					
	(A)	Yes, Government insure such cars				
	(B)	No, Government do not insure				
	(C)	Government insure in selective cases	1.0	S 1	11	1 4
	(D)	It is for the officer using the car to protect him the car by insuring it at his own cost.	iseii	against the risks i	nvoivec	in the use of
40.	The maximum area of Government lands under the possession of Revenue Department in the Grama Panchayat with improvements there on, that can be transferred from one department to another department by District Collector are:					
	(A)	75 Cents (B) 90 Cents ((C)	50 Cents	(D)	25 Cents
41.		amage to immovable, Government property cau mated to in Form 47	ised	due to calamity, t	he fact	may be
	(A)	Immediate superior				
	(B)	Head of Department who will report to Gove	rnm	ent		
	(C)	Accountant General				
	(D)	All of the above				
42.	-	ortion of a building in a High School was damage on to be taken by the Headmaster?	ged	due to lightning. V	Vhat is	the immediate
(A) Should be reported immediately to the AEO and to the Director of Public Instru (through proper channel)				lic Instruction		
	(B)	Should be reported to the District Collector				
	(C) Should be reported to Accountant General					
	(D)	None of the above				
43. Is it permissible to recover the loss sustained by Government from a Government Servant is about to retire			t Servant who			
	(A)	Permissible, from the last pay and allowances	due	e to him		
	(B) If written consent is given by the party, recovery can be made					
	(C)	Not permissible				
	(D)	Recovery can be effected if loss sustained by	the	Government is m	ore tha	n 1 lakh
44.		isciplinary proceedings are being continued agains sionary benefit can be withheld?	st an	officer on the date	e of reti	rement, which
	(A)	Entire DCRG	(B)	Pension		
	(C)	Terminal surrender leave salary	(D)	Group Insurance	;	
45.		on-gazetted officer in charge of stores is due to nst him for a loss sustained to Government and			-	

against him for a loss sustained to Government and the actual liability could not be estimated before his retirement. What are the retirement benefits that can be provisionally granted to him before settlement of liabilities?

(A) Pension only

(B) Pension and DCRG

(C) DCRG only

(D) None of the above

A

46.	If the liability of gazetted officer is not estimated and who is in charge of cash or store of his DCRG is to be withheld.								
		Full	(B)	50%		25%		(D)	75%
47.	For	the purposes of	fixing lial	bility losses m	ay be	group	ed under t	hree o	categories; they are:
	(A)	(A) Personal dues, arrears of house rent payable, stores							
	(B)	Physical loss of	of cash or	stores, person	nal due	es, exc	cess pay d	lrawn	
	(C)	Loss of extra e	-	e arising out o	of adm	inistra	tive lapses	s, pers	onal dues and physical
	(D)	Loss arising or	ıt of admi	nistrative lapse	es				
48.		the purpose of gories. Which of	•	•			-		s grouped under there ?
	(A)	Loss arising or	at of imple	ementation of	illegal	orders	s of superi	or off	icers
	(B)	Personal dues							
	(C)	Physical loss of	of cash or	stores					
	(D)	Loss or extra-	expenditur	re arising out of	of adm	inistra	tive lapses	S.	
49.	Can a Government servant take refuge for his fault which resulted in financial loss to Government on the ground that he was misled or deceived?								
	(A)	Yes, only if th	e grounds	adduced were	e bonat	fides a	and convir	ncing	to his superiors
	(B)	Yes, only if he	has no e	xperience in h	is field	of du	ıty		
	(C)	•							cial rules laid down by will not mitigate his
	(D)	Yes, if the ame	ount invol	ved does not	exceed				
50.	invo		ount invo	olved is Rs		or mo	ore the san	ne sho	overnment Servant are buld be reported to the ents etc.
	(A)	10,000	(B) 20	0,000	(C)	5,000)	(D)	25,000
51.		authority subord ne motor convey		ha	s pow	er to	sanction a	ny ad	vance for the purchase
	(A)	Government				(B)	District C	Collect	or
	(C)	Tahsildar				(D)	Head of	Depai	tment
52.	Hou	se Building Adv	ance will	not be sanctio	ned to	Gove	ernment Se	ervant	s for :
	(A)	Purchase of a	site and f	or the constru	ction c	of a h	ouse there	on for	r personal residence
	(B)	Construction of	f house for	or personal res	sidence	;			
	(C) Making minor repairs of existing house								
	(D)	Purchase of si	te with ho	ouse for person	nal resi	idence	;		

