Company/Corporation Assistant Examination 1000 Facts

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2018 ವರ್ಷ 19 ವರ್ಷ ಕಾಲಿಕೆಯ ಬಿದಿ ಒಲಿಕೊಳಕೆ

ಅಭ್ಯೋಗಕ್ಷರ (ಪರಾಗಕ್ಷರ)

1. ಕಾರ್ಯ ಮಾರ್ಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಸೌವಿಂದಾ ಮಾರ್ಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಭ್ಯೋಗ ಕರಯಬಹುದಾಯಿತು (ಪರಾಗಕ್ಷರ) ಕಾರ್ಯಪಂಚತಿ (38/2017)
2. ಕಡೆಭಾಗದಲ್ಲಿ (ವಿಜ್ಞಭಾಗದಲ್ಲಿ) ಸೌವಿಂದಾ ಮಾರ್ಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಭ್ಯೋಗ ಕರಯಬಹುದಾಯಿತು (ನೈಸರ್ಗಿಕ) ಜ್ಞಾತಿಸಿದ್ದಾಯಿತು (ಪರಾಗಕ್ಷರ 2017)

2018 ವರ್ಷ 26 ವರ್ಷ ಕಾಲಿಕೆಯ ಬಿದಿ ಒಲಿಕೊಳಕೆ

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ಪ್ರಮುಖ ಪ್ರತಿಭಾಪತಿ - ವಿವಾದ 24-03-2018

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200 Confusing Facts
Test Your GK

Set-1

1. The Ganges beyond Farakka, after entering Bangladesh is known as:
   (a) Padma (b) Sagar (c) Kosi (d) Hugly

2. Which country is not the part of Indian subcontinent?
   (a) Myanmar (b) Bangladesh (c) Nepal (d) Bhutan

3. To make rubber strong and bouncy, we add:
   (a) Sulphuric acid (b) Sulphur (c) Petroleum jelly (d) Graphite

4. Wailing Wall is in:
   (a) Jerusalem (b) London (c) Mecca (d) Tunis

5. Who succeeded Jahangir as the Mughal Emperor?
   (a) Aurangzeb (b) Shah Jahan (c) Akbar (d) Humayun

6. The nationality of Annie Besant:
   (a) English (b) Scottish (c) Irish (d) German

7. The father of Harshavardhana, the last Hindu emperor of North India:
   (a) Rajyavardhana (b) Prabhakaravardhana (c) Faroquharvardhana (d) Sasankan

8. Panchatantra was written by:
   (a) Vishnugupta (b) Vishnu Sharma (c) Viskhavardhana (d) Prabskhavarvardhana

9. The power house of the cell:
   (a) Chloroplast (b) Plastid (c) Mitochondria (d) Golgi Apparatus

10. The first woman to get Nobel Prize for literature:
    (a) R.K. Dhawan (b) Margaret Herrick (c)水泥 (d) 哈利娅

11. The caretaker Prime Minister of India when Rajiv Gandhi was assassinated:
    (a) V.P. Singh (b) Dewa Gowda (c) Chandrasekhar (d) I.K. Gujral

12. The Oldest rocks in India:
    (a) Himalayas (b) Aravallis (c) Karakoram (d) Shiwalik

13. Jean Jacques Rousseau was born in:
    (a) Paris (b) Vienna (c) Moscow (d) Geneva

14. Wailing Wall is in:
    (a) Jerusalem (b) London (c) Mecca (d) Tunis

15. Who discovered Benzene?
    (a) Ganga (b) Sabarmathi (c) Faroquharvardhana (d) None of these

16. Ahmedabad is in the banks of:
    (a) Ganga (b) Indus (c) Yamuna (d) Sagar

17. Which country was ruled by Taliban?
    (a) Afghanistan (b) Pakistan (c) Somaliland (d) Sudan

18. The most abundant element in the universe:
    (a) Oxygen (b) Iron (c) Hydrogen (d) Nitrogen

19. Who gave evidence for the expansion of the universe?
    (a) Edwin Hubble (b) Newton (c) Einstein (d) Galileo

20. Chandra Gupta Maurya was a ruler of ..... dynasty:
    (a) Gupta (b) Sunga (c) Kushana (d) Maurya

21. The first person of Indian origin to get Abel Prize:
    (a) S.R.Sreennivas Varadhan (b) Kasthoorirangan (c) C.N.R.Rao (d) None of these

22. In which country Joseph Pulitzer was born?
    (a) U.S.A. (b) Germany (c) Hungary (d) Romania

23. Blood constitutes approximately — % of human body:
    (a) 7 (b) 12 (c) 14 (d) 17

24. The major port in India which is not administered by government:
    (a) Tutucorin (b) Ennore (c) Visakhapatnam (d) Kanyakumari

25. The Simhachalam Temple is dedicated to:
    (a) Rama (b) Narasimha (c) Krishna (d) Brahma

Answers

1 (a) 2(a) 3 (b) 4 (a) 5(b) 6(c) 7(b) 8(b) 9(c) 10(d) 11(b) 12(b) 13(d) 14(a) 15(c) 16(b) 17(c) 18(c) 19(a) 20(d) 21(a) 22(c)

Set-2

1. Dumbarton Oaks Conference was held in:
    (a) 1944 (b) 1945 (c) 1943 (d) 1942

2. Number of traditional Jyothirlinga shrines in India:
    (a) 12 (b) 18 (c) 15 (d) 17

3. Dollywood is the nick name of the film industry in:
    (a) America (b) France (c) Canada (d) India

4. Which company provided internet facility for the first time in India?
    (a) BSNL (b) VSNL (c) MTNL (d) None of these

5. Battle of Trafalgar was in the year:
    (a) 1805 (b) 1806 (c) 1812 (d) 1815

6. The most important session of Indian Parliament:
    (a) Winter session (b) Summer session (c) Monsoon session (d) Winter session

7. Which Article of the Indian Constitution is related to the creation of abolition of Legislative Council of the State?
    (a) 196 (b) 169 (c) 149 (d) 166

8. India’s first warship:
    (a) Alakananda (b) Chennai (c) Dhaka (d) Shukrawarapet

9. The Independence Hall in USA is situated at:
    (a) INS Savitri (b) INS Gharial (c) INS Nashik (d) INS Prahar

10. Dhanpath Rai is popularly known as:
    (a) Sivarama Karanth (b) V.V. Karanth (c) K.M. Munshi (d) Munshi Premchand

11. Founder-Vice Chancellor of Indira Gandhi National Open University:
    (a) G.P. Parthasarathy (b) G. Ram Reddy (c) P.V. Kane (d) Acharya Narendra Dev

12. Katherine Mary Heilemann is familiar to Indians with the name:
    (a) Meera Bhai (b) Sarala Bhai (c) Sister Nivetita (d) Madam Kama

13. “...that the state will not identify itself with or be controlled by any religion” is related to:
    (a) Federalism (b) Secularism (c) Republic (d) Socialism

14. “Unity and Discipline” is the motto of:
    (a) Indian Army (b) N.C.C. (c) Territorial Army (d) B.S.F.

15. The International headquarters of the Bahai faith:
    (a) Haifa (b) Mecca (c) Jerusalem (d) New York

16. Kazi Nazrul Islam is the national poet of:
    (a) Pakistan (b) Bangladesh (c) Afghanistan (d) Maldives

17. To which religion ‘Tower of Silence’ is related?
    (a) Sikh (b) Islam (c) Judaism (d) Zorashtrians

18. Tigerwoods is associated with:
    (a) Hockey (b) Chess (c) Golf (d) Cricket

19. Force 17 is an elite commando and special operations unit of the:
    (a) U.S.A. (b) Pakistani Fatah Movement (c) Israel (d) France

20. What is known as ‘Philosopher’s stone’?
    (a) Zinc oxide (b) Zinc sulphide (c) Zinc phosphate (d) Zinc chloride

21. Badrinath is on the banks of:
    (a) Kosi (b) Hugly (c) Padma (d) Sagar

22. Purusha Sukta is a part of:
    (a) Rig veda (b) Yajur veda (c) Sama veda (d) Atharva veda

23. Uttarakarmer inscription belongs to the period of:
    (a) Vijayalaya (b) Pratap Chola (c) Rajendra Chola (d) Parantaka I

24. — — — is the amount of water vapour in the air:
    (a) Density (b) Humidity (c) Salinity (d) Dust

