

59/2014

Maximum : 100 marks

Time : 1 hour and 15 minutes

1. Who is considered as the founder of inductive Method?
(A) Aristotle (B) Leibniz
(C) Francis Bacon (D) Plato
2. Who among the modern thinkers suggested the ontological proof for the existence of God?
(A) John Locke (B) Descartes
(C) Spinoza (D) Hegel
3. John Locke denied the validity of :
(A) Abstract ideas (B) Absolute ideas
(C) Innate ideas (D) Relative ideas
4. Whose philosophy is known as Absolute Idealism?
(A) Hegel (B) Marx
(C) Kant (D) Berkeley
5. 'Interactionism' is related to :
(A) Descartes (B) Bacon
(C) Locke (D) Kierkegaard
6. Who is considered as the first recorded philosopher of the West?
(A) Plato (B) Zeno
(C) Thales (D) Socrates
7. 'Esse est Percipii' leads to :
(A) Perception (B) Solipcism
(C) Objectivity (D) Skepticism
8. Who among these thinkers explained the paradoxes of motion?
(A) Heeraclitus (B) Marx
(C) Hegel (D) Zeno
9. 'Ethics' is written by :
(A) Aristotle (B) Spinoza
(C) Kant (D) William Lilly

10. 'Transcendental Metaphysical Pluralism' is related to :
(A) Hegel (B) Anaximander
(C) Sophists (D) Leibniz
11. _____ introduces the term 'henotheism'.
(A) Paul Deussen (B) Max Muller
(C) Karl Potter (D) Bloomfield
12. Who says that difference is the very nature of things?
(A) Sri Sankara (B) Nimbarka
(C) Madhva (D) Ramanuja
13. Mimamsa believes in the unseen power called :
(A) Dharma (B) Apurva
(C) Nitya (D) Vibhu
14. A fallacy in Indian logic is known as :
(A) Abhava (B) Hetva bhasa
(C) Vyapti (D) Hetu
15. The only means of valid knowledge for Carvaka is :
(A) Inference (B) Sabda
(C) Abhava (D) Perception
16. 'Anyatanyati' is a theory of error in :
(A) Nyaya School (B) Samkya School
(C) Vedanta School (D) Buddhism
17. 'Dharmabhuta Jnana' is a key concept in :
(A) Advaita (B) Visistadvaita
(C) Duaita (D) Jainism
18. Which among the following is not a principle of Niyama?
(A) Ahimsa (B) Santosha
(C) Tapas (D) Swadhyaya
19. The advaita theory of superimposition is :
(A) Avidhya (B) Maya
(C) Akyati (D) Adhyasa

20. Which among the following is not included in Prastanatraya?
- (A) Ramayana (B) Brahma sutra
(C) Upanisad (D) Bhagavat Gita
21. _____ is making a mental union of facts observed by means of a general conception.
- (A) Universal law (B) Parity of reasoning
(C) Simple enumeration (D) Colligation of facts
22. A hypothesis leads to nowhere is called :
- (A) Rival hypothesis (B) False hypothesis
(C) Barren hypothesis (D) Working hypothesis
23. Full inverse of SAP is :
- (A) SEP (B) SIP
(C) SOP (D) PAS
24. "Induction is the inverse operation of deduction" Who says so :
- (A) J.S. Mill (B) Aristotle
(C) Bacon (D) Jevon
25. A negative fallacy of omission of facts is called :
- (A) Mal-observation (B) Non-observation
(C) Illogical non observation (D) Observation of facts
26. $(D^vE).(F^vG)$
∴ D^vE is a form of :
- (A) absorption (B) addition
(C) conjunction (D) simplification
27. An 'O' proposition distributes :
- (A) Predicate (B) Subject
(C) Both subject and predicate (D) None of these
28. 'Blind' is a _____ term.
- (A) Positive (B) Negative
(C) Relative (D) Privative

29. Genus and species refer to _____ of a term.
- (A) Denotation (B) Connotation
(C) Definition (D) Division
30. Which of the following proposition does not yield a contra positive?
- (A) A (B) E
(C) I (D) O
31. Which among the following is the norm of Ethics?
- (A) Truth (B) Beauty
(C) Goodness (D) Knowledge
32. Choose the theory that considers pleasure as the ultimate standard of morality?
- (A) Hedonism (B) Intuitionism
(C) Rationalism (D) None of these
33. The theory of categorical imperative is associated with :
- (A) Hegel (B) Kant
(C) J.S. Mill (D) Bentham
34. Who regarded that the story of universe as a process of spiritual evolution?
- (A) Marx (B) Descartes
(C) Hegel (D) Bacon
35. Choose the odd concept among the following :
- (A) Wisdom (B) Courage
(C) Temperance (D) Love
36. Ethical Skepticism is associated with :
- (A) Logical positivism (B) Categorical Imperative
(C) Psychologism (D) Ordinary Language Philosophy
37. Which of the following is not a maxim of Kant's moral theory?
- (A) Universality (B) Dignity of man
(C) Kingdom of ends (D) Maximum amount of pleasure

