

079/2016

Maximum : 100 marks

Time : 1 hour and 15 minutes

1. Who is the author of the book "A Changing Psychology in Social Case Work"?
(A) Mary Richmond (B) Betsey Libbey
(C) Bertha Reynolds (D) Virginia Robinson
2. Which among the following is more appropriate in Professional Social Work?
(A) The social worker has the right to determine the goals and means the client has to pursue
(B) The worker accepts the client as he is and approves all the actions performed by the client
(C) Social workers respect in individuals' worth, dignity and integrity
(D) The relationship of a social worker with the client will be characterized by the subjectivity
3. Intervention in social case work is also known as :
(A) Intake (B) Assessment
(C) Social Diagnosis (D) Treatment
4. What type of group after starting of membership and facilitate cohesion and trust?
(A) Open group (B) Reference group
(C) Closed group (D) Mixed group
5. Which one comes under indirect treatment methods?
(A) Environmental Modification (B) Counselling services to the client
(C) Therapeutic interviewing (D) Clarification and Interpretation
6. Name the defense mechanism when a person unknowingly attributes his own instinctual impulses or the threats of his own consciousness to other people or to the external world :
(A) Sublimation (B) Projection
(C) Regression (D) Repression
7. Choosing a methodology purposefully with explainable reasons and with reference to a particular client is known as :
(A) The Eclectic Approach (B) The Problem Solving Approach
(C) The Psycho Analytic Approach (D) The behaviour Modification Approach

8. An organized system of social services and institutions, designed to aid individuals and groups to attain satisfying standard of life and health is :
- (A) Social Action (B) Social Reform
(C) Social Change (D) Social Welfare
9. Which type of diagnosis according to Perlman is concerned with the explanation of the beginning and life history of problem of the client?
- (A) Social Diagnosis (B) Clinical Diagnosis
(C) Dynamic Diagnosis (D) Etiological Diagnosis
10. The indifference shown by a member towards group task :
- (A) Sympathy (B) Apathy
(C) Empathy (D) Conflict
11. Who is the author of the book "Social Group Work: A helping Process".
- (A) H. B. Trecker (B) G. Hamilton
(C) W. A. Friedlander (D) G. Konopka
12. Which of the following PRA method shows the key institutions, organizations, groups, influential persons and their relationship and importance?
- (A) Pie Diagram (B) Venn Diagram
(C) Impact Diagram (D) Wealth Ranking
13. Which is the theory put forward by McGregor regarding management's action of motivating workers which involves certain assumptions, generalizations and hypothesis relating to human behaviour?
- (A) Theory X and Theory Y
(B) Management by Objectives
(C) Theory of H R
(D) Hierarchy of need theory
14. Which is not a function of Social Welfare Administration?
- (A) Formulating the Agency's Objectives
(B) Promotion of Cooperative Efforts
(C) Finding and Deploying Resources
(D) Organizing group effort to solve mass Social problems

15. Who was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize for founding the Grameen Bank in 2006?
 (A) Amarthya Sen (B) Muhammad Yunus
 (C) Avinash Dixit (D) Abhijith Banerjee
16. Which writ is used to prevent a person from holding an office which he is not entitled to hold?
 (A) Mandamus (B) Habeas Corpus
 (C) Quo Warranto (D) Certiorari
17. Who used the word 'Social Action' for the first time in 1922?
 (A) Jessy Taft (B) Mary Richmond
 (C) Porter R Lee (D) John L Hill
18. A record of all cash receipts and payments made and maintained from day to day, and the cash balance in hand at the end of each day not exceeding a month is :
 (A) Ledger (B) Stock Register
 (C) Fixed Asset Register (D) Cash Book
19. As declared by the Indian Jails Committee, the ultimate objective of imprisonment is :
 (A) Punishment and Reformation (B) Reformation and Rehabilitation
 (C) Retribution and Castigation (D) Punishment and Rectification
20. Social Cost Benefit Analysis is made in order to understand :
 (A) Design of the Project (B) Appraisal of the Project
 (C) Review of the Project (D) Monitoring of the project
21. The counsellor chooses the most important details of what the client has just said and reflects them back to the client, is :
 (A) Paraphrasing (B) Describing
 (C) Summarizing (D) Reflecting
22. A rural society is characterized by :
 (A) Heterogeneity (B) Artificiality
 (C) Primary relations with cohesion (D) Spatial segregation
23. The social interaction in which fusion or blending of two previously distinct groups into one takes place is termed as
 (A) Accommodation (B) Cooperation
 (C) Assimilation (D) Competition

24. A family in which consists of members among whom there exists blood relationship is known as :
- (A) Conjugal Family (B) Consanguine Family
(C) Undivided Family (D) Polyandrous Family
25. Which is the model of Social Action which is based on Paulo Friere's concept of creating awareness in masses through education?
- (A) Direct Physical Model (B) Conscientization Model
(C) Dialectical Model (D) Legislative Action Model
26. Which one of the programmes is designed to promote survival and care of girl children?
- (A) BSY (B) KSY
(C) SGSY (D) DWCRA
27. Sharda Act is related to :
- (A) Child Marriage (B) Widow Remarriage
(C) Hindu Marriage (D) Muslim Marriage
28. Which is not a component of Social Group Work Process?
- (A) Referral Service
(B) Evaluation
(C) Development of Responsible Participation
(D) Social Action
29. Which is the tool that helps an individual to become self-dependent, self-directed and self-sufficient?
- (A) Social case work (B) Counselling
(C) Career Guidance (D) Group therapy
30. Electra complex is found in :
- (A) Latency Stage (B) Anal Stage
(C) Genital Stage (D) Phallic Stage
31. The lack of symmetry in the shape of a frequency distribution is :
- (A) Kurtosis (B) Skewness
(C) Moments (D) Anomalism

