## PROVISIONAL ANSWER KEY

Question Paper Code: 16/2017/OL Category Code: 356/2016

Exam: HSST Statistics SR For SC/ST

Medium of Question: English
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Alphacode A

#### Question1:-Quorum of Rajyasabha

A:-25 B:-50

C:-100 D:-250

Correct Answer: - Option-A

## Question2:-State which offers highest wages for unskilled workers under MGNREG Scheme

A:-Kerala

B:-Karnataka

C:-West Bengal

D:-Haryana

Correct Answer:- Option-D

## Question3:-National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development was founded in

A:-1935

B:-1950

C:-1982

D:-1991

Correct Answer:- Option-C

#### Question4:-Spiritual leader who inspired the Channar Rebellion

A:-Sri Narayana Guru

B:-Chattambi Swami

C:-Vaikunda Swami

D:-Ayyavu Swami

Correct Answer:- Option-C

## Question5:-Social reformer who founded Kerala Kaumudi

A:-Sahodaran Ayyappan

B:-Dr. Palpu

C:-Kumaran Asan

D:-C.V. Kunhiraman

Correct Answer:- Option-D

#### Question6:-Vayalar Garjjikkunnu is a poem by

A:-Vayalar Ramavarma

B:-P. Bhaskaran

C:-T.S. Thirumunpu

D:-O.N.V. Kurup

Correct Answer:- Option-B

#### Question7:-District Collector of Malabar who was murdered in connection with Mappila Rebellion

A:-William Logan

B:-H.V. Conolly

C:-William Mclyod

D:-Thomas Warden

Correct Answer:- Option-B

# Question8:-Akkamma Cheriyan was hailed "Jhansi Rani of Travancore" by

A:-Mahatma Gandhi

B:-Jawaharlal Nehru

C:-G.P. Pillai

D:-Pattam Thanu Pillai

Correct Answer: - Option-A

## Question9:-Mukul Mudgal Committee looked into

A:-IPL Spot Fixing

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B:-2G Scam
     C:-Coal Scam
     D:-Common Wealth Games Scam
     Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question10:-Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana was launched in
    A:-January 2014
     B:-April 2014
     C:-August 2014
     D:-January 2015
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question11:-The best method of teaching is
    A:-Lecturing
     B:-Demonstrating
     C:-Discussing
     D:-All of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question12:-Classroom learning becomes lively when the teacher
     A:-Allows a short break
     B:-Entertains students
     C:-Allows discussion
     D:-None of the above
    Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question13:-A teacher should be
     A:-Friendly
     B:-Humorous
     C:-Approachable
     D:-All of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question14:-Students with problems should be
    A:-Ignored
     B:-Guided
     C:-Exposed
     D:-Avoided
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question15:-Most educational research is
     A:-Fundamental Research
     B:-Applied Research
     C:-Action Research
     D:-None of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question16:-In Experimental research, variables are controlled or manipulated so as to
     A:-ensure validity of results
     B:-arrive at sound conclusions
     C:-enable predictions
     D:-all of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question17:-Qualitative Research describes
     A:-'what was'
     B:-'what is'
     C:-'what could be'
     D:-'what will be'
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question18:-Which is a criterion of a good Case Study?
     A:-Validity of data
     B:-Reliability of data
     C:-Objectivity of data
     D:-None of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
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Question19:-When the investigator takes effort to preserve the dignity of the subjects during research, it implies that the researcher has
A:-Credibility
B:-Integrity
C:-Ethics
D:-All of the above
Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question20:-A publication manual that is generally adhered to in the preparation of a research report in Education is
A:-Indian Research Publication Manual
B:-British Publication Manual
C:-American Psychological Association Manual
D:-Research Publication Manual
Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question21:-The word 'Secularism' is added to the preamble of the constitution by the amendment.
A:-42`"^{nd}"`
B:-`24"^{th}"`
C:-`44"^{th}"`
D:-`46"^{th}"`
Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question22:-The freedom to form association does not include
A:-Right to form trade union
B:-Right to form partnership
C:-Right to form political party
D:-Right to strike
Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question23:-Article 43 requires the state to secure by suitable legislation, to all workers.
A:-Minimum wages
B:-Statutory minimum wages
C:-Fair wages
D:-Living wages
Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question24:-Which Article of the Constitution envisages a common civil code for the citizens throughout the territory of India?
A:-Art 42
B:-Art 43
C:-Art 44
D:-Art 48
Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question25:-Indian Constitution was amended for the first time in the year
A:-1953
B:-1950
C:-1951
D:-1952
Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question26:-Which one among the following is the first of the major Environmental Protection Act promulgated in India?
A:-Water Act
B:-Air Act
C:-Forest Conservation Act
D:-Noise Pollution Rule
Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question27:-In order to be eligible for gratuity under the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, an employee should have a
minimum continuous service of
A:-10 years
B:-5 years
C:-7 years
D:-3 years
Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question28:-Under the provisions of prevention of sexual harassment (at work place) Act, the term aggrieved woman means
A:-a woman employee belong to govt. sector
B:-a woman employee belong to private sector

