102/2016

Maximum: 100 marks

Time: 1 hour and 15 minutes

1.		f determining and representing the rface of the earth:	ne relative l	neights or elevations of different points
	(A)	levelling	(B)	surveying
	(C)	traversing	(D)	balancing
2.	Which sca	ale is used to read three dimension	ns?	
	(A)	Plane scale	(B)	Diagonal scale
	(C)	Comparative scale	(D)	Full scale
3.	The main	principle of surveying is two work	k form :	
	(A)	lower level to higher level	(B)	higher level to lower level
	(C)	whole to part	, (D)	part to whole
4.	The longe	est chain line in chain surveying is	called:	
	(A)	Base line	(B)	Check line
	(C)	Tie line	(D)	Traverse line
5.	Line De d	- tape is used for the work of the	highest pre	cession.
	(A)	Cloth tape	(B)	Metallic tape
	(C)	Linen tape	(D)	Invar tape
6.		– is used for enlargement and red	uction of pl	ans.
	(A)	Planimeter	(B)	Clinometer
	(C)	Pentagraph	(D)	Lithograph
7.	In Survey	or's compass zero degree is mark	ed at ——	—— end.
	(A)	North	(B)	South
	(C)	North and South	(D)	East and West
8.	In an opt	ical square the two mirrors are pla	aced at an a	angle of:
	(A)	25°	(B)	35°
	(C)	45°	(D)	55°

9. The inclination of the magnetic needle with horizontal is known as:			is known as:	
	(A)	Dip	(B)	Declination
	(C)	Closing error	(D)	Sighting error
10.	Direct rai	nging is possible only when the	end points ar	e:
F	(A)	more than 200 metres	(B)	mutually intervisible
	(C)	in hilly areas	(D)	in valley portion
11.	The move	able parts that are cleaned and l	ubricated con	nes under the category of:
	(A)	field work	(B)	office work
	(C)	designing work	(D)	care and adjustment of instrument
12.	The lines	passing through points at same	declination	at a given time are:
	(A)	Isogonic lines	(B)	Agonic lines
	(C)	True lines	(D)	Magnetic lines
13.		zontal angle which the magnet is known as:	tic meridian	makes with the true or geographics
	(A)	Dip	(B)	Magnetic declination
	(C)	True bearing	(D)	Magnetic bearing
14.	GTS stan	ds for:		
	(A)	Great Triangle Survey	(B)	Great Trignometrical Survey
	(C)	Great Traverse Survey	(D)	Great Tangential Survey
15.	In a serie	s of contour lines, if the higher v	values are ins	side the bend or loop it represents a :
	(A)	ridge line	(B)	valley line
	(C)	vertical cliff	(D)	over hanging cliff
16.	A long off	set is to be measured more than	1:	
	(A)	5 m	(B)	10 m
	(C)	15 m	(D)	20 m
17.	Obstacle	for both vision and chaining is o	ccurred when	it crosses a:
	(A)	Building	(B)	River
	(C)	Pond	(D)	Sill

18.	A series o	A series of connected survey lines of known length and directions are called:				
	(A)	Plane surveying	(B)	Geodetic surveying		
	(C)	Traverse surveying	(D)	Levelling		
19.	When two	lines meet at a point, the sum	of both interi	or and exterior angles is equal to :		
	(A)	90°	(B)	180°		
	(C)	270°	(D)	360°		
20.	Brass har	ndle is connected to the link by :				
	(A)	Flexible joint	(B)	Ball and socket joint		
	(C)	Butt joint	(D)	Swivel joint		
21.	The varia	tion of magnetic declination occu	arred due to	magnetic storms and earthquakes is :		
	(A)	Annual variation	(B)	Irregular variation		
	(C)	Secular variation	(D)	Diurnal variation		
22.	Plane tab	le is centered over a station with	the help of			
	(A)	Spirit level	(B)	Alidade		
	(C)	Trough compass	(D)	Plumbing fork with plumb-bob		
23.	Which me	ethod is used for locating inacces	sible objects			
	. (A)	Radiation	(B)	Intersection		
	(C)	Resection	(D)	Traversing		
24.	Bessel's s	olution of three point problem is	also known	as:		
	(A)	Trial and error method	(B)	Traversing method		
	(C)	Radiation method	(D)	Graphical method		
25.	Which cir	cle passes through the three gro	und points, i	n three point problem?		
	(A)	Concentric circle	(B)	Eccentric circle		
	(C)	Great circle	(D)	Circle		
26.		– is a point denoting shifting of	the level.			
	(A)	Back sight	(B)	Station point		
	(C)	Intermediate point	(D)	Change point		

