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1. 1 volt is equal to :
 - (A) One coulomb per second
 - (B) One joule per coulomb
 - (C) One coulomb per joule
 - (D) Work done is transferring a charge of one coulomb

2. The resistance of a conductor increases as its :
 - (A) Cross sectional area decreases
 - (B) Length decreases
 - (C) Resistivity decreases
 - (D) Length is reduced and cross sectional area is increased

3. A 3 phase load is balanced, if all the 3 phases have the same :
 - (A) impedance
 - (B) Power factor
 - (C) impedance and power factor
 - (D) None of the above

4. Candela is the unit of :
 - (A) Potential difference
 - (B) Magnetic flux
 - (C) Thermodynamic temperature
 - (D) Luminous intensity

5. Kirchoff's laws are valid for :
 - (A) Linear circuits only
 - (B) Non linear circuits only
 - (C) Both linear and non linear circuits
 - (D) None of the above

6. In a lead acid battery, level of electrolyte should be :
 - (A) Above the level of plates
 - (B) Below the level of plates
 - (C) Equal to that of plates
 - (D) None of the above

7. Electromagnetic torque and speed are in opposite directions in case of :
 - (A) Shunt generators
 - (B) Shunt motors
 - (C) Series motors
 - (D) All of the above

8. If the voltage and current are out of the phase by 90° ; the power is :
 (A) Zero (B) Maximum
 (C) Minimum (D) None of the above
9. Neon gas in sodium vapour lamp :
 (A) Changes the colour of the lamp
 (B) Acts as a shield around the filament
 (C) Assists in developing enough heat to vapourize the sodium
 (D) Prevent vapourisation of filament
10. Three 2 ohm resistors are connected to form a triangle. The resistance between any two corners is :
 (A) 6Ω (B) 2Ω (C) $\frac{3}{4} \Omega$ (D) $\frac{4}{3} \Omega$
11. An electric bulb rated 220 V is connected to 220 V, 50Hz source, then the bulb :
 (A) Does not glow (B) Fuses
 (C) Glows intermittently (D) Glows continuously
12. A closed path made by several branches of network is known as :
 (A) Branch (B) Junction (C) Circuit (D) Loop
13. An inductor stores energy in :
 (A) Core (B) Electromagnetic field
 (C) Electrostatic field (D) Magnetic field
14. Lenz's law is a consequence of the law of conservation of :
 (A) Mass (B) Charge
 (C) Energy (D) None of the above
15. The form factor of d.c. supply voltage is always :
 (A) unity (B) 0.5 (C) zero (D) infinite
16. In 3 phase star connections, line voltage is same as :
 (A) Phase voltage (B) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ phase voltage
 (C) $\sqrt{3}$ phase voltage (D) 3 phase voltage

17. Damper windings are provided in synchronous machines to :
- (A) Damp out rotor oscillations
 - (B) Reduce the over voltages under abnormal conditions
 - (C) Facilitate starting
 - (D) All of the above
18. The speed of a d.c. motor is :
- (A) Always constant
 - (B) Directly proportional to back e.m.f
 - (C) Directly proportional to flux
 - (D) Inversely proportional to the product of back e.m.f and flux
19. Which test can be used to determine the no load losses of a shunt motor ?
- (A) Retardation test
 - (B) Hopkinson's test
 - (C) Swinburne's test
 - (D) Brake test
20. Select the **wrong** statement from below, which is the essential condition for parallel operation of two or more transformers.
- (A) Current ratios should be same
 - (B) Voltage ratios should be same
 - (C) Polarity should be same
 - (D) Phase sequence should be same
21. Distribution transformers are usually designed to have maximum efficiency :
- (A) Near full load
 - (B) Near 75% of full load
 - (C) Near 50% of full load
 - (D) Near no load
22. The major disadvantage, with solar cells for power generation is :
- (A) Lack of availability of sunlight
 - (B) Large area requirement
 - (C) Variable power
 - (D) High cost
23. The type of d.c. generator used for arc welding purposes is :
- (A) Cumulatively compounded generator
 - (B) Shunt generator
 - (C) Series generator
 - (D) Differentially compounded generator
24. Class H insulation is normally used in :
- (A) Traction motors
 - (B) Submersible pump motors
 - (C) Single phase motors
 - (D) d.c. motors