25. Splenic fever is also known as:
    (a) Elephantiasis (b) Anthrapox (c) Dengue fever (d) Mad cow disease

Answers

1 (a) 2(b) 3 (c) 4 (b) 5(a) 6(a) 7(b) 8(a) 9(c) 10(d) 11(b) 12(b) 13(d) 14(b) 15(a) 16(c) 17(d) 18(d) 19(b) 20(a) 21(a) 22(a) 23(d) 24(b) 25(b)
Information Technology

1. The computer memory which is essentially empty is:
   (a) RAM (b) ROM (c) Floppy disk (d) Mouse
2. Paint brush belong to:
   (a) Accessories group (b) Application group (c) Main group (d) None of these
3. Which of the following is a high level language?
   (a) BASIC (b) ASSEMBLY (c) PASCAL (d) FORTRAN
4. Multiplication in computer is done by:
   (a) Reverse division (b) Repeated addition (c) Reverse subtraction (d) None of the above
5. Which of the following is a virus?
   (a) Worm (b) Trojan horse (c) File Infector (d) All of these
6. Computer is a/an:
   (a) Mechanical device (b) Electrical device (c) Electronic device (d) None of these
7. Which of the following is the only language that a computer can understand?
   (a) High level language (b) Pseudocode (c) Machine language (d) Assembly language
8. What command prepares a disk for holding information?
   (a) Prepare disc (b) Copy disc (c) Disc copy (d) Format a disk
9. A computer virus is a software program which has essential ability to:
   (a) Clone itself (b) Damage programs (c) Hide itself (d) None of these
10. The heart of any computer is:
    (a) Memory (b) CPU (c) I/O Unit (d) Discs

11. A personal computer is designed to meet the computing needs of a(n):
    (a) Individual (b) Department (c) Company (d) City
12. Which of the following standards is followed in India?
    (a) IFIP (b) CCITT (c) ISO (d) ANSI
13. An association of several entities in an entry-relation model is called:
    (a) Tuple (b) Record (c) Relationship (d) Field
14. Which of the following is not a goal of computer network?
    (a) Resource sharing (b) Low reliability (c) Load sharing (d) To avoid physical movement
15. Hacker is a person:
    (a) Who spends hours at a computer and enjoys doing so (b) Who repairs a computer
    (c) Who designs the software which are threat to the system (d) None of these
16. Satellite to ground communication takes place through:
    (a) medium wave (b) short wave (c) microwave (d) optical signal
17. Signals that involve human communications are generally:
    (a) Digital (b) Analog (c) Either digital or analog (d) None of these
18. Spot the odd one amongst the following:
    (a) BASIC (b) WINDOWS (c) DOS (d) UNIX

In Indian Economy

1. The largest share holder (in percentage shareholding) of a nationalized bank is:
   (a) RBI (b) NABARD (c) Government of India (d) IBA
2. Who amongst the following is the regulator of Insurance sector in India?
   (a) RBI (b) AMFI (c) SEBI (d) IRDA
3. Which is the number one country in terms of Purchasing Power?
   (a) USA (b) Germany (c) China (d) South Korea
4. Which one of the following nations is considered to be the originator of the concept of micro finance?
   (a) India (b) Bangladesh (c) South Africa (d) Greece
5. Repo rate is decided by which one of the following organizations?
   (a) SEBI (b) IMF (c) All banks (d) RBI
6. The rate of interest on Term Deposits in Banks is stipulated by which of the following?
   (a) RBI (b) Government of India (c) Indian Bank Association (d) Individual banks themselves
7. Which one of the following cannot be seen in financial newspapers?
   (a) Bank rate (b) Repo rate (c) Pulse rate (d) Cash reserve ratio
8. The term ‘demographic gap’ signifies the difference:
   (a) in sex ratio (b) in age (c) in child/woman ratio (d) between the birth and death ratio
9. Disinvestment in Public Sector is called:
   (a) Liberalisation (b) Globalisation (c) Industrialisation (d) Privatisation
10. An individual’s actual standard of living can be assessed by:
    (a) Gross National Income (b) Net National Income
    (c) Disposable Personal Income (d) Per Capita Income
11. Which one of the following is a term used in finance and referred to?
    (a) Gresham’s Law (b) Smith’s Law (c) Malthus Law (d) None of these
12. GNP of which country is included in:
    (a) Per capita income (b) National Income (c) Cost of living (d) Per capita production
13. In India the inflation is calculated on the basis of which of the following indexes?
    (a) Wholesale Price Index(WPI) (b) Consumer Price Index(CPI) (c) Cash Reserve Ratio
    (d) Sensitive Index of Bombay Stock Exchange
14. A class that inherits a base class containing virtual parts(c) Symbol (d) Language
15. The data is collected by which one of the following?
    (a) SIM (b) PIN (c) Company (d) City
16. Messages are transmitted in a computer network through:
    (a) Circuit switching (b) Message switching (c) Packet switching (d) Multiplexing
17. A large sized network is termed as:
    (a) MAN (b) WAN (c) LAN (d) VAN
18. CPU gets the address of the next instruction to be processed from:
    (a) Instruction register (b) Memory address register(c) Index register (d) Program register
19. A boot strap is:
    (a) A memory device (b) A program to start up a computer
    (c) Hardware of computer used to check memory (d) An assembler

Answers

1 (c) 2(d) 3 (a) 4 (b) 5(d) 6(d) 7(c) 8(d) 9(a) 10(b) 11(a) 12(b) 13(c) 14(b) 15(c) 16(c) 17(b) 18(a) 19(c) 20(b) 21(d) 22(a) 23(c) 24(b) 25(b)

19. In India the inflation is calculated on the basis of which of the following indexes?
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   (d) Sensitive Index of Bombay Stock Exchange
20. The identifying number given to the income tax payers by the Department is:
    (a) SIM (b) PIN (c) Company (d) City
21. ICICI is the name of a:
    (a) News Bureau (b) Chemical Industry (c) Financial institution (d) Hospital
22. India changed over to the decimal system of coinage in:
    (a) April 1957 (b) April 1958 (c) April 1959 (d) April 1960
23. Depreciation means:
    (a) closure of a plant due to lock out (b) loss of equipment over time due to wear and tear
    (c) destruction of a plant in a fire accident (d) closure of a plant due to labour trouble
24. Which one of the following can be known by dividing national income by the size of the population?
    (a) Per capita income (b) Standard of living (c) Cost of living (d) Per capita production
25. The full form of ‘P.P.P.’ in financial world:
    (a) Purchasing Power Parity (b) Per capita potential power purchases
    (c) Present Purchasing Power (d) Popular Public Preferences

Answers

1 (b) 2(b) 3 (b) 4 (b) 5(d) 6(c) 7(c) 8(d) 9(a) 10(b) 11(a) 12(b) 13(c) 14(b) 15(c) 16(c) 17(b) 18(a) 19(c) 20(b) 21(d) 22(a) 23(c) 24(b) 25(b)
Sentinels of North East (2002).


Answers

One who takes delight in excessive cruelty

1226. In which part of the sentence is the mistake?
(a) A clemency petition/ (b) was sent/ (c) to the president/ (d) was a last retort.

1227. Find out the synonym of ‘Synopsis’:
(a) Anarchist (b) Nihilist (c) Agreement (d) Prominent

1228. I hope you succeed _____ your effort.
(a) in (b) on (c) from (d) with

1229. If she had taken a taxi, she _____ the station in time.
(a) would have been reached (b) would reach (c) had reached (d) would have reached

1230. The synonym of ‘expiry’ is:
(a) Pollute (b) Take away (c) Exonerate (d) Exhumate

1231. Happy is the man ___ has few needs.
(a) where (b) who (c) that (d) which

1232. The opposite of the word ‘Bestow’ is:
(a) Liberate (b) Recluse (c) Exonerate (d) Exhumate

1233. Mothers are always worried ____ their children.
(a) with (b) about (c) upon (d) from

1234. As the festival approaches, the number of customers ____.
(a) increases (b) is increasing (c) will be increased (d) will have increased

1235. Which means ‘the order of relations being reversed’:
(a) for (b) to (c) in (d) on

1236. It is half past four ___ my watch.
(a) for (b) by (c) on (d) at

1237. Choose the word opposite in meaning to ‘IGNOBLE’:
(a) Pious (b) Sophisticated (c) Gentle (d) Noble

1238. As the festival approaches, the number of customers ____.
(a) increases (b) is increasing (c) will be increased (d) will have increased