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D:-all of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question29:-According to Right to Information Act, within what time should the information be provided to an applicant in
normal cases
     A:-45 days
     B:-90 days
     C:-60 days
     D:-30 days
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question30:-Who is an adolescent as per Factories Act 1948?
     A:-who has completed 17 years of age
     B:-who is less than 18 years
     C:-who has completed 15 years but less than 18 years
     D:-none of the above
     Correct Answer: - Option-C
Question31:-If A_n = \{(A \text{ if } n \text{ "is odd"}), (B \text{ if } n \text{ "is even"}):\}
then lim inf `A_n=`` `
     A:-`AuuB`
     B:-`quadAnnB`
     C:-`quadA` \(\Delta\)`quadB`
     D:-`phi`
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question32:-Which of the following statement(s) is/are wrong?
I : A monotone field in not a sigma field
II: A sigma field is a monotone field
     A:-I alone
     B:-II alone
     C:-Neither I nor II
     D:-Both I and II
     Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question33:-If `quadmu 1` is a measure defined on a sigma field `quadfrA 1` and `quadmu 2` is a measure defined on a
sigma field `quadfrA 2`, then `quadmu 1+mu 2` is a measure only when
     A:-`quadfrA 1subfrA 2`
     B:-`quadfrA 1supfrA 2`
     C:- `quadfrA 1=frA 2`
     D:-`quadfrA 1!=frA 2`
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question34:-Which of the following statement(s) is/are true?
A: Every subsets of are Borel sets
B: Every Borel set in measurable
     A:-A alone
     B:-B alone
     C:-Neither A nor B
     D:-Both A and B
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question35:-Let `quadl = (0, 1)`, be the Borel field of subsets of `quadl` and `mu` is the Lebesgue measure on
      . For `quadn = 1, 2,....,` if `quadA_n=(0,1/n), mu(lim "sup" A_n)=
     A:-0
     B:-0.5
     C:-1
     D:-\1/n\
     Correct Answer: - Option-A
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generated by the vectors (1, -2, 5, -3), (2, 3, 1, -4) and (3, 8, -3, -5). Then