	\mathbf{A}				
53.	The minimum period of service required under the Government for the sanction of House Building Advance :				
	(A) 2 years (B) 10 years (C) 5 years (D) 3 years				
54.	A Government servant applied for House Building Advance - 2017. With effect from 1-9-2017, he is working on deputation in Kerala University. What is the condition under which House Building Advance, can be sanctioned to him after 1-9-2017? (A) The amount has to be paid by Kerala University (B) The repayment during the period of deputation is to be guaranteed by University (C) Payment will be made, after the Govt. Servant reverse to parent department (D) None of the above				
55.	The authority competent to sanction house building advance to Heads of Departments is				
	(A) Secretary to Government				
	(B) Heads of Departments				
	(C) Govt. in the Finance Department				
	(D) Law Department				
56.	The authority competent to sanction house building advance for joint applications of Government employees serving in different departments is				
	(A) District Collector				
	(B) Head of Departments				
	(C) Govt. in the Finance Department				
	(D) Law Department				
57.	Authority competent to sanction house building advance to Officers of All India Services and to the State Government Officers to purchase or build or extend or repair houses outside the State is				
	(A) Heads of Departments				
	(B) Government in the Finance Department				
	(C) District Collector				
	(D) Secretary to Govt. Law Department				
58.	A Deputy Collector in Revenue Dept. propose to build a house in his native place in Kannyakumari District of Tamil Nadu. Who is the authority competent to sanction house building advance to him ?				
	(A) District Collector				
	(B) Secretary to Govt. Revenue Dept.				
	(C) Head of Department				
	(D) Govt. in the Finance Department				
59.	The maximum amount of house building advance is				

(A) 3 Lakh

(B) 5 Lakh

(C) 20 Lakh

(D) 10 Lakh

A

60.	The recovery of house building advance, sanctic	aned to an officer who purchased a built house				
	-					
	(A) The date of disbursement of the last installment					
	(B) The first installment of the last installment					
	(C) The first issue of pay after disbursement of	of the advance				
	(D) The date of purchase of building					
61.	Other than Officers of the Revenue Departm Discretionary Grants	ent who among the following can sanction				
	(A) Chief Secretary to Government					
	(B) Secretary to Government Revenue Departs	ment				
	(C) Governor					
	(D) Chief Minister					
62.	Discretionary Grants may be sanctioned by					
	(A) District Collectors	(B) Revenue Divisional Officers				
	(C) Tahsildars	(D) All the above officers				
63.	The grant sanctioned by Revenue Officers for destroyed by fire, natural calamity	relief of a poor man whose house have been				
	(A) Department Grant	(B) Matching Grant				
	(C) Discretionary Grant	(D) Welfare Grant				
64.	Discretionary Grants by Revenue Officers should (A) TR59A (B) TR59C (d be drawn in Bill Form No. : C) TR 42 (D) TR 5				
65.	The financial aid to private institutions and local is known as	bodies for public purposes carried out by them				
	(A) Grant-in-aid	(B) Discretionary grants				
	(C) Extra grants	(D) Excess grant				
66.	The State may make grants-in-aid for activities ca	rried on by private institutions in conformity with				
	(A) Article 282 of the Constitution of India					
	(B) Article 265 of the Constitution of India					
	(C) Article 267 of the Constitution of India					
	(D) Article 202 of the Constitution of India					
67.	The time limit for the submission of audited acceptive of the period fixed for the utilisation of the					
	(A) One year	(B) Two years				
	(C) Six months	(D) Nine months				
68.	Utilisation certificate relating to grants-in-aid not	exceeding Rs. 2,00,000 should be watched by:				
	(A) Heads of Departments					
	(B) The Accountant General (A&E)					
	(C) The Accountant General (Audit)					

(D)

The Finance Department

69.		of Rs. 25 lakh or more during a financial year shall y of the succeeding year their annual
	(A) 30th June	(B) 31st July
	(C) 31st May	(D) 31st August
70.	Implied conditions of every grant made for a	specific object are
,	(A) The grant will be spent for a specific of	1
	(B) Unspent amount of the grant will be do	·
	(C) Condition at 'A' and 'B' together	
	(D) Utilisation certificate will be furnished a	and the amount accounted for
71.	Muster roll for public works must be is prep	pared:
	(A) In single	(B) In duplicate
	(C) In triplicate	(D) In quadruplicate
72.	Every entry in a muster roll should be made	in:
	(A) Ball pen	(B) Ink
	(C) Colour pencil	(D) Sketch pen
73.	For departmentally executed works, separate	muster roll should be prepared for
	(A) Each year	(B) Every six months
	(C) Every three months	(D) Each month
74.	Labourers employed for 'work' may be paid	
	(A) Monthly	(B) Daily
	(C) Weekly	(D) Twice in a month
75.	Daily attendance or absence of each labourer	shall be recorded daily in:
,	(A) Attendance register	(B) Muster Roll-Part I
	(C) Work register	(D) Register of unpaid wages
76.	As a general rule, all wages not claimed with	hin should be forfeited
70.	(A) 5 (B) 3 (C) 2	(D) 6
77		
77.	In Forest Department wages remaining unpai	-
	(A) Treasury Officer(C) Divisional Forest Officer	(B) Chief Conservator of Forests (D) Superintendent
		(D) Superintendent
78.	As a rule, all wages of labourers included in unclaimed for :	the Muster Roll should be forfeited if remained
	(A) Three months	(B) Five months
	(C) Six months	(D) One year
79.	Progress of work done by labourers should	be recorded in:
	(A) Progress Register	(B) Muster Roll (Part I)
	(C) Muster Roll (Part II)	(D) Work Register