1239. The past participle of ‘Hit’:
(a) Hit (b) Hitted (c) Hat (d) Hitten

1240. I have an aversion ____ visiting towns.
(a) for (b) to (c) by (d) on

1241. The meaning of ‘Salient’:
(a) Agreement (b) Prominent (c) Primitive (d) Unimportant

1242. One who takes delight in excessive cruelty:
(a) Anarchist (b) Nihilist (c) Sadist (d) Sophist

1243. There was opposition to the new policy by the rank and file of the Government (Choose the one which best expresses the meaning of the underlined phrase/diom):
(a) The official machinery (b) The ordinary members (c) The majority (d) The cabinet members

1244. Choose the correct spelling:
(a) Equanimity (b) Equanimity (c) Equeueamity (d) Equanimity

1245. The word opposite in meaning to ‘VIGILANT’:
(a) Ignorant (b) Innocent (c) Irresponsible (d) Careless

1246. Let’s make ____ our quarrel and be friends again.
(a) up (b) to (c) of (d) with

1247. The meaning of ‘SUPERANNUATED’:
(a) Experienced (b) Accepted (c) Retired (d) Senior

1248. The sound made by clocks:
(a) Thunder (b) Tick (c) Jingle (d) Rattle

1249. Some public men ____ are corrupt should be exposed.
(a) who (b) which (c) whose (d) those

1250. Which sentence is incorrect?
(a) has (b) could (c) has been (d) will

1251. Rice and fish ____ my favourite dish.
(a) makes (b) make (c) are made (d) None of these

1252. The wounded soldiers were ____ by their comrades.
(a) thrown (b) evacuated (c) excavated (d) appalled

1253. He ____ for the past four hours.
(a) has been writing (b) was writing (c) have known (d) is known

1254. We have been friends for ages. I ____ her since we were children.
(a) am knowing (b) are known (c) have known (d) is known

1255. ‘Barbarity’ means:
(a) Uncivilized state (b) Absence of culture (c) Absence of civilization (d) Cruelty

1256. The idiom ‘lose heart’ means:
(a) break one’s heart (b) lose hope (c) fall in love (d) weep

1257. Admitting a person to the citizenship of a state to which
(a) for (b) to (c) on (d) at

1258. Close the window, ____?
(a) in (b) on (c) up (d) to

1259. You are placed under suspension until ____ orders.
(a) further (b) future (c) further (d) next

1260. Har’s house is bigger than ____
(a) my (b) their (c) our (d) yours

1261. I met a lot of people ____ my stay in New York.
(a) at (b) by (c) during (d) till

1262. Substance that prevents putrefaction:
(a) Antidote (b) Antiseptic (c) Antonym (d) Anaemic

1263. I dislike ____ to my house.
(a) his coming (b) he coming (c) him coming (d) None of these

1264. He ____ reply to your letter as soon as possible.
(a) has (b) could (c) has been (d) will

1265. When I opened the envelope, I was delighted to find a cheque ____ Rs.1000.
(a) by (b) at (c) in (d) for

1266. The meaning of ‘Creditable’:
(a) Believable (b) Borrow money (c) Praise-worthy (d) Insolvent

1267. ‘Proximate’ means:
(a) whose (b) those (c) on (d) at

1268. I went to the Dentist ____ a checkup.
(a) to (b) for (c) by (d) at

1269. Every dog has its ____
(a) food (b) kennel (c) day (d) enemy

1270. Why is that man standing ____ the door?
(a) in (b) on (c) above (d) at

1271. Choose the correctly spelt word:
(a) Milege (b) Damege (c) Logatious (d) Nefarious

1272. He ____ for the past four hours.
(a) is writing (b) has been writing (c) have been writing (d) was writing

1273. Choose the word opposite in meaning to the word ‘GRACEFUL’:
(a) Rough (b) Expert (c) Miserable (d) Awkward

1274. The nurses wanted better pay so they decided to go ____ strike.
(a) at (b) in (c) on (d) by

1275. ‘Proximate’ means:
(a) Jest (b) Zest (c) Jealous (d) Near

1276. Let’s make ____ our quarrel and be friends again.
(a) up (b) to (c) of (d) with

1277. We are friends for ages. I ____ her since we were children.
(a) am knowing (b) are known (c) have known (d) is known

1278. The wounded soldiers were ____ by their comrades.
(a) thrown (b) evacuated (c) excavated (d) appalled

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Answers
1226(d) 1227(c) 1228(a) 1229(d) 1230(a) 1231(b) 1232(d)
1233(c) 1234(b) 1235(a) 1236(d) 1237(a) 1238(a) 1239(a)
1240(b) 1241(c) 1242(b) 1243(b) 1244(a) 1245(d) 1246(a)
1247(c) 1248(b) 1249(a) 1250(c) 1251(a) 1252(b) 1253(a)
1254(c) 1255(d) 1256(b) 1257(c) 1258(d) 1259(c) 1260(d)
1261(b) 1262(a) 1263(d) 1264(b) 1265(c) 1266(a) 1267(a)
1268(b) 1269(c) 1270(d) 1271(d) 1272(b) 1273(d) 1274(c) 1275(d)
General Knowledge Practice Questions

1. The first vice president of U.S.A.: (a) Thomas Jefferson (b) James Madison (c) John Adams (d) George Washington

2. Lolitha is written by: (a) Maxim Gorky (b) Leo Tolstoy (c) Ivan Turgenev (d) Vladimir Nabokov

3. Monosite is the ore of: (a) Aluminium (b) Titanium (c) Manganese (d) Thorium

4. Who issued the first ever long inscription in chaste Sanskrit? (a) Gondophernes (b) Kadphises (c) Kanishka (d) Harsha

5. Who was called ‘Robert Clive’s jackal’? (a) Mir Qasim (b) Siraj-ud-Daula (c) Mir Jafar (d) Warren Hastings

6. The Roman ruler who adopted the title ‘Augustus’: (a) Octavian (b) Diocletian (c) Lepidus (d) Mark Antony

7. The motto ‘Valour and Wisdom’ is related to: (a) Indian Army (b) National Defence Academy (c) Indian Military Academy (d) Indian Military Academy

8. The Governor General who destroyed the Firdausis: (a) Hastings (b) Dalhousie (c) William Bentick (d) Warren Hastings

9. Who was Robespierre? (a) Victor Hugo (b) Ian Flemming (c) William Chasten (d) None of these

10. The Chairman of the Public Accounts Committee is normally: (a) Finance Minister (b) Speaker (c) Chief Minister (d) Leader of the Opposition

11. The place which was the bone of contention between Pala and Pratihara dynasties: (a) Patna (b) Kanaup (c) Amaravati (d) Vidishha

12. The Indus valley site Sutkagender is in: (a) Gujarat (b) Shahkot (c) Pakistan (d) Malaysia

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14. Victoria Falls is in the river: (a) Nile (b) Zambezi (c) Amazon (d) Congo

15. The Parthian ruler when St. Thomas came to India: (a) Gondophernes (b) Kadphises (c) Rudradama (d) Kanishka

16. Who created the character ‘Frankenstein’? (a) Victor Hugo (b) Jan Flemming (c) Lewis Caroll (d) Mary Shelly

17. Annie Besant was born in: (a) U.S.A. (b) France (c) Britain (d) India

18. The Roman ruler who adopted the title ‘Augustus’: (a) Diocletian (b) Octavian (c) Lepidus (d) Mark Antony

19. ‘Palm Friday’ is celebrated by: (a) Jews (b) Muslims (c) Christians (d) Hindus

20. Takla Makan is a desert in: (a) China (b) South Korea (c) Mongolia (d) Korea

21. William one can see ‘Amar Javan Jyothi’: (a) Red Fort (b) Gateway of India (c) Mysore (d) Madras

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25. The founder of Guomintang party: (a) Mao Zedong (b) Sun Yat Sen (c) Chiang Kai Shik (d) Deng Xio Ping

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29. Monosite is the ore of: (a) Aluminium (b) Titanium (c) Manganese (d) Thorium

30. The school founded by Aristotle: (a) Museum (b) Lyceum (c) Academy (d) None of these

31. The Election Commission in India is constituted in: (a) every six years (b) every five years (c) every ten years (d) It is a permanent Constitutional body

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39. Who wrote ‘Gift to Monotheists’: (a) Mahatma Gandhi (b) Raja Ram Mohun Roy (c) Annie Besant (d) Bhagat Singh