38. Who holds the view that individuals special duties are determined by his station in society?
- (A) Kant (B) Hegel
(C) Bradley (D) J.S. Mill
39. 'We ought to seek pleasure' is:
- (A) Ethical Hedonism (B) Psychological Hedonism
(C) Utilitarianism (D) None of these
40. Ethical statements are mere expression of emotion – This theory is known as :
- (A) Rational theory to ethics (B) Conceptual theory of ethics
(C) Emotive theory of ethics (D) Derivative theory of ethics
41. "A complete self-knowledge in all things and at all moments' is the gift of the _____ Gnostic being.
- (A) psychicised (B) overmental
(C) supramental (D) intuitional
42. Mahatma Gandhi asserted that he had never found a double meaning of Truth, and even atheists had not denied the power of Truth. So he preferred the aphorism :
- (A) Truth is God (B) God is Truth
(C) God is Love (D) God is Absolute
43. M. N. Roy conceived the human urge for freedom as a higher manifestation of the biological :
- (A) survival (B) competition
(C) struggle for existence (D) none of these
44. *Problems of Ethics* is the work of :
- (A) M. N. Roy (B) G. E. Moore
(C) Rudolf Carnap (D) Moritz Schlick
45. Of the following, _____, according to Vivekananda, is the specific feature of universal religion.
- (A) agnosticism (B) catholicity
(C) intolerance (D) pantheism
46. Sree Narayana Guru defined *Jati* as :
- (A) species (B) caste
(C) bovinity (D) progeny

47. According to B. R. Ambedkar, what is unnatural about caste system is precisely the :
- (A) sub-division of society
 (B) self-enclosed nature of the sub-division
 (C) class division
 (D) all these
48. Martin Luther King's remark "Christ furnished the spirit and motivation, white Gandhi furnished the method" refers to :
- (A) Swaraj (B) Sarvodaya
 (C) Satyagraha (D) Karma Yoga
49. The triple transformation through psychicisation, spiritualization, and supramentalization constitutes :
- (A) Jnana Yoga (B) Hatha Yoga
 (C) Laya Yoga (D) Purna Yoga
50. J.N. Mohanty remarks, "In the functioning body the mundane and the transcendental coincide". Here he contextualizes the prospects of integration between _____ and phenomenology in consciousness studies.
- (A) metaphysics (B) neuroscience
 (C) mysticism (D) all these
51. According to J. Krishnamurty. "Learning is one thing and acquiring knowledge is another." This is so because the former is not _____ like the latter.
- (A) free from authority (B) in the past
 (C) a bondage (D) both (B) and (C)
52. In feminist criticism, the distinction between 'female' and 'feminine' implies the distinction between the _____ perspectives.
- (A) gender-based and cultural (B) biological and cultural
 (C) political and cultural (D) none of these
53. The neologism 'différance' signifies both 'difference' and :
- (A) different (B) deference
 (C) deferential (D) deferral

54. In Kierkegaardian dialectic, a societal and community life is lived in _____ stage.
 (A) ethical (B) aesthetic
 (C) religious (D) both (A) and (B)
55. According to Sartre, being-for-itself refers to the :
 (A) future (B) past
 (C) present (D) facticity
56. According to Heidegger, the _____ of Dasein causes its inauthenticity.
 (A) existenz (B) fallenness
 (C) facticity (D) all these
57. Philosophical hermeneutics, by denying the scope of 'the controlled bracketing-off of presuppositions', recognized the role of _____ in the acquisition of knowledge.
 (A) scientific method (B) evidence
 (C) interpretation (D) demonstration
58. Ecofeminist critique of the binary opposites which are expressive of a power structure attacks :
 (A) anthropocentrism (B) androcentrism
 (C) both (A) and (B) (D) neither (A) nor (B)
59. Saussure's pronouncement 'there is no inherent connection between a word and what it designates' signifies precisely that a sign in language is :
 (A) structural (B) ideal
 (C) constitutive (D) arbitrary
60. According to C.S. Pierce, "It is absurd to say that thought has any meaning _____ to its only function".
 (A) related (B) equivalent
 (C) unrelated (D) experimental
61. _____ as an ideological construct is crucial to cultural/caste/gender studies.
 (A) otherness (B) re-reading
 (C) humanism (D) multiculturalism
62. Foucault's concept of 'panopticism' signifies :
 (A) reforming prisoners (B) all-seeing surveillance
 (C) social construction (D) linguistic framework

63. In medical field, a questionable increase has been reported in the number of Caesarian surgeries. This refers to the unethical practice of :
- (A) rebates and commission (B) advertising and promotion
(C) violating confidentiality (D) unnecessary procedures
64. "....., one can do Indian philosophy outside Sanskrit." This remark indicates the current trend that follows the attempts of Vivekananda and Aurobindo to _____ the conventional elitist and exclusive tendency in the study of classical Indian philosophy.
- (A) reintroduce (B) reinforce
(C) remove (D) reassess
65. Russell proposed the elimination of _____ like 'the present King of France' from a perfect language scheme.
- (A) indefinite descriptions (B) definite descriptions
(C) proper names (D) none of these
66. "Meaning is not something external to language-use and therefore there is no gap between what we do in language and the meaning of language." This remark explicates the nature of :
- (A) picture theory (B) language-games
(C) perfect language (D) semantics
67. "Falsificationism' and Incommensurability thesis' represent the initiative of contemporary philosophers of science to challenge the _____ of scientism.
- (A) weakness (B) subjugation
(C) plurality (D) hegemony
68. Noam Chomsky's innatist linguistic theory asserts the existence of :
- (A) universal grammar (B) pragmatics
(C) perfect language (D) all these
69. The term '_____ ' implies the dialectics of the revival of traditional wisdom and/or social revolution.
- (A) Scientism (B) Neo-Vedanta
(C) Neo-Platonism (D) Neo-Colonialism
70. Business ethics insists on entrepreneurs being transparent about the :
- (A) source of labour (B) environmental risks
(C) ingredients used in the product (D) all these