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A 80.	Measurement Book is the original record of (A) All works done (B) All works done and all supplies made (C) All supplies relating to a work (D) Works done by daily labours		
81.	Invitation offender by public advertisement is(A) Limited Tenders(C) Single Tenders	s called: (B) (D)	Open Tenders Telegraphic Tenders
82.	The system of tender to be adopted when Rs. 1 lakh to less than Rs. 10 lakh (A) Open tender (C) Single tender	(B)	Limited tender None of the above
83.	Limited Tender System may be adopted (A) When articles are to be imported (B) When the articles are in urgent need (C) When the suppliers of the article are noted (D) When the articles are perishable	ot willing to	o participate in the tender
84.	Of the various tender systems the most com (A) Limiter tender (C) Single tender	(B)	oted system, as a general rule, is Negotiated contracts Open tender
85.	All India level tender notices may be publish (A) Regional news paper (C) Foreign Trade Publication		on to Govt. Gazette notification, in the Local news channel Indian Trade Journal, Kolkatta
86.	Wide publicity is not necessary for : (A) Open tender (C) Single tender	(B) (D)	Limited tender Open tender cum quotation
87.	The system of tender to be adopted when to (A) Open tender (C) Single tender	(B)	are of a proprietary character is Limited tender None of the above
88.	Single Tender system for a purchase can be (A) In the case of no competition (B) In case of more convenience to purchase (C) Only one firm exists for the supply succession. (D) In the case of small order	se	

- 89. When the bills for purchase of stores made under "Single Tender System" is sent for Audit, what is the requirement to be fulfilled by the Drawing officer?
 - (A) To inform whether the purchase was limited below maximum amount permissible as rules
 - (B) To inform whether competition was not expected to be advantageous
 - (C) To record a statement explaining briefly the necessity for deviating from the open tender system
 - (D) None of the above

90.	Products manufactured by State Government and Institutions will be purchase without tender	Departments and State Public Sector Industries er for the first :
	(A) 10 years (B) 5 years	(C) 3 years (D) 25 years
91.	<u> </u>	mporary advance, under Article 99 of KFC, from
	the date of drawal to the date of refund is	
	(A) 18% (B) 12% (C)	6% (D) 10%
92.	Detailed contingent bills if requires to be cour	ntersigned should be done by
	(A) Head of Department	(B) Controlling Officer
	(C) Drawing Officer	(D) Disbursing Officer
93.	Audited Contingencies means	
	(A) Contingent bills countersigned after payr	
	(B) Contingent bills countersigned before pa	yment buntersignature by a Controlling Authority
	(C) Contingent bills which do not require co(D) None of the above	differentiative by a Controlling Additionty
0.4		for the man of control and and it
94.	Contingent Charges are grouped as(A) Countersigned contingencies	(B) Non-countersigned contingencies
	(C) Both (A) and (B)	(D) None of the above
95.	When an allotment is placed at the disposal of	
<i>))</i> .	(A) The officer will maintain a contingent re	
	(B) The bills will not be supported by vouc	
	(C) Both (A) and (B) above are correct	
	(D) None of the above	
96.	The Liability Register as per KBM is maintain	ned in Form No.
	(A) 18 (B) 21 (C) 14	(D) 12
97.	If Government building is let to a pensioner,	rent shall be paid
	(A) After the close of the month	(B) In advance
	(C) In two installment in a month	(D) In the form of security deposit
98.	Every Head of Department should submit ann General a statement showing waivers of rever	ually, on or before to the Accountant nue sanctioned during the preceding year.
	(A) 31st March	(B) 1st June
	(C) 1st July	(D) 30th April
99.	become due for payment on the	last day of month in which they are earned
	(A) Grant-in-aid	(B) Electricity charges
	(C) Medical Reimbursement	(D) Pay and allowances
100.	When Government Servants are transferred should be made available in new office within	from one office to another, their service books of transfer.
	(A) Three months	(B) 15 days
	(C) One month	(D) 7 days

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