C:-a domestic worker

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B:-3
    C:-2
    D:-1
    Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question37:-For any arbitrary matrices `quadA` and `quadB`, the sum of ranks of `quadA` and `quadB` is always
    A:-less than rank `quad(A+B)`
    B:-less than or equal to rank`quad(A+B)`
    C:-greater than rank`quad(A+B)`
    D:-greater than or equal to rank`quad(A+B)`
    Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question38:-Let `quadA` and `quadB` are `quadnxxn` square matrices. Then the eigen values of `quadAB` are same as
the eigen values of
    A:-`quadA+B`
    B:-`quadA-B`
    C:-`quadB-A`
    D:-`quadBA`
    Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question 39: The quadratic polynomial corresponds to the matrix \hat{A} = ((1,0,1/2),(0,0,-1),(1/2,-1,0)) is
    A:-^2+1/2xz-xy
    B:-`quadx^2-2yz+xz`
    C:-`quadx^2+1/2vz-xv`
    D:-`quadx^2+yz-2xz`
    Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question40:-Let `quadP` be an `quadmxxm` orthogonal matrix, `quadQ` be an `quadnxxn` orthogonal matrix and `quadA`
any `quadmxxn` matrix. If `quadA^T` denote the transpose of `quadA` and `quadA^-` denote the generalized inverse of
`A`, then the generalized inverse of `quadPAQ` is
    A:-quadP^TA^{-}Q^T
    B:-`quadQ^TA^{-}P^T`
    C:-`quadPA^{-}Q`
    D:-`quadQA^{-}P`
    Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question41:-If 'quad\{A n\}' is a sequence of events on a probability space (\Omega, 'quadA,P)' such that 'quadA n->A'
as `quadn->oo` , then what is the value of lim`quadP(A n)`?
    A:-zero
    B:-one
    C:-`quadP(A)`
    D:-need not exist
    Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question42:-If `quadA` and `quadB` are mutually exclusive events, each with positive probabilities, then they are
    A:-independent events
    B:-dependent events
    C:-equally likely events
    D:-exhaustive events
    Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question43:-If \quad{A n} is a sequence of events such that \quad sum (k=1) \cap OP(A k) = oo, then
`quadP(lim"sup"A n)=1` provided events are
    A:-equally likely
    B:-Mutually exclusive
    C:-independent
    D:-pair-wise mutually exclusive
    Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question44:-Let \quad 1^{a} = 1 be a sequence of events such that \quad 1^{a} = 1 and \quad 4^{a} = 1
A^c 2... `A \{k-1\}^c A \vec{k} for `quadk>=2` , in which `quadA^c` is the complement of `quadA` . Then the sequence of
events `quad{B n}` are
    A:-Pair-wise independent
    B:-Mutually independent
    C:-Mutually dependent
    D:-Pair-wise mutually exclusive
    Correct Answer:- Option-D
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A:-4

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A:-infinity
                  B:-unity
                  C:-zero
                  D:-indeterminate
                  Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question46:-If `quadX` is a symmetric random variable with distribution function `quadF` and real valued characteristic
function \Phi, then for any `quadx` in \Re, `quadF(x)=`
                  A:-`quadF(-x)`
                  B:-`quadF(-x-0)`
                  C:-`quadF(-x-0)-1`
                  D:-`quad1-F(-x-0)`
                  Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question47:-If the characteristic function \Phi of distribution function `quadF` is absolutely integrable on \Re , then for
any`quadx` in \Re , `quad f'={dF(x)}/dx` is
                  A:-bounded
                  B:-uniformly continuous
                  C:-both (1) and (2)
                  D:-Neither (1) nor (2)
                  Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question48:-Let `quadX` and `quadX n` be independent standard normal variables on a probability space (Ω, `quadfrA,P)` `
   , for \hat{s} = 1. Then which of the following is not true?
                  A:-`X nstackrel(P)(->)X`
                  B:-`X_nstackrel(d)(->)X`
                  C:= \quad C:= 
                  D:-^quadVar(X n-X)=2^q
                  Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question 49:- The sequence \quad \text{quad}\{X \text{ n}\} of independent random variables, each with finite second moment, obeys SLLN if
                  A:- quadsum (k=1) ooVar(X k)<00
                  B:-^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo{Var(X_k)}/k<oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^quadsum_(k=1)^oo^qu
                  C:- quadsum (k=1)^oo{Var(X k)}/sqrt(k)<oo
                  D:-^quadsum (k=1)^o0{Var(X k)}/k^o2<00^o
                  Correct Answer:- Option-D
quadP(X k=+-k)=1/2k^-Lambda` and `quadP(X k=0)=1-k^-Lambda`, for `quadk>=1`
Then the sequence does not obey CLT if
                  A:-`quadLambda=0`
                  B:-`quadLambda=1`
                  C:-`quadLambdain(0,1/2)`
                  D:-`quadLambdain(1/2,1)`
                  Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question51:-Let `quadX` be a random variable with probability mass function
 `quad p(x) = \{((6)/(pi^2 x^2) \text{ for } x=1 ; -2 ; 3; -4 ...), (0 elsewhere):}`
Then
                  A:- quadE(X)=oo`
                  B:-`quadE(X)` exists
                  C:-`quadE(X)<oo` and `quadE(X)` exists
                  D:-`quadE(X)<oo`, but `quadE(X)` does not exist
                  Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question52:-Let `quad(X,Y)` has joint density
 \quadf(x,y)=\{(1/8(6-x-y)\ 0<=x<2;\ 2<=y<4),(0\ "elsewhere"):\}
Then \quadP(X+Y<3)=\
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Question45:-If `quadX` is a random variable with finite expectation, then the value of `quadxP(X<-x)` as `quadx->oo` is