40. The most populous island in India: (a) Majuli (b) Kavarati (c) Salsette (d) Middle Andaman

41. The Indus valley site Sutkagender is in: (a) Gujarat (b) Shahkot (c) Pakistan (d) Malaysia

42. Victoria Falls is in the river: (a) Nile (b) Zambezi (c) Amazon (d) Congo

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45. The Deputy Prime Minister in India usually holds key portfolios like: (a) Home, Finance (b) External Affairs, Education (c) Education, Defence (d) Industry, Railway

46. India’s external intelligence agency: (a) Intelligence Bureau (b) Research and Analysis Wing (c) C.B.I. (d) N.S.G.

47. Who among the following Governor Generals was impeached by the British Parliament? (a) Dalhousie (b) William Bentick (c) Warren Hastings (d) Hastings

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49. P.G.Vodehouse created the character: (a) Dutch painter (b) French revolutionary leader (c) English novelist (d) None of these

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Answers

1. (b) India

2. (b) Dispur

3. (c) India Gate

4. (a) Mahatma Gandhi

5. (a) Red Fort

6. (b) Raja Ram Mohun Roy

7. (a) William Bentick

8. (b) Scotland

9. (a) Russia

10. (c) St. Mark’s Basilica

11. (b) William Bentick

12. (c) Kanishka

13. (a) Naples

14. (a) India

15. (b) Scotland

16. (b) Scotland

17. (b) Scotland

18. (b) Scotland

19. (b) Scotland

20. (b) Scotland

21. (b) Scotland

22. (b) Scotland

23. (b) Scotland

24. (b) Scotland

25. (b) Scotland

26. (b) Scotland

27. (b) Scotland

28. (b) Scotland

29. (b) Scotland

30. (b) Scotland

31. (b) Scotland

32. (b) Scotland

33. (b) Scotland

34. (b) Scotland

35. (b) Scotland

36. (b) Scotland

37. (b) Scotland

38. (b) Scotland

39. (b) Scotland

40. (b) Scotland

41. (b) Scotland

42. (b) Scotland

43. (b) Scotland

44. (b) Scotland

45. (b) Scotland

46. (b) Scotland

47. (b) Scotland

48. (b) Scotland

49. (b) Scotland

50. (b) Scotland

51. (b) Scotland

52. (b) Scotland

53. (b) Scotland

54. (b) Scotland

55. (b) Scotland

56. (b) Scotland

57. (b) Scotland

58. (b) Scotland

59. (b) Scotland

60. (b) Scotland

61. (b) Scotland

62. (b) Scotland

63. (b) Scotland

64. (b) Scotland

65. (b) Scotland

66. (b) Scotland

67. (b) Scotland

68. (b) Scotland

69. (b) Scotland

70. (b) Scotland

71. (b) Scotland

72. (b) Scotland

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75. (b) Scotland

76. (b) Scotland

77. (b) Scotland

78. (b) Scotland

79. (b) Scotland

80. (b) Scotland

81. (b) Scotland

82. (b) Scotland

83. (b) Scotland

84. (b) Scotland

85. (b) Scotland

86. (b) Scotland

87. (b) Scotland

88. (b) Scotland

89. (b) Scotland

90. (b) Scotland

91. (b) Scotland

92. (b) Scotland

93. (b) Scotland

94. (b) Scotland

95. (b) Scotland

96. (b) Scotland

97. (b) Scotland

98. (b) Scotland

99. (b) Scotland

100. (b) Scotland
1. Sheffield in England is famous for:
   (a) Glass  (b) Wine  (c) Paper  (d) Cuthery

2. The word ‘Citius’ in the motto of the Olympics ‘Citius, Altius, Fortius’ means:
   (a) Stronger  (b) Faster  (c) Higher  (d) None of these

3. The first Asian city to host Olympics:
   (a) Seoul  (b) Tokyo  (c) Beijing  (d) Bangkok

4. Which one of the following is not part of Great Britain:
   (a) England  (b) Scotland  (c) Wales  (d) Northern Ireland

5. Puerto Rico trench is the deepest part of:
   (a) Indian Ocean  (b) Atlantic Ocean  (c) Pacific Ocean  (d) Arctic Ocean

6. The term denotes Japanese warrior:
   (a) Ikabana  (b) Bonsai  (c) Samurai  (d) Hikashuka

7. The king of England who fled to France during the Glorious Revolution of 1688:
   (a) James II  (b) Charles II  (c) Charles I  (d) George I

8. Albert Einstein published the Special Theory of Relativity in:
   (a) 1905  (b) 1915  (c) 1921  (d) 1919

9. Zhonghua Renmin Gongheguo is the national name of:
   (a) Myanmar  (b) Bhutan  (c) China  (d) Japan

10. Bernama is the news agency of:
    (a) Russia  (b) Malaysia  (c) Japan  (d) Afghanistan

11. John F. Kennedy was assassinated by Lee Harvey Oswald in:
    (a) 1964  (b) 1963  (c) 1961  (d) 1962

12. Conventional safeguards against arbitrary dismissal of a member of civil service are embodied in Article —— of the Constitution of India:
    (a) 333  (b) 331  (c) 311  (d) 366

13. Case of a person is determined by:
    (a) Birth  (b) Religion  (c) Nationality  (d) Nativity

14. The colour of Cockpit Voice Recorder:
    (a) Black  (b) Red  (c) Orange  (d) Blue

15. The leader who advocated the creation of Pakhtoonistan:
    (a) Rehmat Ali  (b) Muhammadali Jinnah  (c) Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan  (d) Maulana Azad

16. Mahaweli ganga is the longest river in:
    (a) Nepal  (b) Bhutan  (c) Myanmar  (d) Sri Lanka

17. The name of Hans Christian Orsted is associated with:
    (a) Electromagnetism  (b) Lighting conductor  (c) Nuclear Fusion  (d) Open Heart Surgery

18. Basra is a port in:
    (a) Iran  (b) Iraq  (c) Muscat  (d) Oman

19. The hill resort in Tamil Nadu where the Malayalee Temple is situated:
    (a) Yercaud  (b) Udagamandalam  (c) Kodakanal  (d) Coonoor

20. Who prepared the blue print of Indian Space Programme:
    (a) Dr.Raja Ramanna  (b) P.K.Sethna  (c) Dr.Vikram Sarabhai  (d) Homi Bhabha

21. To be appointed as the Advocate General of the State, the person should possess the qualifications necessary for appointment as:
    (a) A Judge of the High Court  (b) A Judge of the Supreme Court  (c) The Chief Minister of the State  (d) The Chief Secretary of the State

22. Whose last words are these—“Father, into thy hand I commend my spirit”?
    (a) Mahatma Gandhi  (b) Jesus Christ  (c) Gautama Buddha  (d) Vivekananda

23. Formal surrender of power and Privileges; renunciation of sovereignty is known as:
    (a) Whipp  (b) Abdication  (c) Extradition  (d) Plebiscite

24. The first council meeting of the League of Nations was held in:
    (a) Paris  (b) New York  (c) London  (d) San Francisco

25. Which one of the following is not defect or disease of the eye:
    (a) Squint  (b) Cataract  (c) Glaucoma  (d) Scurvy

Answers

1. (c) 2(c) 3(d) 4(c) 5(b) 6(b) 7(a) 8(a) 9(d) 10(b) 11(b) 12(c) 13(a) 14(c) 15(c) 16(d) 17(a) 18(b) 19(a) 20(c) 21(a) 22(b) 23(b) 24(a) 25(d)

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    (a) Squint  (b) Cataract  (c) Glaucoma  (d) Scurvy
10. Opos del Salado is a volcanic mountain in the continent of: (a) North America (b) South America (c) Europe (d) Asia

11. Which one of the following is the name of a shipping canal? (a) Kiel (b) Panama (c) Huron (d) Suez

12. Who was called 'Modern Pharoah'? (a) Napoleon Bonapart (b) Alexander the Great (c) Genghis Khan (d) Nadir Shah

13. In which year Czar Nicholas II of Russia was assassinated? (a) 1918 (b) 1919 (c) 1920 (d) 1917

14. In which continent major religion of all countries is Christianity? (a) South America (b) Europe (c) Africa (d) North America

15. Titular sovereign means: (a) A sovereign elected by parliament (b) A person who enjoys all the powers vested in him by the Constitution (c) A person who is vested with all the sovereign powers but the same is exercised by somebody else (d) A person who enjoys absolute power and is not accountable to anybody

