

66/2014

Maximum : 100 marks

Time : 1 hour and 15 minutes

1. Excessive intake of Kulatha results:
(A) Rakta pitta (B) Vata rakta
(C) Amlapitta (D) Udavartha
2. Piltachaya occurs in :
(A) Sarat Ritu (B) Greeshma Ritu
(C) Varsha Ritu (D) Hemauta Ritu
3. Vikasi guna causes :
(A) Sandhi Saithilya and Ojo Visram sa (B) Samjna nasa and Pranoparodha
(C) Nidranasa and Atisara (D) Balakshaya and Agninasa
4. Swedavaha srotho dushti Chikitsa principle is :
(A) Urusthambha Chikitsa (B) Prameha Chikitsa
(C) Seethapilta Chikitsa (D) Jwara Chikitsa
5. The principle for Apatharpana Chikitsa is :
(A) Laghu – Apatharpana (B) Guru – Apatharpana
(C) Rooksha – Apatharpana (D) Sookshma – Apatharpana
6. In Rogotpatti the principles of panchamahabhuta is known as :
(A) Pratithantra Sidhanta (B) Adhikarana Sidhanta
(C) Sarvatantra Sidhanta (D) Abhyupagama Sidhanta
7. Sthanya Vaha srothas is mentioned by :
(A) Susrutha (B) Charaka
(C) Kashyapa (D) Sarngadhara

8. In Dravya – Ardha Souhitya is advocated for :
(A) Madhura (B) Seetha
(C) Snigdha (D) Guru
9. Which one is Adharaniya Vega :
(A) Srama niswasa (B) Soka
(C) Irshya (D) Kama
10. Danta dhavana kashta having :
(A) 6 Anguli (B) 8 Anguli
(C) 10 Anguli (D) 12 Anguli
11. Cell mediated immunity is linked with :
(A) Complimentary system (B) B-Lymphocyte
(C) T-Lymphocyte (D) Bone marrow
12. Janapadodhwamsa the dushti of which factor is important :
(A) Vayu (B) Jala
(C) Desa (D) Kala
13. The snehasayas are ————— in number :
(A) 16 (B) 18
(C) 24 (D) 64
14. Name the Vyapthi in Alpa dosha with Atimatra Vasthi :
(A) Adhmana (B) Klama
(C) Parisrava (D) Parikartika
15. Length of Uttara Vasthi netra for female is :
(A) 8 Angula (B) 10 Angula
(C) 12 Angula (D) 14 Angula