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A:-`5/24`
     B:-`5/8`
     C:-\3/8\
     D:-None of these
    Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question53:-If `quadX` and `quadY` are two random variables having finite expectations, then the value
of \displaystyle \left[ \min^{X,Y} + \max^{X,Y} \right] \right) is
     A:-less than `quadE(XY)`
     B:-less than `quadE(X+Y)`
    C:-equal to `quadE(XY)`
     D:-equal to`quadE(X+Y)`
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question54:-The Poisson distribution `quadP(Lambda)` is unimodal when
     A:-`quadlambda` is not an integer
     B:-`quadlambda` is an integer
     C:-Both (1) and (2)
     D:-Neither (1) nor (2)
     Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question55:-Which of the following distribution is not a member of power series family of distributions?
     A:-Binomial
     B:-Poisson
     C:-Geometric
     D:-Hypergeometric
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question56:-If `quadX` follows normal `quadN(mu,sigma)` , then the approximate value of `quadE{|X-mu|}` is
     A:-Zero
     B:-`sigma`
     C:-`quad4/5sigma`
     D:-`quadsqrt(4/Pi)sigma`
    Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question57:-If 'quadX' is uniformly distributed with mean unity and variance 0.75, then 'quadP(X>1)='
     A:-0.25
     B:-0.5
     C:-0.75
     D:-1
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question58:-If `quadX` follows normal `quadN(mu,Sigma)` , then `quadY=e^X` follows
     A:-Log-normal distribution
     B:-Exponential distribution
     C:-Logistic distribution
     D:-Pareto distribution
     Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question59:-If `quadX_j` follows exponential `quadE(Theta_j)` distribution, for `quadj=1,2,...,n,` then the distribution
of `quad"min"{X 1,X 2,...,X n}`
    A:-`quadE(Theta_j)`
    B:-^E (prod_{j=1}^n theta j)^E
     C:-^quadE(sum (j=1)^nTheta j)^r
     D:-`quadE["min"{Theta 1,Theta 2,...,Theta n}]`
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question60:-The mode of `quadF` -distribution is
     A:-always less than unity
     B:-sometimes less than unity
     C:-always greater than unity
     D:-sometimes equal to unity
     Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question61:-"Simple random sampling" is the technique of drawing a sample in such a way that each unit of the population
     A:-distinct and dependent chance of being included in the sample
     B:-distinct but independent chance of being included in the sample
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C:-an equal but dependent chance of being included in the sample