27.	The least	count of a metric levelling	staff:				
	(A)	0.5 mm	(B)	0.05 mm			
	(C)	5 mm	(D)	15 mm			
28.		le levelling the back sight t 420 then RL of 'C' is :	aken at 'A' of RL	100.00 is 2.350 and the foresight taken			
	(A)	102.350	(B)	103.350			
	(C)	101.930	(D)	100.00			
29.	In workin	g profile of a longitudinal s	ection, the depth	of cuttings are written in :			
	(A)	Red	(B)	Green			
	(C)	Blue	(D)	Black			
30.	While plo	tting the cross-sections:					
	(A) vertical scale is enlarged 10 times the horizontal scale						
	(B)	(B) vertical scale is reduced by one-tenth of the horizontal scale					
	(C)	(C) both the vertical and horizontal scales are kept equal					
	(D)	vertical is made double th	e horizontal scale				
31.	Find the	curvature correction for a d	istance of 800m:				
	(A)	0.05 m	(B)	0.005 m			
	(C)	0.05 km	(D)	0.005 km			
32.	Boning ro	ds and sight rails are used	for:				
	(A)	the road alignment					
	(B)	setting out gradient					
	(C)	selecting the most econom	nical and suitable	site for engineering works			
	(D)	contouring by tacheometr	ic method				
33.	Contour i	nterval is :					
	(A)	the horizontal distance be	tween two consec	utive contours			
	(B)	the least horizontal distar	nce between two c	onsecutive contours			
	(C)	the distance between two	consecutive conto	urs along the grade contour			
	(D) the vertical distance between two consecutive contours						

For directly applying Simpson's rule the number of ordinates must be:				
(A)	Odd	(B)	Even	
(C)	Odd or even	(D)	None of the above	
It is more	difficult to obtain good results	while measur	ing horizontal distance by stepping:	
(A)	down hill	(B)	uphill	
(C)	low undulating	(D)	in plane areas	
A clinome	eter is used for :			
(A)	Angle of slope	(B)	Line of collimation	
(C)	To setout right angles	(D)	Natural features	
Plani met	er is used for measuring :			
(A)	Volume	(B)	Area	
(C)	Slope of angle	(D)	Contour gradient	
In metric	levelling staff, number of subdi	visions per m	etre length are :	
(A)	100	(B)	200	
(C)	500	(D)	1000	
The beari	ng of lines OA and OB are 26°	10' and 332° 1	8' the value of inculd angle BOA is:	
(A)	316° 10'	(B)	158° 28'	
(C)	358° 28'	(D)	53° 52'	
Bearing o	f AB is 75° 10' and bearing of E	BC is 100° 20'	the angle ABC is:	
(A)	175° 30'	(B)	154°	
(C)	154° 50'	- (D)	255° 10'	
A bearing	of a line is also known as :			
(A)	True bearing	(B)	Azimuth	
(C)	Magnetic bearing	(D)	Reduced bearing	
The opera	ation of making the algebraic s zero is known as :	sum of latitud	les and departures of a closed traverse	
(A)	Balancing the sights	(B)	Balancing the latitudes	
(C)	Balancing the departures	(D)	Balancing the traverse	
	(A) (C) It is more (A) (C) A clinome (A) (C) Plani met (A) (C) In metric (A) (C) The bearing (A) (C) Bearing of (A) (C) The oper equal to a company of the oper equal to a company	(A) Odd (C) Odd or even It is more difficult to obtain good results (A) down hill (C) low undulating A clinometer is used for: (A) Angle of slope (C) To setout right angles Plani meter is used for measuring: (A) Volume (C) Slope of angle In metric levelling staff, number of subdition (A) 100 (C) 500 The bearing of lines OA and OB are 26° (A) 316° 10′ (C) 358° 28′ Bearing of AB is 75° 10′ and bearing of E(A) 175° 30′ (C) 154° 50′ A bearing of a line is also known as: (A) True bearing (C) Magnetic bearing The operation of making the algebraic sequal to zero is known as: (A) Balancing the sights	(A) Odd (B) (C) Odd or even (D) It is more difficult to obtain good results while measur (A) down hill (B) (C) low undulating (D) A clinometer is used for: (A) Angle of slope (B) (C) To setout right angles (D) Plani meter is used for measuring: (A) Volume (B) (C) Slope of angle (D) In metric levelling staff, number of subdivisions per m (A) 100 (B) (C) 500 (D) The bearing of lines OA and OB are 26° 10′ and 332° 11 (A) 316° 10′ (B) (C) 358° 28′ (D) Bearing of AB is 75° 10′ and bearing of BC is 100° 20′ (A) 175° 30′ (B) (C) 154° 50′ (D) A bearing of a line is also known as: (A) True bearing (B) (C) Magnetic bearing (D) The operation of making the algebraic sum of latitude equal to zero is known as: (A) Balancing the sights (B)	