16. Kasaghna dhoomapana is described by :

(A) Charaka

(B) Vagbhata

(C) Susrutha

(D) Bhavaprakasha

17. Uttama matra for Avapeedaka nasya :

(A) 16 Bindhu

(B) 12 Bindhu

(C) 10 Bindhu

(D) 8 Bindhu

18. Prior to Virechana vasthi is indicated in persons with :

(A) Excess exercises

(B) Excess thirst

(C) Excess sleep

(D) All the above

19. Vamana is sukumara sarceera results :

(A) Vatha vridhi

(B) Hridaya pakarshana

(C) Udavartha

(D) Pranoparodha

20. Churna vasthi is mentioned by :

(A) Bhava prakasha

(B) Chakra pani

(C) Adhamalla

(D) Vanga sena

21. The main pathogenic change in the quality (guna) of kapha in kaphaprimeha is :

(A) Athimadhura

(B) Athiseetha

(C) Bahudrava

(D) Bahusnigdha

22. The taste (rasa) of food causing madhumeha according to Acharya Charaka is :

(A) Kashaya, Kadu, Thiktha

(B) Amla, Lavana

(C) All the above

(D) None of the above

23. The type of kushta, not included in 7 types of kushta (sapthakushta) as per Charaka Samhitha :

(A) Dadru

(B) Mandala

(C) Sidhma

(D) Pundareeka

24. The origin (adhishtana) of abhighathaja jwara according to Acharya Charaka is :
- (A) Dushta Mamsa (B) Dushta Sonitha
(C) All the above (D) None of the above
25. The remote cause (Viprakrishta nidana) of Jwara is :
- (A) Abhishanga (B) Rudrakopa
(C) Thridosha (D) Vishamasana
26. In which disease, glittering eyes (Sreemath darsana nethratha) is included as a symptom by Acharya Vagbhada :
- (A) Kshayaja kasa (B) Yamala hikka
(C) Kshathaja kasa (D) Maha hikka
27. The dooshya involved in the pathogenesis(samprapthi) of hridroga as per Madhavanidana is :
- (A) Rasa (B) Medas
(C) Raktha (D) Majja
28. The srothas, not involved in the samprapthi of swasa roga are :
- (A) Pranavahasrothas (B) Annavahasrothas
(C) Udakavahasrothas (D) Rasavahasrothas
29. The type of grahani which is aggravating during day time and relieving during night is :
- (A) Samgraha grahani (B) Vathaja Grahani
(C) Khadiyanthra grahani (D) Pithaja Grahani
30. In which disease, red color in one eye (Raktha eka lochana) is one of the symptom:
- (A) Kshathaja Kasa (B) Chinna Swasa
(C) Pithaja Kasa (D) Maha Swasa
31. The type of Visarpa having cadaveric (savagandhi) smell is :
- (A) Paithika Visarpa (B) Grandhi Visarpa
(C) Agni Visarpa (D) Kardama Visarpa

32. According to ashtangahridaya, the Upadhathu involved in Apabahuka is :
- (A) Snayu (B) Kandara
(C) Sira (D) None of the above
33. In which type of avarana death can happen :
- (A) Udanavritha prana (B) Vyanavritha prana
(C) Pranavritha udana (D) Pranavritha Vyana
34. The decoction with astringent taste (Kashaya Rasa) is contraindicated in Nava Jwara because, it may cause :
- (A) Vishama Jwara (B) Adhmana
(C) Hidhma (D) All the above
35. The line of treatment of Urdhwaga Rakthapitha is :
- (A) Vamana (B) Asthapana
(C) Virechana (D) Rakthamoksha
36. Mahapaisachika ghritham is indicated in :
- (A) Graha (B) Apasmara
(C) Unmada (D) All the above
37. Deeper Q waves, more than 2mm in an ECG are indicative of :
- (A) Ischemic heart disease (B) Myocardial Infarction
(C) Coronary Artery Disease (D) Heart Block
38. In which disease retention of faeces (pureesharakshana) is very important :
- (A) Athisara (B) Rajayakshma
(C) Jwara (D) Vishoochika
39. As per Susrutha Samhitha, anuthaila can be used in Pakshaghatha chikitsa for :
- (A) Abhyangam (B) Panam
(C) Nasyam (D) Anuvasanam

40. The best treatment prescribed for vatharaktha as per Ashtanga Hridaya is :
- (A) Vamana (B) Vasthi
(C) Virechana (D) Rakthamoksha
41. Thakram is best for Grahani roga due to :
- (A) Deepana (B) Laghavam
(C) Grahi (D) All the above
42. The Kernig's sign is positive in :
- (A) Tuberculosis (B) Typhoid
(C) Meningitis (D) Malaria
43. A convenient and suitable test for evaluating the diabetic control for 3 months is :
- (A) GTT (B) GCT
(C) HbA1c (D) FBS
44. Increased Alkaline Phosphatase level in a patient is indicative of :
- (A) Toxic hepatitis (B) Carcinoma Liver
(C) Viral hepatitis (D) All the above
45. Which Sastra is used for the Visravana Karma in Mootra Vridhi :
- (A) Vreehimukha Sastra (B) Ara Sastra
(C) Badisha Sastra (D) Mandalagra Sastra
46. Upadamsha types according to Sushrutha :
- (A) 4 (B) 3
(C) 5 (D) 7
47. Rakta Visravana according to Sushrutha :
- (A) 5 (B) 3
(C) 2 (D) 4
48. Balavarthi mentioned in :
- (A) Vrana in Children (B) Vrana in Shiras
(C) Vrana in Udara (D) Vrana in Uras