16. John Maynard Keynes was a/an: (a) Scientist (b) Ecomomist (c) Mathematician (d) Poet

17. The continent in which major religion of all countries is Christianity? (a) South America (b) Europe (c) Africa (d) North America

18. The temple complex in the ruined city of Angkor Vat in Cambodia is devoted to: (a) Shiva (b) Brahma (c) Surya (d) Visnu

19. Barcelona is the chief port and commercial centre in: (a) France (b) Germany (c) Spain (d) Italy

20. Which viceroy of India had no left arm? (a) Wellesley (b) Lintilhgo (c) Irwin (d) William Bentick

21. Jesus Christ was crucified in: (a) Jerusalem (b) Bethlehem (c) Nazareth (d) Vatican

22. Who was called the father of separation of powers? (a) Montesque (b) Rousseau (c) John Locke (d) None of these

23. The heaviest rainfall is experienced in: (a) Equatorial regions (b) Polar region (c) Tethys region (d) None of these

24. Which one of the following is not the name of a shipping canal? (a) Kiel (b) Panama (c) Huron (d) Suez

25. Archipelago is a group of: (a) Mountains (b) Lakes (c) Islands (d) Rivers

Answers

1. Stratford -upon-Avon is the birth place of: (a) Sherlock Holmes (b) Shakespeare (c) Bernard Shaw (d) Winston Churchill

2. British Columbia is the part of: (a) United Kingdom (b) U.S.A. (c) Canada (d) Mexico

3. Who was called 'Modern Pharoah'?(a) Kamar Pasha (b) Nasser (c) Suharto (d) Marshal Tito

4. The Battle of Austerlitz was in: (a) 1805 (b) 1810 (c) 1812 (d) 1821

5. 'Ere' is the alternative name of: (a) Republic of Ireland (b) England (c) Germany (d) Italy

6. Nubian Desert is in: (a) North Africa (b) South Africa (c) West Africa (d) East Africa

7. How did Shelly die? (a) Drowned (b) Committed suicide (c) Murdered (d) Natural death

8. Sherlock Holmes first appeared in publication in: (a) 1887 (b) 1888 (c) 1900 (d) 1895

9. Who cut the "Gordian Knot"? (a) Napoleon Bonapart (b) Alexander the Great (c) Genghis Khan (d) Nadir Shah

10. Which is the most important crop in Nile delta? (a) Sugar cane (b) Millet (c) Cotton (d) Maize

11. Which organ of the body produces the largest quantity of enzymes? (a) Thyroid glands (b) Stomach (c) Liver (d) None of these

12. Which one of the following is a doubly landlocked country? (a) Mongolia (b) Kazakhstan (c) Uzbekistan (d) Switzerland

13. India belongs to the geographical area: (a) East Asia (b) South East Asia (c) Middle East (d) South Asia

14. In England constitutional monarchy was established: (a) 1689 (b) 1659 (c) 1679 (d) 1669

15. Flemish is a term used for the inhabitants of: (a) Belgium (b) New Zealand (c) Hungary (d) Japan

16. The smallest landlocked country in the world: (a) Vatican City (b) San Marino (c) Andorra (d) Lichtenstein

17. Who was Charu Majumdar? (a) Archaeologist (b) Founder of naxalite movement (c) Social reformer of 19th century (d) Hindustani vocalist

18. Who authored 'Beejak'? (a) Archaeologist (b) Founder of naxalite movement (c) Social reformer of 19th century (d) Hindustani vocalist

19. The bird which uses its wings as paddles for swimming: (a) Emu (b) Eagle (c) Bicameral legislature (d) The role of prime minister

20. The upland flow of air that has been heated by contact of: (a) System of Judicial Review (b) System of collective responsibility (c) Bicameral legislature (d) The role of prime minister

21. The extreme end of land mass that juts out into sea: (a) Strait (b) Cape (c) Litorus (d) Canyon

22. The amount of urine excreted by an ordinary man is 24 hours is close to: (a) 3.0 litres (b) 1.5 litres (c) 5.0 litres (d) 2.5 litres

23. Approximately ——— of the world countries are landlocked. (a) one fourth (b) one sixth (c) one third (d) one fifth

24. The year of burning of Joan of Arc at stake: (a) 1431 (b) 1435 (c) 1453 (d) 1492

25. Archipelago is a group of: (a) Islands (b) Rivers (c) Lakes (d) Mountains

Answers

1. Nebuchadnezzar who built the Hanging Gardens was the ruler of: (a) Babylony (b) Persia (c) China (d) Mongolia

2. Pharylogy is the science of: (a) Light house construction (b) Bridge construction (c) Museum construction (d) None of these

3. The tower that was built in 1154 A.D. (a) Collyseum (b) Leaning Tower of Pisa (c) Eiffel Tower (d) Sears Tower

4. The most well known painting in the world: (a) Sunflower (b) Last Supper (c) Last Judgement (d) Mona Lisa

5. The date inscribed on the Statue of Liberty: (a) July 4,1776 (b) July 4,1767 (c) July 4,1789 (d) July 14,1789

6. Balzac was a — novelist: (a) German (b) French (c) English (d) Russian

7. The largest religious structure in the world: (a) Golden Temple (b) Khajuraho (c) Srinangam Temple (d) Angkor Vat

8. In which city the Brandenberg Gate is situated: (a) London (b) Berlin (c) Paris (d) San Francisco

9. Don Stephen Senanayake is the father of the nation of: (a) Sri Lanka (b) Myanmar (c) Philippines (d) Vietnam

10. The heaviest rainfall is experienced in: (a) Mediterranean region (b) Temperate regions (c) Equatorial regions (d) Polar region

11. The longest canal in the world: (a) Volga Baltic (b) Bicameral legislature (c) Panama Canal (d) Grand China Canal

12. Asansol in West Bengal is famous for: (a) Petroleum (b) Coal mining (c) Dairy products (d) Rare earths

13. The Judges of Supreme Court can be removed by: (a) Law Minister (b) Prime Minister (c) Speaker (d) Parliament

14. The first king in a princely state of India to establish a Representative Assembly: (a) Sir Moolam Thirunal (b) Chamanjerdwa Wodeyar (c) Nizam of Hyderabad (d) Sir Chithira Thirunal

15. Who designed Prince of Wales Museum in Mumbai? (a) George Wettel (b) Henry Irwin (c) Herbert Baker (d) Robert Bristo

16. ITAR-TASS is the news agency: (a) Russia (b) Japan (c) Australia (d) U.S.A.

17. Big Ben was completed in: (a) 1859 (b) 1875 (c) 1900 (d) 1725

18. The country with the largest regular armed force in the world: (a) USA (b) China (c) Russia (d) India

19. The bird which uses its wings as paddles for swimming: (a) Penguin (b) Otter (c) Emu (d) Eagle
20. The concept of constitution was first originated in:
(a) Britain  
(b) USA  
(c) France  
(d) Canada

21. Who is known as ‘the father of Lok Sabha’?
(a) S.Radhakrishnan  
(b) Jawaharlal Nehru  
(c) V.G.Mavinkar  
(d) Dr.Amedkar

22. Lun Yu is one of the four books of:
(a) Buddhism  
(b) Janism  
(c) Taoism  
(d) Confucionism

23. Both the Houses of the British Parliament meet at:
(a) Buckingham Palace  
(b) Westminster Palace  
(c) St.James Palace  
(d) Palace of White Hall

24. Thomas Aquinas was a/an ........ philosopher:
(a) English  
(b) French  
(c) Dutch  
(d) Italian

25. Oasis is associated with:
(a) Glaciers  
(b) Deserts  
(c) Islands  
(d) Shore

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**Answers**

1. Which country has the national anthem with the oldest music?
(a) Japan  
(b) Denmark  
(c) Netherlands  
(d) USA

12. Dona Paula is a chief port in the state of:
(a) Orissa  
(b) Andhra Pradesh  
(c) Karnataka  
(d) Maharashtra

13. The district in Jammu and Kashmir 37,555 sq.km of which is under illegal occupation by China.
(a) Kargil  
(b) Poonch  
(c) Ladakh  
(d) Anantnag

14. The provision for the name, ‘Union of India’ was borrowed from the Constitution of:
(a) England  
(b) Australia  
(c) South Africa  
(d) Canada

15. The first congress leader to become the speaker of Kerala Legislative Assembly?
(a) D.Datar  
(b) R.K.Laxman  
(c) R.K.Narayanan  
(d) Raja Rao