43.		of a given line are not intervis dopted to establish intermedia		intermediate points, in such a case the
	(A)	Random line method	(B)	Lining in
	(C)	Balancing in	(D)	Double sighting
44.	Rotating	the telescope of a theodolite in	horizontal pla	ne about its vertical axis is called:
	(A)	Plunging	(B)	Swinging
	(C)	Transiting	(D)	Reversing
45.		inary line joining the centre of is known as:	the eye piece	and optical centre of the objective in a
	(A)	Horizontal axis	(B)	Vertical axis
	(C)	Axis of altitude level	(D)	Axis of the telescope
46.	Weight of	one bag cement is:		
	(A)	200 kg	(B)	150 kg
	(C)	100 kg	(D)	50 kg
47.	In ——	type of bond stretchers an	d headers are	arranged in alternate course.
	(A)	Stretcher bond	(B)	Header bond
	(C)	English bond	(D)	Flemish bond
48.		of a brick cut along the centre ck is called :	of width in su	ch a way that its length is equal to that
	(A)	Half brick	(B)	Queen closer
	(C)	King closer	(D)	Bevelled closer
49.	A covering	g of concrete placed on the exp	osed top of an	external wall, is known as :
	· (A)	Cornice	(B)	Frieze
	(C)	Lintel	(D)	Coping
50.	The const		ork to dischar	ge surplus water to down stream side
	(A)	Sluice	(B)	Barrage
	(C)	Head regulator	(D)	Spillway

O.L.	The sum	of interior angles of closed traverse	3 18 .	
	(A)	$(2n-4) 90^{\circ}$	(B)	$(2n+4) 90^{\circ}$
	(C)	$(n-4) 90^{\circ}$	(D)	$(n+4) 90^{\circ}$
52.	Tick the	correct answer for the following:		
	(A)	1km = 100 metre	(B)	1km = 1000 metre
	(C)	1 km = 1000 cm	(D)	1km = 100 cm
53.	In any po	lygon the sum of the deflection ang	gle will be	equal to :
	(A)	90°	(B)	180°
	(C)	270°	(D)	360°
54.	If angula balancing	r measurements of a traverse as of the traverse is done by:	re more p	recise than its linear measurements
	(A)	Bowditch's rule	(B)	Transit rule
	(C)	Empirical rule	(D)	Random rule
55.	The latitu	de of any traverse line is obtained	by multip	lying its length by :
	(A)	tangent of it reduced bearing	(B)	sine of its reduced bearing
	(C)	cosine of its reduced bearing	(D)	cosecant of its reduced bearing
56.	An engine	eers chain is ———— long.		
	(A)	100 ft	(B)	33 ft
	(C)	16 ft	(D)	66 ft
57.	Least cou	nt of theodolite is ———— secon	ds.	
	(A)	20	(B)	40
	(C)	10	(D)	30
58.		type of errors erises due to imper	fect focuss	sing.
	(A)	Collimation	(B)	Eccentricity
	(C)	Paralax	(D)	Hypotenuse allowance
59.	The angle	subtended by the long chord of a s	imple curv	ve at its centre is equal to:
	(A)	Deflection angle	(B)	Intersection angle
	(C)	2 times deflection angle	(D)	$\frac{1}{2}$ times deflection angle