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Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question62:-In SRSWR with usual notations, the standard error of the sample mean `quadbary` is
     A:-`quadS({N-n}/{Nn})^{1/2}`
     B:-\quadS({N-1}/{Nn})^{1/2}
     C:-^quadS(1-{n}/{N})^{1/2}
     D:-^quadS/n(1-{1}/{N})^{1/2}
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question63:-The formulae for optimum allocation in various strata in stratified sampling were first derived by
     A:-Tschuprov
     B:-Cochran
     C:-Lahiri
     D:-Neymann
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question64:-The ratio estimator of population mean is unbiased if sampling is done according to
     A:-PPSWR
     B:-PPSWOR
     C:-SRSWR
     D:-SRSWOR
     Correct Answer: - Option-A
Ouestion65:-The cluster sampling is more efficient when
     A:-the variation within clusters in more
     B:-the variation between clusters is less
     C:-both (1) and (2)
     D:-neither (1) nor (2)
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Ouestion66:-Local control is a device to maintain
     A:-homogeneity within blocks
     B:-homogeneity among blocks
     C:-both (1) and (2)
     D:-neither (1) nor (2)
     Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question67:-In a linear model `quadY {ij}=alpha i+e {ij},``quadj=1,2,...,n i;``quadi=1,2,...,k,` consider
(i) `quadalpha 1-3alpha 2+alpha 3+alpha 4`
(ii) `quadalpha 1+3alpha 2-alpha 3-alpha 4`
(iii) `quadalpha 1+3alpha 2-2alpha 3-2alpha 4`
Then which of the following is correct?
     A:-(i) and (ii) are linear contrasts
     B:-(i) and (iii) are linear contrasts
     C:-(ii) and (iii) are linear contrasts
     D:-(i), (ii) and (iii) are linear contrasts
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question68:-While analyzing the data of a `quadkxxk` Latin Square Design, the degrees of freedom in the ANOVA is
     A:-`quadk^2-1`
     B:-`quadk-1`
     C:-`quadk^2-2k+1`
     D:-`quad(k-1)(k-2)`
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question69:-In a split plot design with factor `quadA` at 3 levels in main plots, factor `quadB` at 3 levels in sub-plots and 3
replications, the degrees of freedom for sub-plot error is
     A:-27
     B:-12
     C:-8
     D:-4
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question70:-If the interactions `quadAB` and `quadBC` are confounded with incomplete blocks in a `quad2^n` factorial
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D:-an equal and independent chance of being included in the sample

experiment, then automatically confounded effect is

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B:-`quadC`
     C:-`quadAC`
     D:-`quadABC`
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question71:-Which among the following is a consistent estimator of the population mean when samples are from the
Cauchy population?
     A:-Sample mean
     B:-Sample median
     C:-Sample variance
     D:-None of these
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question72:-If the regularity conditions of the CR inequality are violated then the least attainable variance will be
     A:-equal to the CR bound
     B:-greater than the CR bound
     C:-less than the CR bound
     D:-zero
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question73:-A method to obtain the UMVUE is by using
     A:-Rao-Blackwell Theorem
     B:-Baye's Theorem
     C:-Neymann-Pearson Theorem
     D:-Lehmann-Scheffe Theorem
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question74:-A complete-sufficient statistic for `p` in the Bernoulli distribution
(x, p) = p^x (1-p)^x; x=0, 1.
= 0 `"otherwise"` is
    A:-The first order statistic X_{(1)}
     B:-The n' ''^{th}'' order statistic X_{(n)}
     C:-`sum (i=1)^n X i`
     D:-`X {(n)}-X {(1)}`
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question75:-The least square estimators are
     A:-Unbiased
     B:-BLUE
     C:-UMVUE
     D:-All these
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question 76:-A 95% confidence interval for \lambda, when a large sample is taken from a Poisson population with parameter \lambda is
     A:-`bar x ``+- 1.65``sqrt((bar x)/(n))
     B:-`lambda+- 1.65 sqrt((lambda)/(n)) `
     C:-bar x+-1.96 sqrt((bar x)/(n))
     D:-`lambda +- 1.96sqrt((lambda)/(n)) `
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question77:-The minimum Chi-squared estimators are not necessarily
     A:-Unbiased
     B:-Consistent
     C:-Efficient
     D:-Asymptotically normal
     Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question 78:- Which one of the following statements is true?
     A:-Even if the UMP test does not exist, a UMPU test may exist
     B:-Even if the UMPU test does not exist, a UMP test may exist
     C:-A UMP test exists only if a UMPU test exists
     D:-A UMPU test exists only if a UMP test exists
     Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question79:-In paired `t` test the two random variables should be
     A:-Paired and uncorrelated
     B:-Unpaired and correlated
     C:-Both paired and correlated
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A:-`quadA`