25. The increase in resistance due to non uniform distribution of current in a conductor is known as :
- (A) Electro magnetic effect (B) Proximity effect
(C) Electro static effect (D) Skin effect
26. For moving iron instruments, which statement below is **not** correct ?
- (A) Scales of this instrument are uniform
(B) This instruments can be used both in d.c. as well as in a.c. circuits
(C) This instruments posses high operating torque
(D) Simplicity in construction
27. In a delta connected circuit, the relationship between line and phase voltage of a delta connected circuit is given by :
- (A) $V_L = V_p$ (B) $V_L = \sqrt{3} V_p$ (C) $V_L = \left(\frac{2}{\pi}\right) V_p$ (D) $V_L = \frac{V_p}{\sqrt{2}}$
28. In the measurement of 3 phase power by 2 wattmeter method if 2 wattmeter readings are equal, the power factor of the circuit is :
- (A) unity (B) zero (C) 0.8 lagging (D) 0.8 leading
29. Oil in transformer is used as :
- (A) Insulating medium (B) Cooling medium
(C) Both (A) and (B) (D) None of the above
30. The pole and pole shoes of a synchronous machine are laminated in order to reduce :
- (A) Hysterisis loss (B) Copper loss
(C) Reluctance of magnetic circuit (D) Heating due to eddy currents
31. Economiser in a boiler is used to :
- (A) Increase life of boiler (B) Increase steam production
(C) Reduce fuel consumption (D) Reduce steam pressure
32. In a ACSR conductors, steel wire is used for :
- (A) Reducing inductance
(B) Compensation for skin effect
(C) Providing additional mechanical strength
(D) Take care of surges

33. For repetitive type projects, the mostly used network technique is :
(A) PERT (B) CPM (C) Both (A) and (B) (D) None of these
34. In quality system, which is the model for quality assurance in design production, installation and servicing ?
(A) ISO 9000 (B) ISO 9001 (C) ISO 9002 (D) ISO 9003
35. When the relative permeability of a material is slightly less than 1, it is called a :
(A) Diamagnetic material (B) Paramagnetic material
(C) Ferromagnetic material (D) None of the above
36. Transportation method is :
(A) Project management technique
(B) Sales management technique
(C) Quantitative management technique
(D) Human resource management technique
37. In induction heating, which of the following is of high value ?
(A) Voltage (B) Current (C) Frequency (D) Power factor
38. The method of heating used for **non** conducting material is :
(A) Dielectric heating (B) Induction heating
(C) Electric arc heating (D) Resistance heating
39. The power factor in a transformer :
(A) Is always lagging (B) Is always leading
(C) Is always unity (D) Depends on power factor of the load
40. The advantage of salient poles in an alternator is :
(A) Reduce bearing loads and noise
(B) Reduced windage loss
(C) Adaptability to low and medium speed operation
(D) Reduce noise
41. In which of the following motors, the stator and rotor magnetic fields rotate at the same speed :
(A) Synchronous motor (B) Reluctance motor
(C) Universal motor (D) Induction motor

42. In which method of starting a motor, the starting current is maximum ?
- (A) Autotransformer (B) Star delta starter
(C) Stator rotor starter (D) Direct online
43. One lux is same as :
- (A) One lumen/sq.cm (B) One lumen/sq.m
(C) One lumen/100 sq.m (D) One lumen/1000 sq.m
44. Which of the following materials has the highest permeability ?
- (A) Permalloy (B) Pure iron (C) Nickel (D) Cobalt
45. In performing the short circuit test of a transformer :
- (A) High-voltage side is usually short circuited
(B) Low-voltage side is usually short circuited
(C) Any side is short circuited with preference
(D) None of these
46. In a d.c. machine, armature emf is :
- (A) stationary w.r.t armature (B) rotating w.r.t field
(C) stationary w.r.t field (D) rotating w.r.t brushes
47. An electric field can deflect :
- (A) X-rays (B) Neutrons (C) α -particles (D) γ -rays
48. PERT is :
- (A) Problem evaluation and review technique
(B) Programme evaluation and review technique
(C) Problem evaluation and repeat technique
(D) Project evaluation and review technique
49. Mutual inductance between two coils can be decreased by :
- (A) Increasing the number of turns of either coil
(B) By moving the coils closer
(C) By moving the coils by apart
(D) None of the above
50. Transient currents in electrical circuits are associated with :
- (A) Inductors (B) Capacitors (C) Resistors (D) Both (A) and (B)