32. Elicit anxiety by repeated exposure in a safe setting where no harm is felt by the client to reduce the strength of the stimulus is :
- (A) Aversion Therapy (B) Assertive Therapy
(C) Simple Extinction (D) Implosive Therapy
33. Recognizing and understanding of each client's unique qualities in Social Case work is called as :
- (A) Principle of Acceptance (B) Principle of Individualization
(C) Principle of Non Judgmental Attitude (D) Principle of Self determination
34. Critical Path Method (CPM) is used in :
- (A) Designing a project (B) Project appraisal
(C) Implementation of the project (D) Project need identification
35. The reproduction of factual data in the individual's own words in social case work is :
- (A) Narrative Recording (B) Verbatim Recording
(C) Process Recording (D) Content Recording
36. Balwant Rai Mehta Committee is associated with :
- (A) Community Development (B) Community Organization
(C) Social Action (D) Social Work
37. Which is the community organization model as proposed by Rothman which is based on the belief that in order to effect change, a wide variety of community people should be involved in planning, implementation, and evaluation?
- (A) Social Planning Model
(B) Sustainable Development Model
(C) Social Action Model
(D) Locality Development Model
38. Which analysis shows the relationship between means and end in Log Frame Approach?
- (A) Stakeholder Analysis (B) Problem Tree Analysis
(C) Objective Tree Analysis (D) SWOT Analysis
39. Which one of the following is considered as the technique in Social case work?
- (A) Confidentiality (B) Client worker relationship
(C) Self determination (D) Acceptance

40. An NGO's community health project, the PHC doctor is arranged to conduct an awareness programme on life style diseases and the doctor is given Rs. 1000 as travelling allowance. This will be accounted as what type of cost :
- (A) Activity Cost (B) Administrative cost
(C) Personnel Cost (D) Miscellaneous Cost
41. Who emphasized positive function of conflict in society?
- (A) Simmel (B) Marx
(C) Weber (D) E. Durkheim
42. Which is not correct about culture?
- (A) It is innate
(B) It is socially constructed
(C) It transmit from generation to generation
(D) It satisfies human needs
43. Who is not associated with Formalistic school?
- (A) George Simmel (B) Max weber
(C) Tonnies (D) Durkheim
44. Who wrote the book "Assylum"?
- (A) Marx (B) Weber
(C) Goffman (D) Cooley
45. Who is associated with Public Sociology?
- (A) C.W. Mills (B) Immanuel Wallenstein
(C) Max Weber (D) Herbert Gans
46. Which is the basis for the formation of reference group according to Robert K Merton?
- (A) Wealth and prosperity (B) Relative similarity
(C) Relative deprivation (D) Relative difference
47. Who proposed the theory of Cultural lag?
- (A) Robert K Merton (B) Ogburn
(C) Oscar Lewis (D) E.B. Tylor

48. The prejudicial attitude between in groups and out groups by which our attitudes are treated as superior to others is called :
- (A) Xenocentrism (B) Ethnocentrism
(C) Cultural relativism (D) Cultural Lag
49. Who applied dialectical historical method for the analysis of Indian society?
- (A) M.N. Srinivas (B) A.R. Desai
(C) S.C. Dube (D) G.S. Ghurye
50. Who said Urbanism is a way of Life?
- (A) M.N. Srinivas (B) W.G. Sumner
(C) C.H. Cooley (D) Louis Wirth
51. Who wrote the book "Future Shock"?
- (A) E. Durkheim (B) I. Wallenstein
(C) A. Toffler (D) M. Castells
52. Which is the authority not proposed by Max Weber?
- (A) Charismatic Authority (B) Moral authority
(C) Rational legal Authority (D) Traditional Authority
53. The group of people organized for one or more purpose is called :
- (A) Community (B) Society
(C) Institution (D) Association
54. Which is not a functional pre requisite of society based on T. Parsons's analysis?
- (A) Provision of physiological functioning for the members
(B) A system of distribution
(C) Provision of disruptive forces
(D) Replacement of members
55. In a kinship usage the husband leading to the life of an invalid during the pregnancy of his wife, identify the usage :
- (A) Avoidance (B) Couvade
(C) Joking relationship (D) Amitate

56. Who proposed Gemeinschaft and Geselleschaft?
- (A) M. Weber (B) R. Redfield
(C) F. Tonnies (D) T. Parsons
57. Which tribe is an example of matriliney?
- (A) Kadar (B) Toda
(C) Garo (D) Ho
58. Who classified groups into in groups and out groups?
- (A) D. Sanderson (B) C.H. Cooley
(C) W.G. Sumner (D) H. Giddens
59. Structuration theory was presented by :
- (A) Anthony Giddens (B) Jurgen Hebermas
(C) Antonio Gramsci (D) Max Weber
60. Which Indian state has the highest percentage of reservation for Backward classes?
- (A) Kerala (B) Uttar Pradesh
(C) Bihar (D) Tamil Nadu
61. A pressure group is generally referred as :
- (A) A Caste group (B) A religious group
(C) An ethnic group (D) A special interest group
62. Which is not a characteristic feature of social fact?
- (A) Externality (B) Constraint
(C) Independence (D) Internality
63. Who is associated with Indology?
- (A) M.N. Srinivas (B) G.S. Ghurye
(C) A.R. Desai (D) S.C. Dube
64. Who considered caste as an extended kin group?
- (A) M.N. Srinivas (B) A.R. Desai
(C) Iravati Karve (D) Robert Redfield