60.	$\frac{\pi R\phi}{180^{\circ}}$ is:			
	(A)	Tangent distance	(B)	Apex distance
	(C)	Length of curve	(D)	Versine of curve
61.	Over turn	ing of vehicles on a curve car	be avoided by	using:
	(A)	Transition curve	(B)	Vertical curve
	(C)	Compound curve	(D)	Mean curve
62.	sawing ar	is the time in days between dits last watering before ha		tering for the preparation of land for
	(A)	crop period	(B)	base period
	(C)	period of growth	(D)	maximum flood discharge
63.	Sea-saw i	s an example of:		
	(A)	First order lever	(B)	Second order lever
	(C)	Third order lever	(D)	Fourth order lever
64.	The abilit	y of material to deform with	out breaking is c	alled:
	(A)	ductility	(B)	malleability
	(C)	plasticity	(D)	britility
65.	Lateral s			
	(A)	Poison's ratio	(B)	Velocity ratio
	(C)	Efficiency ratio	(D)	Mechanical advantage
66.	The sider	eal day is divided into :		
	(A)	23h	(B)	24h
	(C)	36h	(D)	12h
67.	ABCD is a	a square plot of land. If the b	earing of AB is 5	52° 45', the bearing of CD is:
	(A)	142° 45'	(B)	52° 45'
	(C)	232° 45′	(D)	322° 45'

68.	CPU star	ds for :			
	(A)	Chief Performance Unit	(B)	Central Processing Unit	
	(C)	Chief Processing Unit	(D)	Central Performance Unit	
69.	Maximise	e, minimise and close buttons are p	resent in t	he:	
	(A)	Windows '	(B)	Menu bar	
	(C)	Title bar	(D)	Control box	
70.	Which of	the following is a volatile memory?			
	(A)	ROM.	(B)	P-ROM	
	(C)	RAM	(D)	EP-ROM	
71.	Cut, copy	and paste are the part of which of	the menu		
	(A)	View	(B)	Favourites	
	(C)	Format	(D)	Edit	
72.	The work	ing principle of optical square is:			
	(A)	Refraction	(B)	Reflection	
	(C)	Double refraction	(D)	Double reflection	
73.	The back sight reading on a bench mark of 'RL' 200.00m is 2.685 and fore sight reading on 'B' is 1.305m the RL of B is:				
	(A)	202.685m	(B)	201.380m	
	(C)	203.990m	(D)	201.305m	
74.	For prepa	aration of a contour map for a route	survey:		
	(A)	Method of squares is used	(B)	Method of s-trace contour is used	
	(C)	Method of radial line is used	(D)	Method of cross section is used	
75.	In quadr bearing b		ng of a li	ne may be obtained from its forward	
	(A)	Adding 180°, if the given bearing	is less tha	in 180°	
	(B)	Changing the cardinal points, vice-versa	i.e. substi	tuting 'N' for 'S' and 'E' for 'W' and	
	(C)	Adding 90°			
	(D)	Subtracting 180°, if the given bea	ring is gre	eater than 180°	

76.	The hard signal "Both hands above head and then brought down" is:				
	(A)	Move slowly to the right	(B)	Move slowly to the left	
	(C)	Fix	(D)	Correct	
77.	During th	ne reconnaissance the surveyor shou	ıld prepar	re:	
	(A)	Site plan	(B)	Key plan	
	(C)	Field note	(D)	Reference points on ground	
78.	Bevelled	edged of the alidade is:			
	(A)	Fiducial edge	(B)	Ram-Sadan edge	
	(C)	Lining edge	(D)	Sighting edge	
79.	The Ceylo	on ghatt tracer is used for :			
	(A)	Tracing points	(B)	Measuring the depth of water	
	(C)	Taking bearing	(D)	Setting out a grade contour	
80.	The process of levelling in which the elevations of points are computed from the vertical angles and horizontal distances measured in the field:				
	(A)	Simple levelling	(B)	Fly levelling	
	(C)	Trigonometrical levelling	(D)	Check levelling	
81.	Among th	e following who was not a leader of	Salt Saty	agraha held at Kozhikkode:	
	(A)	Manjeri Rama Iyer	(B)	P. Krishna Pillai	
	(C)	K. Kelappan	(D)	T.R. Krishna Swami Iyer	
82.	Which wa	s not a work of Makthi Thangal?			
	(A)	Paropakari	(B)	Sathyaprakasham	
	(C)	Thurki Samacharam	(D)	None of these	
83.	'Vaala Sev	va Samithi' was established at:			
	(A)	Thevara	(B)	Vaikom	
	(C)	Paravur	(D)	Anapuzha	
84.	The novel	'Sarada' is written by :			
	(A)	Ambadi Narayana Poduval	(B)	Chanthu Menon	
	(C)	Bhavatratam Nambutiripad	(D)	None of these	