51. The rotor of the salient pole alternator has 24 poles. The number of cycles of emf in one revolution would be :
(A) 24 (B) 12 (C) 6 (D) 4
52. The synchronous motors are not self-starting because :
(A) Stator is not used
(B) Starting winding is not provided
(C) The direction of instantaneous torque on the rotor reverses after half cycle
(D) There is no slip
53. 1 Tesla is the same as one :
(A) weber/metre (B) Weber/(metre)² (C) Farad/metre (D) Henry/(metre)²
54. Load shading is done :
(A) To reduce heat demand (B) To improve power factor
(C) To run the equipment efficiency (D) To repair the machine
55. Circular coil sections are used because they :
(A) Reduce iron material (B) Reduce copper material
(C) Have the strongest mechanical shape (D) All of these
56. Transient disturbances are due to :
(A) Switching operations (B) Load variations
(C) Faults (D) Any of the above
57. The core flux in a transformer depends mainly on :
(A) Supply voltage
(B) Supply voltage and frequency
(C) Supply voltage, frequency and load
(D) Supply voltage and load independent of frequency
58. Ohm's law ($E=IR$)
(A) Can never be applied to a.c.
(B) Can be applied to a.c. in the same manner as to d.c.
(C) Can be applied to a.c. but after replacing R by Z
(D) None of the above

59. Luminous flux is :
- (A) Rate of energy radiation in the form of light waves
 - (B) Light energy radiated by sun
 - (C) Part of light energy, radiated by sun which is received on earth
 - (D) None of the above
60. In a transformer, the voltage regulation will be zero, when it is operated at :
- (A) unity p.f.
 - (B) leading p.f.
 - (C) lagging p.f.
 - (D) zero p.f. leading
61. The fundamental voltage equation of motor is expressed by :
- (A) $E_b = V + I_a R_a$
 - (B) $V = E_b + I_a R_a$
 - (C) $V = E_b I_a + R_a$
 - (D) None of these
62. The 'dead time' of the instrument is :
- (A) The time required by an instrument for initial warming up
 - (B) The time required by an instrument to begin to respond to a change in the measurand
 - (C) The largest change of input quantity for which there is no output of the instrument
 - (D) None of the above
63. Which motor has the highest power to weight ratio ?
- (A) Universal motor
 - (B) Induction motor
 - (C) Synchronous motor
 - (D) Capacitor motor
64. Resistance : Conductance ::
- (A) Faraday's law : mutual inductance
 - (B) Power : voltage \times current
 - (C) Tesla : permeance
 - (D) Reluctance : permeance
65. A lag network for compensation normally consists of :
- (A) R only
 - (B) R and C elements
 - (C) R and L elements
 - (D) R, L and C elements
66. Which type of wattmeter cannot be used for d.c ?
- (A) Electrostatic type
 - (B) Dynamometer type
 - (C) Induction type
 - (D) None of the above

67. Transformer-core laminations are made of :
(A) Silicon steel (B) Wrought iron
(C) Cast iron (D) Cast steel
68. Skewing of rotor slots helps in :
(A) Improving heat transfer
(B) Reducing noise
(C) Suppressing undesirable harmonics
(D) All of the above
69. The colour of sodium lamp is :
(A) Blue (B) Yellow (C) Red (D) White
70. Electric potential is a :
(A) Scalar quantity (B) Vector quantity
(C) Dimensionless (D) Nothing can be said
71. Fleming's left hand rule is applicable to :
(A) Transformer (B) d.c. generator (C) Alternator (D) d.c. motor
72. Application of Norton's theorem to a circuit yields :
(A) Equivalent current source
(B) Equivalent current source and impedance in series
(C) Equivalent impedance
(D) Equivalent current source and impedance in parallel
73. As the voltage of transmission increases, the volume of conductor :
(A) Increases (B) Does not change
(C) Decreases (D) Increases proportionately
74. A material commonly used for shielding or screening magnetism is :
(A) Brass (B) Copper (C) Soft iron (D) Aluminium
75. Which of the following devices cannot convey from d.c. to a.c. ?
(A) Mercury arc rectifier (B) Motor convertor
(C) Motor generator (D) All of the above