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D:-Neither paired nor correlated
         Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question80:-With usual notations, the criterion for acceptance in SPRT is
         A:-\label{eq:alpha} A:-\label{eq:alpha} A:-\label{eq:alpha} (1-beta))/(alpha) `
         B:-^lambda m >= ((1-beta))/(alpha)^l
         C:-\label{c:condition} C:-\label{c:conditio
         D:-\ lambda m >= (beta)/((1-alpha)\)
         Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question81:-The Poisson process with parameter λ is a renewal counting process for which the unit lifetimes have
distribution with common parameter \lambda.
         A:-Poisson
         B:-Exponential
         C:-Uniform
         D:-Geometric
         Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question82:-Let \{X \text{ n, n} = 0, 1, 2...\} be a Branching process and the corresponding offspring distribution has a pgf Y \text{ P}(s)
=(2)/(3) + (s+s^2)/(6) Find the probability of extinction of the process
         B:-0.25
         C:-0.66
         D:-1
         Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question83:-Let \{X n\} be a renewal process with mu = E(X 1) < \infty and if M(t) is the renewal function, then
`lim (t->oo) (M (t))/(t) = .....`
         A:-`(1)/(mu) `
         B:-`mu
         C:-`(t)/(mu) `
         D:-`(mu)/(t) `
         Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question84:-If `X i`'s are independent Poisson variates with respective parameters `lambda i`, for `i = 1, 2, ...k`, then the
conditional distribution of `X_1, X_2,... X_k` given their sum `sum_(i=1)^k X_i = n` is a _____ distribution with
parameters
                                         and
         A:-Binomial with parameters `n` and `(1)/(k)`
         B:-Binomial with parameters `k` and `(1)/(n)`
         C:-Multinomial with parameters `n` and `(1)/(k)`
         D:-Multinomial with parameters k and (1)/(n)
         Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question85:-If `(X 1, X 2)` is a Bivariate normal random vector with parameters `(mu {X1}, mu {X2}, sigma ^2 X 1,
sigma^2_X_2, rho), when sigma^2_X_1 = sigma^2_X_2 and rho = 0, the density function is called
         A:-Elliptical Normal
         B:-Circular Normal
         C:-Symmetrical Normal
         D:-Uniform Normal
         Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question86:-If the random vector `X` follows Multivariate Normal distribution with mean vector 0 and dispersion matrix `I`
and Q_i = X^i A_i X are quadratic forms of rank r_i such that \sum_{i=1}^{n} A_i = I_p, then a necessary and sufficient
condition for `Q i `s to be distributed as independent chi-square random variables with `r i` d.f is that
         A:-` sum (i=1)^k r i=k`
         B:-`sum (i=1)^k r i = p`
         C:-`sum (i=1)^k r i=0`
         D:-sum (i=1)^k r i = kp
         Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question87:-The relationship between partial correlation coefficients `r {ij.k},` multiple correlation
coefficients `R_{i.jk}` and simple correlation coefficients `r_{ij}` is
         A:-R^2 1.23 = 1 + (1-r^2 12) (1 - r^2 13.2)
         B:-^R2 1.23 = 1 - (1- ^22 12) (1- ^22 13.2)
        C:-R^2_{1.23} = 1 + (1-r^2_{12})// (1-r^2_{13.2})
         D:-^R^2 1.23 = 1- (1-^2 12) // (1-^2 13.2)
         Correct Answer:- Option-B
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Question88:-Hotelling's `T^2` statistic and Mahalnobis `D^2` statistic are connected by the relationship