85.	Who among the following got Bharat Ratna before becoming the President of India?					
	(A)	Dr. Zakir Hussain	(B)	V.V. Giri		
	(C)	Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed	(D)	Dr. Rajendra Prasad		
86.	Among th	e following who was not chairperson of	Natio	onal Commission for women?		
	(A)	Jayanthi Patnaik	(B)	Poormima Advani		
	(C)	Meira Kumar	(D)	Girija Vyas		
87.	Which cor	nstitutional amendment raised the num	iber o	f Loksabha seats to 545?		
	(A)	16th (1963)	(B)	30th (1973)		
	(C)	31st (1973)	(D)	42th (1976)		
88.	'Narakara	Vadham' was on attakkatha written b	y:			
	(A)	Karthikathirunal Rama Varma	(B)	Kottayam Raja		
	(C)	Aswathi Thirunal Ilaya Thampuram	(D)	Irayimman Thampi		
89.	'Vaidyajee	evanam' is a work written on Ayurveda	by:			
	(A)	Pachu Muthath	(B)	Itty Achuthan		
	(C)	Appu Bhatt	(D)	Vallathol Narayana Menon		
90.	'Neelakan	ta Theertha Padar' was a the disciple o	of:			
	(A)	Sahodaran Ayyappan	(B)	Brahmananda Sivayogi		
	(C)	Chattampi Swamikal	(D)	Ayyankali		
91.	'Mitavadi	was founded by :				
	(A)	C. Krishnan	(B)	T.K. Madhavan		
	(C)	K.P. Kesava Menon	(D)	Moorkoth Kumaran		
92.	Among th	e following who was not an associate o	f Ayya	ankali :		
	(A)	Thomas Vadhyar	(B)	Paraji Tharakan		
	(C)	Kavalam Charathan Solomon	(D)	Yesudasan		

93.	Kishore Sakthi Yojana is aimed to:						
	(A)	impart training for employment	of rural wo	omen			
	(B)	(B) improve the nutrition and health of teenage girls					
	(C) holistic empowerment of women						
	(D)	enhancing the opportunities of fe	emale educ	ation			
94.	The dance	e form 'Ramanattam' was invented	l by:				
	(A)	Kottarakkara Thampuram	(B)	Unnayi Warier			
	(C)	Ambadi Narayana Poduval	(D)	Kottayam Raja			
95.	The fathe	r of 'Panchayati Raj' is :					
	(A)	Gandhiji	(B)	Rajiv Gandhi			
	(C)	Asoka Mehta	(D)	Balvant Roy			
96.	The Minis	ster from a Malabar in the Rajagoj	oalachari c	abinet of 1937 was :			
	(A)	P. Ramunni Menon	(B)	K. Kelappan			
	(C)	Kongattil Raman Menon	(D)	U. Gopala Menon			
97.	The First	Kerala State conference of congre	ss held at	Ottappalam in 1921 was chaired by :			
	(A)	Annie Basant	(B)	T. Prakasham			
	(C)	Sarojini Naidu	(D)	K. Kelappan			
98.	Who is kn	own as 'Dharmaraja'?					
	(A)	Ayilyam Tirunal	(B)	Indukotha Varma			
	(C)	Utram Tirunal Balarama	(D)	Kartika Tirunal Rama Varma			
99.	'Deepika'	was the publication of:					
	(A)	Vakkom Moulavi	(B)	C. Krishnan			
	(C)	Moyyarath Sankaran	(D)	K. Kelappan			
100.	In which s	session of the congress S.K. Pottek	katt atten	ded from Kerala?			
	(A)	Haripura	(B)	Nagpur			
	(C)	Tripuri	(D)	Bombay			
		*					