

1. In series RLC circuit at resonance :
 - (A) V is in phase with I
 - (B) I is maximum
 - (C) Inductive reactance = Capacitive reactance
 - (D) All the above

2. The superposition theorem is essentially based on the concept of :
 - (A) Duality
 - (B) Linearity
 - (C) Reciprocity
 - (D) Non-linearity

3. The voltage drop across a resistor of 100Ω is 10 volts. The wattage of the resistor must be :
 - (A) 2 W
 - (B) 1 W
 - (C) 0.5 W
 - (D) 0.25 W

4. For a symmetric lattice network the value of parameters is 3Ω and that of diagonal impedance is 5Ω . Then the Z parameters of the network are given below :
 - (A) $Z_{11} = Z_{22} = 2 \Omega$
 - (B) $Z_{12} = Z_{21} = 0.5 \Omega$
 - (C) $Z_{11} = Z_{22} = 4 \Omega$
 - (D) $Z_{12} = Z_{21} = 1 \Omega$

5. The following relation expresses Ohms law at a point :
 - (A) $A = j = \sigma E$
 - (B) $\nabla \cdot J = -\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t}$
 - (C) $\nabla \cdot D = \rho$
 - (D) $\nabla^2 V = -\frac{\rho}{\epsilon}$

6. Maxwell's divergence equation for the magnetic field is given by :
 - (A) $\nabla \times B = 0$
 - (B) $\nabla \cdot B = 0$
 - (C) $\nabla \times B = \rho$
 - (D) $\nabla \cdot B = \rho$

7. Unit of magnetic flux is :
 - (A) Ampere turns
 - (B) Tesla
 - (C) Coulomb
 - (D) Weber

8. If E is the field between the plates of a parallel plate capacitor, the electrostatic energy per unit volume is :

(A) $\epsilon_0 E$

(B) $\epsilon_0 E^2$

(C) $(1/2)\epsilon_0 E^2$

(D) $\epsilon_0 / 2 E^2$

9. The condition for an electric field E to be a static electric field is :

(A) $\oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{s} = 0$

(B) $\oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{l} = 0$

(C) $\nabla \times \vec{E} = 0$

(D) None of these

10. Which of the following system is non-linear?

(A) $y(t) = x(t-1) - 2x(t-2) + x(t-3)$

(B) $y(t) = 4x(t)$

(C) $y(t) = x(t-1) - 2x(t-x) - x(t-3)$

(D) $y(t) = x(t) + 2.5$

11. The system $y(t) = e^{-x(t)}$:

(A) stable, causal

(B) non causal, stable

(C) unstable, causal

(D) unstable, non-causal

12. The system $y(x+3) + y(x+2) = x(x+4)$ is :

(A) causal and memory less

(B) causal and has memory

(C) is causal

(D) is non-causal

13. If $x(t)$ is odd, then Fourier series coefficients must be :

(A) real and odd

(B) real and even

(C) imaginary and even

(D) imaginary and odd

14. The trigonometric Fourier series of an even function of time does not have the :

(A) Cosine terms

(B) Sine terms

(C) Both cosine and sine terms

(D) DC term

15. The Z transform of the sequence $x(n) = u(n)$ where

$u(n) = 1$ for $n \geq 0$

$= 0$ for $n < 0$ is :

(A) $1/(z-1)$

(B) $z/(z-1)^2$

(C) $z/(z-1)$

(D) $(z-1)/z$

16. Kelvin's double bridge is used for the measurement of :
- (A) Low capacitance (B) High inductance
(C) High resistance (D) Low resistance
17. Megger is basically a :
- (A) Moving iron instrument (B) Moving coil instrument
(C) Hot wire instrument (D) Electrolytic type instrument
18. A quadrant electrometer measures :
- (A) Charge (B) Capacitance
(C) Inductance (D) Current
19. A circuit has impedance of $(3 + j4)$. If a voltage $(100 + j50)$ is applied, power in the circuit will be across the 5Ω resistance in the mesh shown below is :
- (A) 100 W (B) 250 W
(C) 500 W (D) 660 W
20. TOD meter is used to record :
- (A) Energy, time and demand (B) Energy, power and demand
(C) Power, demand and time (D) None of the above
21. In an induction machine, if the air gap is increased :
- (A) Efficiency will be improved (B) Speed will reduce
(C) Power factor will be lowered (D) Brake down torque will be reduced
22. The all-day efficiency of a transformer depends on :
- (A) its copper loss (B) amount of load
(C) the duration of load (D) both (B) and (C) are correct
23. A transformer has negative voltage regulation when its power factor is :
- (A) Zero (B) Unity
(C) Leading (D) Lagging
24. Instrument transformers are used in alternating current circuits for extending the range of :
- (A) Ammeters (B) Voltmeters
(C) Wattmeter's (D) All the above

25. An autotransformer has a transformation ratio of 0.7, supplies a load of 2 KW. The power transferred conductively from primary to secondary is :
- (A) 0.6 KW (B) 1.4 KW
(C) 0.35 KW (D) None of the above
26. The number of armature parallel paths in a triplex, lap wound, 12 pole, dc generator :
- (A) 12 (B) 24
(C) 36 (D) 6
27. The full load copper loss of a transformer is 1200 W its copper loss at 50% load would be :
- (A) 300 W (B) 600 W
(C) 1200 W (D) 1600 W
28. A 400 KVA, 200 Hz transformer is operated at 100 Hz, its KVA rating is :
- (A) 200 KVA (B) 400 KVA
(C) 800 KVA (D) 2000 KVA
29. Over excited synchronous generator runs at :
- (A) leading pf (B) lagging pf
(C) UPF (D) none of the above
30. The voltage between adjacent coils in a cross over winding of a transformer should not be greater than :
- (A) 500-700 V (B) 800-1000 V
(C) 1200-1500 V (D) 200-400 V
31. The percentage of silicon in transformer stampings is usually limited to :
- (A) 0.4% (B) 1.4%
(C) 4% (D) 14%
32. The permeability of a material is 0.999991, it is classified as :
- (A) paramagnetic (B) diamagnetic
(C) ferromagnetic (D) ferrite