8. India’s largest Mahayana Buddhist Monastery is Tawang Gompa. It is in the state of:
(a) Arunachal Pradesh  
(b) Sikkim  
(c) Manipur  
(d) Nagaland

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**Answers**

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(a) Arunachal Pradesh  
(b) Sikkim  
(c) Manipur  
(d) Nagaland

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**Answers**

1. Who among the following born first?
(a) Zoroaster  
(b) Lao Tse  
(c) Buddha  
(d) Mahavira

2. Burning of Rome was in:
(a) A.D.64  
(b) B.C.64  
(c) A.D.44  
(d) B.C.44

3. Who was the donor of heart in the first heart transplantation?
(a) Lewis Washansky  
(b) Denis Darval  
(c) Christian Bernard  
(d) Lillihel

4. Which one of the following is not one of them?
(a) Bodh Gaya  
(b) Saranath  
(c) Lumbini  
(d) None of these

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**Answers**

4. Which one of the following is not one of them?
(a) Bodh Gaya  
(b) Saranath  
(c) Lumbini  
(d) None of these

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**Answers**

9. Taxilla, the site of ancient university, is now in:
(a) Afghanistan  
(b) Pakistan  
(c) Nepal  
(d) India

10. The first Caliph of Islam:
(a) Abu Bakr  
(b) Umar  
(c) Uthman  
(d) Ali

11. The first memorial of a sati, found at Eran, is dated 510:
(a) BC  
(b) AD  
(c) CE  
(d) BCE

12. The Indian ruler who was known to the Greeks as ‘Amritocaches’:
(a) Chandragupta Maurya  
(b) Chandragupta Maurya  
(c) Bimbisara  
(d) Bindusara

13. Who among the following is an ancient source for the Maurya Period?
(a) Kadambari  
(b) Malavikagnimitram  
(c) Chandragupta Maurya  
(d) Pancharatnam

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**Answers**

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13. Who among the following is an ancient source for the Maurya Period?
(a) Kadambari  
(b) Malavikagnimitram  
(c) Chandragupta Maurya  
(d) Pancharatnam
1. The number of phases in the life cycle of butter fly:
(a) 6 (b) 5 (c) 4 (d) 3

2. The first indigenously built civilian aircraft built by India:
(a) Surya (b) Prithvi (c) Saras (d) Pokhran

3. Which country is completely surrounded by South Africa?
(a) Namibia (b) Botswana (c) Swaziland (d) Lesotho

4. Ramanuja was born in:
(a) Andhra Pradesh (b) Tamil Nadu (c) Kerala (d) Karnataka

5. The first person to get Padma Samshaya, Padma Bhushan and Padma Vibhushan was:
(a) C.K. Prakash (b) Kabir (c) Tagore (d) Mahatma Gandhi

6. The gas used for the artificial ripening of green fruits is:
(a) Carbonic acid (b) Formic acid (c) Acetic acid (d) Ethylene

7. The founder of Bhamasamaj:
(a) Rama Dasa (b) Aurobindo Ghosh (c) Swami Vivekananda (d) Jagadish Chandra Bose

8. The tennis court oath is related to the revolution in:
(a) China (b) Russia (c) France (d) Great Britain

9. The study of rivers:
(a) Potamology (b) Orology (c) Psephology (d) Hydrology

10. The significance of March 12, 1930 in Indian History:
(a) Beginning of Dandi March (b) Quit India Movement (c) Salt Satyagraha (d) Salt March

11. Father of the nation of Bangladesh:
(a) Nisar Hudda (b) Sheikh Mujibur Rahman (c) Syed Nazrul Islam (d) Ahsan Manzur

12. The Delhi Sultan who was known as ‘wisest fool’:
(a) Sikandar Lodi (b) Feroz Shah Tughlaq (c) Muhammad bin Tughlaq (d) Balban

13. The study of flags:
(a) Vexillology (b) Trichology (c) Socretes (d) Machiavel

14. The founder of Bhamasamaj:
(a) Raja Ram Mohan Roy (b) Atmaram Pandurang (c) Aurobindo Ghosh (d) Vivekananda

15. The acid present in soft drinks is:
(a) Acetone (Ethylene) (b) Carbon dioxide (c) Ethanol (d) Hydrogen

16. The Mughal painting reached its zenith during the reign of:
(a) Akbar (b) Jahangir (c) Shah Jehan (d) Aurangzeb

17. The second woman recipient of Bharat Ratna:
(a) Indira Gandhi (b) Mother Theresa (c) Aruna Asaf Ali (d) MS Subbaheshi

18. The significance of March 12, 1930 in Indian History:
(a) Beginning of Dandi March (b) First Round Table Conference (c) Martyrdom of Bhagat Singh (d) Simon Commission visited India

19. The study of rivers:
(a) Potamology (b) Ology (c) Peplomology (d) Hydrology

20. ‘The Tennis Court Oath’ is related to the revolution in:
(a) China (b) Russia (c) France (d) Great Britain

21. Which Article of the Constitution of India prohibits untouchability?
(a) 15 (b) 16 (c) 17 (d) 18

22. Which fruit is used for the artificial ripening of green fruits:
(a) Carbonic acid (b) Formic acid (c) Acetic acid (d) Ethylene

23. Who wrote ‘The Republic’:
(a) Plato (b) Aristotle (c) Socrates (d) Machiavel

24. Who has the power to dissolve the Lok Sabha:
(a) The Prime Minister (b) The President (c) The Speaker (d) The Chief Election Commissioner

25. Yakshagana is the dance form of:
(a) Karnataka (b) Tamil Nadu (c) Andhra Pradesh (d) Kerala

26. Which one of the following literally means ‘We command’:
(a) Satyajit Ray (b) Vibhuti Bhusan Bannerjee (c) Gums (d) Tongue

27. Which one of the following is not a venue of ‘Kumbhamela’:
(a) Haridwar (b) Nasis (c) Ujjain (d) Varanasi

28. The study of mountains:
(a) Geology (b) Meteorology (c) Hydrology (d) Archeology

29. Which country is completely surrounded by South Africa?
(a) Namibia (b) Botswana (c) Lesotho (d) Swaziland

30. The study of birds:
(a) Ornithology (b) Oology (c) Psephology (d) Hydrology

31. Who invaded India in 1398:
(a) Muhammad Ghori (b) Nadir Shah (c) Timur (d) Acetylene (Ethylene)

32. The study of fish:
(a) Ichthyology (b) Oology (c) Ichthyology (d) Hydrology

33. Which country was completely surrounded by South Africa?
(a) Namibia (b) Botswana (c) Swaziland (d) Lesotho

34. Whose birthday is celebrated as National Youth Day in India?
(a) Sankaranarayana (b) C.V. Raman (c) Srimakrishna Paramhansa (d) Vivekananda

35. Who wrote the novel ‘Pather Panchali’?
(a) Satyajit Ray (b) Bibhutibhusan Bannerjee (c) Tharasankar Bannerjee (d) Mahadevi Varma

36. The study of plants:
(a) Botany (b) Oology (c) Psephology (d) Hydrology

37. Who was the founder of Bhamasamaj?
(a) Raja Ram Mohan Roy (b) Atmaram Pandurang (c) Aurobindo Ghosh (d) Vivekananda

38. The study of animals:
(a) Zoology (b) Oology (c) Psephology (d) Hydrology

39. The study of languages:
(a) Phonology (b) Oology (c) Psephology (d) Hydrology

40. The study of light:
(a) Photograph (b) Oology (c) Psephology (d) Hydrology

41. Who wrote the novel ‘Pather Panchali’?
(a) Satyajit Ray (b) Bibhutibhusan Bannerjee (c) Tharasankar Bannerjee (d) Mahadevi Varma

42. Who has the power to dissolve the Lok Sabha:
(a) The Prime Minister (b) The President (c) The Speaker (d) The Chief Election Commissioner

43. The study of rivers:
(a) Potamology (b) Oology (c) Psephology (d) Hydrology

44. Which one of the following is not an Indian river?
(a) Ganges (b) Brahmaputra (c) Nile (d) Godavari

45. The study of fish:
(a) Ichthyology (b) Oology (c) Ichthyology (d) Hydrology

46. Which one of the following is not a venue of ‘Kumbhamela’?
(a) Haridwar (b) Nasis (c) Ujjain (d) Varanasi

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50. Which one of the following is not a venue of ‘Kumbhamela’?
(a) Haridwar (b) Nasis (c) Ujjain (d) Varanasi
Objective Current Affairs