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A:-D^2 = ((N 1 N 2))/((N 1+N 2)) T^2
          B:-D^2 = ((N 1 N 2))/((N 1-N 2)) T^2
          C:-D^2 = ((N_1-N_2))/((N_1 N_2)) T^2
          D:-D^2 = ((N 1 + N 2))/((N 1 N 2)) T^2
          Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question89:-In principal component analysis the variances of the Principal Components are the of the covariance
matrix.
          A:-diagonal elements
          B:-eigen values
          C:-normalized elements
          D:-non-zero elements
          Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question 90:- For discriminating between two populations R.A. Fisher suggested the linear discriminant function `X'I` for
which
          A:-` ("(mean difference)"^2)/("variance")`
          B:-`("mean difference")^2/("A.M.")`
          C:-`("mean difference")/("median")`
          D:-`("variance")/("mean difference")`
          Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question91:-Assume that the time to failure `(T)` for a certain bulb has an exponential distribution `f ((t)/(lambda))` with
parameter `lambda >0` with the prior pdf `g (lambda)` of `lambda` is an exponential distribution with parameter 2. Then
the posterior pdf of `lambda` given T = t is
          A:-^(2)/(t+2)^
          B:-`(lambda)/(e^lambda (t+2))`
          C:-(lambda e^(lambda (t+2)))/((t+2)^2)
          D:-(lambda (t+2)^2)/(e^(lambda (t+2)))
          Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question92:-The basic elements of statistical decision theory is
          A:-a space \Omega = \{ul \text{ theta}\}\ of all possible states of nature
          B:-an action space A = \{a\} of all possible courses of action
          C:-a loss function `L (ul theta, a)` giving the incurred loss when action `a` is taken and the state is `ul theta`
          D:-all these
          Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question 93:-When there is no censoring for the life length `T`, the general formula of a survival function is
          A:- hat \{S(t)\} = (" \# of individuals with " T >= t)/("total sample size")
          B:- hat \{S(t)\} = (" \# of individuals with" T <= t)/("total sample size")`
          C:- hat \{S(t)\} = (" \# of individuals with " T = t)/("total sample size")
          D:-\hat \{S(t)\} = (" \# of individuals with" T = 0)/("total sample size")\)
          Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question94:-The Cox's Proportional Hazard Model (Cox's PH Model) with explanatory variables `ul X = (X 1, X 2, ... X p),
beta i` their regression coefficients and `h 0 (t)` a base line hazard, is `h (t, ul X) = `
          A:-e^{h 0 (t) sum (i=1)^p beta i X i}
          B:-\log h \ 0 \ (t) + sum \ (i=1)^p beta \ i \ X \ i
          C:-`h_0 (t) e sum_(i=1)^p beta_i X_i`
          D:-^e(h 0 (t)) sum (i=1)^p beta i X i^n
          Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question 95:-When an inspection lot contains no defectives the OC function `L (p)` is
          A:-^L(p) = 1
          B:-L(p) = oo'
          C:- L(p) = 0
          D:-None of these
          Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question 96:- In a Time series data, the two main components which cause lack of stationarity are
          A:-Seasonal and irregular variations
          B:-Cyclic and irregular variations
          C:-Trend and cyclic variations
          D:-Trend and seasonal variations
          Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question 97:-In the ARMA (1, 1) model Z t = \hat 
and invertilibility are respectively
```

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A:-` | phi | \leq 1 and | theta | < 1` with `phi != theta`
     B:-` | phi | \leq 1 and | theta | < 1` with `phi = theta`
     C:-\ | phi | > 1  and | theta | > 1<math>\  with \ phi! = theta \ 
     D:-` | phi | > 1 and | theta | > 1` with `phi = theta`
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question98:-In a Linear programming Problem with `n + m` variables and `m` constraints the number of basic solutions is
     A:-((n+m),(m))
     B:-`((n),(m))`
     C:-`((m),(n))`
     D:-((n+m),(n-m))
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question 99:-If the demand curve is of the form p = a^{-bx}, where p is the price and x is the demand, then the
price elasticity of demand is
     A:-\`eta p = bx\`
     B:-^{\cdot}eta p = - bx^{\cdot}
     C:-\'eta p = 1//bx\'
     D:-\dot{p} = -1 // bx
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question100:-The Engel's curves for constant prices and those for constant incomes are respectively
     A:-Concave and Convex
     B:-Convex and Concave
     C:-Both Concave
     D:-Both Convex
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
```