33. Hysteresis loss varies with frequency f as :
- (A) f (B) $f^{1.6}$
 (C) f^2 (D) $f^{2.6}$
34. Usual values of flux density B_m for a power transformer using hot rolled silicon steel is :
- (A) 1.1 to 1.35 Wb/m² (B) 1.25 to 1.45 Wb/m²
 (C) 1.55 Wb/m² (D) 1.6 to 1.7 Wb/m²
35. The ratio of height to width of window while designing window dimensions of a transformer can be between :
- (A) 1 to 2 (B) 2 to 4
 (C) 4 to 6 (D) none of these
36. Skewing of rotor slots in an induction motor helps in :
- (A) Improving heat transfer (B) Reducing noise
 (C) Suppressing undesirable harmonics (D) All the above
37. In induction motors larger the air gap ————— noise level and ————— cooling.
- (A) increases — improves (B) reduces — improves
 (C) reduces — reduces (D) none of the above
38. Alternators are usually rated in :
- (A) KVA (B) KVA and KW
 (C) KW (D) KVA, KW and power factor
39. Due to skin effect the effective resistance ————— with increase in frequency.
- (A) decreases (B) increases
 (C) remains constant (D) none
40. The surge impedance of a transmission line is given by :
- (A) \sqrt{LC} (B) $\sqrt{L/C}$
 (C) $\sqrt{C/L}$ (D) $\sqrt{L+C}$

41. MHO relay is usually employed in protection of :
(A) short lines only (B) medium lines only
(C) long lines only (D) all the above
42. For interrupting capacitive currents which circuit breaker is used :
(A) MCCB (B) ACB
(C) SF6 (D) VCB
43. Per unit value of any quantity is defined as :
(A) Base value in any unit to actual value in the same unit
(B) Actual value in any unit to the base value in the same unit
(C) Phase value in any unit to line value in the same unit
(D) None of the above
44. A relay which operates when the alternating current exceeds a certain preset value :
(A) Over current relay (B) Reverse power relay
(C) Polarized relay (D) Under voltage relay
45. A 10 MVA generator has power factor 0.866 lagging. The reactive power produced will be :
(A) 10 MVA (B) 8 MVA
(C) 5 MVA (D) 1.34 MVA
46. Corona loss in HVDC transmission compared that of AC transmission is :
(A) Very high (B) Low
(C) Same (D) None of these
47. Nyquist stability is used to determine :
(A) Absolute stability (B) Relative stability
(C) Both (D) None
48. Compared to a closed loop system an open loop system is :
(A) more stable and more accurate (B) more stable and less accurate
(C) less stable and more accurate (D) less stable and less accurate

49. In a feedback amplifier, the band width :
- (A) increases by the same amount as the gain decreases
 - (B) decreases by the same amount as the gain decreases
 - (C) decreases by the same amount as the gain increases
 - (D) remains unaffected
50. The main application of transfer function is in the study of :
- (A) steady state behavior of systems
 - (B) steady state as well as transient behavior of the systems
 - (C) only transient behavior of the systems
 - (D) none of these
51. Given the system specification in time domain, best approach for designing is :
- (A) Nyquist plot
 - (B) Root locus
 - (C) Bode's plot
 - (D) None of these
52. The band width of a control system can be increased by :
- (A) phase lag compensator
 - (B) phase lead compensator
 - (C) phase lag-lead compensator
 - (D) all the above
53. The servo motor differs from other motors since it has :
- (A) high inertia and high torque
 - (B) low inertia and low torque
 - (C) low inertia and high torque
 - (D) constructionally it is different
54. A 100 V voltmeter has an accuracy of 5% on full scale. The percentage error while measuring 50 V will be :
- (A) 2.5%
 - (B) 5%
 - (C) 7.5%
 - (D) 10%
55. Moving coil in dynamometer wattmeter is connected :
- (A) in series with fixed coil
 - (B) across load
 - (C) in series with load
 - (D) across supply
56. Induction wattmeter's are free from _____ error.
- (A) phase
 - (B) creeping
 - (C) frequency
 - (D) temperature

57. Hay's bridge is particularly used for measurement of :
- (A) inductance Z with large phase angle
 - (B) mutual inductance
 - (C) self inductance
 - (D) capacitance and dielectric loss
58. Operation of Q meter is based on :
- (A) series induction
 - (B) mutual induction
 - (C) series resonance
 - (D) eddy current
59. At low power factor dynamometer type wattmeter will cause :
- (A) no error
 - (B) high error
 - (C) low error
 - (D) none of these
60. The observed signal in an oscilloscope should be applied :
- (A) across its X plates
 - (B) across its Y plates
 - (C) to the horizontal amplifier
 - (D) to the trigger circuit
61. A modern power semiconductor device IGBT combines the characteristic of :
- (A) BJT and MOSFET
 - (B) FCT and GTO
 - (C) SCR and MOSFET
 - (D) SCR and BJT
62. In thyristor latching current is _____ than holding current.
- (A) Equal
 - (B) Less
 - (C) Greater
 - (D) None of these
63. Voltage feedback amplifier is a _____ amplifier.
- (A) shunt - shunt
 - (B) shunt - series
 - (C) series - shunt
 - (D) series - series
64. Which of the following is a fastest ADC?
- (A) Counter type
 - (B) Flash type
 - (C) Successive approximation type
 - (D) Dual slope type