1. Which day is declared as World Radio Day by UNESCO?
   (a) February 23  (b) February 22  (c) February 13  (d) None of these

2. Who heads the five-member commission to examine sub-categorisation of Other Backward Classes (OBCs)?
   (a) J.S.K.Thomas  (b) Vijay Kelkar  (c) Deepak Mishra  (d) G.Rohini

3. Who is the new Chairman of Central Academy of Letters:
   (a) Chandrasekhar Kambar  (b) Sachidanand  (c) Shampa Ghosh  (d) Krishna Sobti

4. With which country India made the Rafael aircraft deal?
   (a) China  (b) France  (c) USA  (d) None of these

5. The ruling party of Japan:
   (a) Liberal Democratic Party  (b) Constitutional Democratic Party  (c) Labour Party  (d) Peoples Party

6. The taml word which was recently included in Oxford Dictionary:
   (a) Abba  (b) Bacha  (c) Achcha  (d) Anna

7. The venue of the final of 2017 Asia Cup Hockey:
   (a) Dhaka  (b) Kathmandu  (c) Mumbai  (d) New Delhi

8. The venue of World Kerela Sabha held in 2018:
   (a) Kannur  (b) Thrivunamathanpuram  (c) Kozhikode  (d) New Delhi

9. Kerala has conducted the country’s first-ever transgender one-day athletic meet. The venue was:
   (a) Kannur  (b) Palakkad  (c) Thrivunamathanpuram  (d) Koshi

10. Name the political party of Shinoz Abe, Prime Minister of Japan:
    (a) Liberal Party  (b) Liberal Democratic Party  (c) Labour Party  (d) NLD

11. Who is the author of famous work Mitro Marajani?
    (c) Krishna Sobti  (d) Sangha Ghosh

12. In which African nation Ellen Johnson Sirleaf was voted out of power recently:
    (a) Uganda  (b) New York  (c) London  (d) Geneva

13. In which district is Sreekrishnapuram which bagged the one-day athletic meet. The venue was:
    (a) Kannur  (b) Palakkad  (c) Thrivunamathanpuram  (d) Koshi

14. Name the film that made malayalam actress parvati eligible for the Rajai Kanai in the Film Festival held at Goa:
    (a) Take off  (b) Note Book  (c) Grandmaster  (d) Bangalore Days

15. Surabhi Lakshmi got the national award for best actress for her performance in the film:
    (a) Kanal  (b) Minnamun  (c) Take off  (d) Oral masthram

16. The first country in the world to launch virtual currency:
    (a) Brazil  (b) Venezuela  (c) USA  (d) China

17. The first Indian woman pilot fighter pilot to fly solo:
    (a) Avani Chaturvedi  (b) Suardamini Deshmuk  (c) Junko Tabei  (d) None of these

18. The heads of states of the members of which organisation was the chief guest of the 2018 Republic Day celebrations of India?
    (a) ASEAN  (b) SAARC  (c) G-8  (d) None of these

19. National Centre for Combustion Research and Development (NCCRD) was inaugurated at:
    (a) New Delhi  (b) Chennai  (c) Hyderabad  (d) Mumbai

20. PSLV C-37 was launched from:
    (a) Pokhran  (b) Chandipur  (c) Shrihankaota  (d) None of these

21. The first states to implement the direction of NITI Ayog to begin the financial year on 1st January every year:
    (a) Madhya Pradesh and Jharkhand  (b) Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh  (c) Uttar Pradesh and Chhattisgarh  (d) Kamataka and Sikkim

22. The International Day for Disaster Reduction (IDDR) is observed every year on........to promote a global culture of risk-awareness and disaster reduction:
    (a) October 25  (b) October 20  (c) October 13  (d) October 11

23. The nationality of George Saunders, the winner of 2017 Man Booker Prize:
    (a) France  (b) Italy  (c) Germany  (d) USA

24. The World Standards Day is observed every year on ............ across the globe to mark the development of voluntary engineering and scientific standard:
    (a) October 10  (b) October 14  (c) October 22  (d) October 8

25. Audrey Azoulay who was elected as the new Director General of UNESCO – the UN’s education, science and culture agency, was the former culture minister of:
    (a) Germany  (b) Italy  (c) UK  (d) France

26. In which Assemby constituency of Kerala by-election was conducted in 2017 October:
    (a) Vengara  (b) Neyyatinkara  (c) Vamanapuram  (d) Kozhikode

27. In which country is Mount Agung:
    (a) Japan  (b) Indonesia  (c) China  (d) Thailand

28. India ranked ....... position among 119 countries on Global Hunger Index (GHI) 2017 report released by Washington-based International Food Policy Research:
    (a) 99th  (b) 89th  (c) 100th  (d) 111th

29. India’s first major warship to have a superstructure of carbon fibre composite material:
    (a) INS Brahmaputra  (b) INS Kalvari  (c) INS Vikramaditya  (d) INS Kilkan

30. India’s first sewage treatment plant (STP) under Hybrid Annuity Mode will come up in:
    (a) INS Vikramaditya  (b) INS Kiltan  (c) INS Brahmaputra  (d) INS Kalvari

31. International Day for eradication of Poverty is observed on:
    (a) October 10  (b) October 11  (c) October 17  (d) October 18

32. International Day of Rural Women was observed on:
    (a) October 16  (b) October 19  (c) October 22  (d) October 8

33. In which country was Sibir, the world’s largest nuclear-powered icebreaker ship:
    (a) Japan  (b) Pakistan  (c) China  (d) Singapore

34. In which subject Jeffrey C. Hall, Michael Rosbash and Michael W. Young were given Nobel Prize in 2017:
    (a) Physics  (b) Medicine  (c) Economics  (d) Chemistry

35. Which temple in Tamil Nadu was adjudged as the cleanest temple in the Film Festival held at Goa:
    (a) Madurai Meenakshi  (b) Rameswaram  (c) Srirangam  (d) Chidambaram

36. Who authored the novel “Lincoln in the Bardo”?
    (a) Salman Rushdie  (b) George Saunders  (c) Jhumpa Lahiri  (d) None of these

37. Who won the 30th India Gandhi Award for National Integration for 2015 -16?
    (a) Ranganathanandha  (b) Krishna Sobti  (c) T.M.Krishna  (d) Sachin Tendulkar

38. Which temple in Tamil Nadu was adjudged as the cleanest temple in the Film Festival held at Goa:
    (a) Madurai Meenakshi  (b) Rameswaram  (c) Srirangam  (d) Chidambaram

39. In which Indian state Banwarilal Purohit was sworn in as 23th Governor:
    (a) Sikkim  (b) Telengana  (c) Tamil Nadu  (d) Odisha

40. Which temple in Tamil Nadu was adjudged as the cleanest temple in the Film Festival held at Goa:
    (a) Madurai Meenakshi  (b) Rameswaram  (c) Srirangam  (d) Chidambaram

41. Which country launched fourth Michibiki satellite for Hi- tec GPS?
    (a) Japan  (b) Pakistan  (c) China  (d) Singapore

42. Which country launched Sibir, the world’s largest nuclear- powered icebreaker ship:
    (a) Britain  (b) USA  (c) China  (d) Russia

43. Which country launched fourteenth Chandrayaan satellite for ISRO?
    (a) Japan  (b) Pakistan  (c) China  (d) Singapore

44. Which became first state in the country to incorporate skill development programme in higher education?
    (a) Maharashtra  (b) Rajasthan  (c) Sikkim  (d) Telengana

45. Which country launched first four Michibiki satellite for Hi- tec GPS?
    (a) Japan  (b) Pakistan  (c) China  (d) Singapore

46. Which country launched Sibir, the world’s largest nuclear- powered icebreaker ship:
    (a) Britain  (b) USA  (c) China  (d) Russia

47. Which port is named after Deen Dayal Upadhyaya?
    (a) Kandla  (b) Tuticorin  (c) Port Blair  (d) Kolkata

48. Which temple in Tamil Nadu was adjudged as the cleanest temple in the Film Festival held at Goa:
    (a) Madurai Meenakshi  (b) Rameswaram  (c) Srirangam  (d) Chidambaram

49. Who was appointed the new Chairman of the Film and Television Institute of India (FTII), Pune?
    (a) Gajendra Chauhan  (b) Anupam Kher  (c) Satruhash Sinha  (d) Shyam Benegal