49. Wilm's Tumour related to :
- (A) Spleen (B) Kidney
(C) Brain (D) Gall Bladder
50. Hrit peedanam mentioned in which Visha Yoga :
- (A) Dhathu (B) Ksheera
(C) Pushpa (D) Phala
51. Sthavara Visha types according to Charaka and Sushruta :
- (A) 7,7 (B) 8,8
(C) 8,7 (D) 7,8
52. Naga Visha — Khaathaka Matra :
- (A) 10 gm (B) 20 gm
(C) 30 gm (D) 40 gm
53. Types of Sarpa Damsa according to Charaka, Sushruta and Vagbhata :
- (A) 6,3,5 (B) 3,5,6
(C) 5,6,3 (D) 6,3,6
54. According to Sharngadhara Visha Gunas :
- (A) 8 (B) 6
(C) 7 (D) 5
55. In which Rogadhikara Dashamoolarishta mentioned :
- (A) Udara Roga (B) Stree Roga
(C) Kasa Swasa (D) Vatha Vyadhi
56. Bhavana dravya of Chandra prabha Vati :
- (A) Aja dugdham (B) Amalaki Swarasam
(C) Gomootra (D) Dhanyamla
57. Main drug in Arogyavardhini Vati :
- (A) Pippali (B) Chitraka
(C) Guloochi (D) Kutaki

58. Sarpirguda indicated in :
- (A) Kasa (B) Raja yakshma
(C) Kshatha Ksheena (D) Pandu
59. Which is called as Sushka Kalka :
- (A) Vatakam (B) Churnam
(C) Varthi (D) Gulika
60. Bhaanda Matra according to Sarngadhara :
- (A) 1 Pala (B) 2 Pala
(C) 3 Pala (D) 4 Pala
61. The ratio Dravya, Ksheera and Kalka in Ksheera Paka :
- (A) 1:8:32 (B) 1:4:16
(C) 1:8:16 (D) 1:4:32
62. Tandulodaka indicated in :
- (A) Rakthapradara (B) Shushka Arsas
(C) Bhagandara (D) Yakrit Vidradhi
63. Navayasa Churna indicated in :
- (A) Kasa (B) Swasa
(C) Raja Yakshma (D) Pandu
64. Aushadha Virya Hina Kala of Taila :
- (A) 2 months (B) 8 months
(C) 12 months (D) 4 months
65. This drug is not advised for long term use in Rasayana Vidhi :
- (A) Lashuna (B) Pippali
(C) Guluchi (D) Both (A) and (B)
66. Dominant Chandramasi Nadi in female produces ————— progeny.
- (A) Sthree (B) Purusha
(C) Napumsaka (D) Vikruta – Garbha

67. Moro's reflex upto three months is
 (A) Sub normal (B) Abnormal
 (C) Normal (D) None of the above
68. Siravyadha is contra indicated in :
 (A) Suryavatha (B) Ananthavata
 (C) Krimija sirasoola (D) All the above
69. Length of Anjana Salaka according to Susruta is :
 (A) 10 Angula (B) 18 Angula
 (C) 12 Angula (D) 8 Angula
70. Which among the following is not included in Ashtadasa pilla roga?
 (A) Pithotklishtha (B) Sushkakshipaka
 (C) Pakshmasata (D) Amloshita
71. 'Rising sun' appearance is seen in :
 (A) Keratoconus (B) Glomus tumour
 (C) Cortical cataract (D) Primary angle-closure glaucoma
72. Application of panchakola and Kuladha over the breast is advised by Charaka in the treatment of :
 (A) Rooksha sthanya (B) Kukoona
 (C) Sthana vidradhi (D) Virasa sthanya
73. Drava dravya used in the preparation of Lakshadi Taila is :
 (A) Laksha rasa (B) Laksha rasa and Gomuthra
 (C) Laksha rasa and Kanchika (D) Laksha rasa and Masthu
74. Attractive hands and feet are features of ————— Graha badhas.
 (A) Mukha mandita (B) Revati
 (C) Sushka Revati (D) Skanda