50. Who was awarded 2017 Von Hoyer Award, the highest international prize in materials research?
    (a) Prof. Jagdish Mukhi  (b) Prof UR Rao  (c) Prof C.N.R.Rao  (d) None of these
1. Catalonia which demands independence is a part of: 
(a) France   (b) Spain
(c) Germany  (d) Italy
2. Where is All India Institute of Ayurveda? 
(a) Rishikesh (b) Lucknow
(c) Hyderabad (d) New Delhi
3. In which subject the Royal Swedish Academy of Sciences has selected three American scientists Rainer Weiss, Barry C. Barish and Kip S. Thorne for 2017 Nobel Prize? 
(a) Economics (b) Peace
(c) Physics (d) None of these
4. Prof. Jagdish Mukhi is the new Governor of: 
(a) Arunachal Pradesh (b) Meghalaya
(c) Assam (d) Tamil Nadu
5. Satya Pal Malik is the new Governor of: 
(a) Maharashtra   (b) Bihar
(c) Meghalaya (d) Arunachal Pradesh
6. The International Day of Older Persons (IDOP) is observed every year on: 
(a) October 1 (b) October 2
(c) October 3 (d) October 4
7. The International Day of the Girl Child is observed on: 
(a) September 27 (b) September 20
(c) September 10 (d) September 30
8. The International Translation Day was observed by United Nations for first time on: 
(a) September 27 (b) September 20
(c) September 10 (d) September 30
9. The new chairman of State Bank of India: 
(a) Rajnish Kumar (b) Vinod Rai
(c) Ganga Prasad (d) None of these
10. Whose birth day is celebrated as National Ayurveda Day? 
(a) Charaka (b) Susrutha
(c) Dhanwanthari (d) Atreya
11. Who among the following won the latest Vayalar Award? 
(a) KR Meera (b) Subhash Chandran
(c) T.D. Ramakrishnan (d) T.S. Madhavan
12. Who got the latest Padmaprabha Puraskaram? 
(a) T.D. Ramakrishnan (b) MK Sanu
(c) Subhash Chandran (d) Prabha Varma
13. Who got the first Khasak Novel Puraskaram by OV Vijayan Foundation? 
(a) TD Ramakrishnan (b) KV Mohan Kumar
(c) Subhash Chandran (d) KR Meera
14. The first women to get DGP rank in Kerala Police: 
(a) R.Sreelekha (b) B.Sandhya
(c) Lathika Saran (d) None of these
15. The capital of Catalonia: 
(a) Madrid (b) Berlin
(c) Barcelona (d) Frankfurt
16. Which country lifted the 2017 Asia Cup Hockey? 
(a) Malaysia (b) Bangladesh
(c) Maldives (d) India
17. Bandhan Express started in 2017 November connects India and: 
(a) Bangladesh (b) Pakistan
(c) Nepal (d) Bhutan
18. World Osteoporosis day is observed on: 
(a) October 20 (b) October 22
(c) October 24 (d) October 30
19. 2018 is celebrated as the National Year of: 
(a) Millets (b) Rice
(c) Wheat (d) Mustard
20. In which country Sebastian Pinera was reelected as the president? 
(a) Cuba (b) Chile
(c) Brazil (d) Argentina
21. In which language Krishna Sobti, the winner of Gyanpeeth, made her literary contributions? 
(a) Hindi (b) Kashmiri
(c) Bengali (d) Kannada
22. Mary Kom won the Asian Women’s Boxing Championships in Light Flyweight (48 kg) category. The match was held in: 
(a) Shanghai (b) Hochiminh City
(c) Hanoi (d) Singapore
23. Name the actress who acted as the heroine in the controversial film ‘Padmavat’? 
24. Name the author of the book ‘Lincoln in the Bardo’? 
(a) George Sanders (b) Salman Rushdie
(c) Arundathy Roy (d) None of these
25. Party of Hope is an opposition party in: 
(a) Maldives (b) Japan
(c) Sri Lanka (d) Pakistan
26. The country which repealed its membership from the International Criminal Court (ICC): 
(a) Ghana (b) Spain
(c) Burundi (d) Egypt
27. The first robot in the world to get citizenship: 
(a) Amanova (b) Mike
(c) Sofie (d) Sache
28. The indigenous designed and developed long range sub-sonic cruise missile that was fired from test range at Chandipur, Odisha recently: 
(a) Nirbhay (b) Surya
(c) Agni (d) None if these
29. The president of Kerala Sahitya Academy: 
(a) Sachidanandan (b) Prabha Varma
(c) Dr.M.Leelavati (d) Vaikashan
30. The prize money of the latest Gyan Peeth Award: 
(a) 11 lakh (b) 12 lakh
(c) 5 lakh (d) 9 lakh
31. Which country was defeated in the finals of 2017 Asia Cup Hockey? 
(a) India (b) Malaysia
(c) Pakistan (d) China
32. Who is the author of ‘Daivathinte Pustakam’ which got the Award of Kendra Sahitya Academy? 
(a) T.D.Ramakrishnan (b) K.P .Ramanunni
(c) Js.Antony Dominique (d) K.T.Koshi
33. The height of the Statue of Unity: 
(a) 182 m (b) 151 m
(c) 178 m (d) None of these
34. The nationality of Asma Jahangir, famous human rights activist who passed away recently: 
(a) Bangladesh (b) Pakistan
(c) Iran (d) Iraq
35. “Mitra Shakti 2017” was held Aurdh Militury Station in Pune, Maharashtra. It was a joint military training exercise between India and: 
(a) Sri Lanka (b) Maldives
(c) Bhutan (d) Nepal
36. Cyril Ramaphosa is the new president of: 
(a) Ukraine (b) South Africa
(c) Egypt (d) None of these
37. First Indian woman martyr who was beatiﬁed: 
(a) Maria Rani (b) Exuppressiamma
(c) Sister Alphonsa (d) None of these
38. In 2017, National Ayurveda Day was observed on: 
(a) October 17 (b) October 7
(c) October 27 (d) None of these
39. In which state is the Surjwan army camp which was attacked by militants recently? 
(a) Punjab (b) Rajasthan
(c) Gujarat (d) Jammu and Kashmir
40. In which subject KAzuo Ishiguro won Nobel Prize in 2017? 
(a) Physics (b) Literature
(c) Chemistry (d) None of these
41. Name the Indian who won the 2017 Von Hippel Award, the highest international Prize in materials research? 
(a) CNR Rao (b) UR Rao
(c) Kathur Rangan (d) None of these
42. Name the Minister for Culture in Kerala: 
(a) M.A.Baby (b) A.K.Balan
(c) Thomas Isac (d) None of these
43. The first country in the world to grant citizenship to robot: 
(a) USA (b) Saudi Arabia
(c) Japan (d) None of these
44. The first lady super star of Bollywood who passed away recently: 
(a) Narghese (b) Sreedevi
(c) Rekha (d) None of these
45. The nationality of Richard H. Thaler who has won 2017 Nobel Prize in Economics for his contributions to behavioural economics: 
(a) Sweden (b) Norway
(c) U.S.A. (d) None of these
46. The new chief justice of Kerala High Court: 
(a) JA.Tony Dominique (b) K.T.Koshi
(c) J.S.Deepak Mishra (d) None of these
47. The oldest to secure world number one in Lawn Tennis: 
(a) Roger Federer (b) Andre Agassi
(c) Rafael Nadal (d) None of these
48. The richest city in India: 
(a) Kolkata (b) Hyderabad
(c) Mumbai (d) Chennai
49. The venue of World Economic Forum 2018: 
(a) London (b) Zurich
(c) New York (d) Davos
50. Which constituency is represented by P.Sreeramakrishnan, the current speaker, in Kerala Legislative Assembly: 
(a) Ponnani (b) Iringalakkuda
(c) Kannur (d) None of these

Answers

1 (b) 2 (d) 3 (c) 4 (b) 5 (a) 6 (d) 7 (a) 8 (c) 9 (b) 10 (c) 11 (c) 12 (d) 13 (c) 14 (d) 15 (b) 16 (b) 17 (a) 18 (b) 19 (b) 20 (b) 21 (d) 22 (b) 23 (b) 24 (a) 25 (c) 26 (a) 27 (b) 28 (b) 29 (a) 30 (c) 31 (b) 32 (b) 33 (a) 34 (b) 35 (a) 36 (b) 37 (a) 38 (a) 39 (d) 40 (b) 41 (a) 42 (b) 43 (b) 44 (c) 45 (a) 46 (c) 47 (a) 48 (c) 49 (d) 50 (a)