FINAL ANSWER KEY

Question Paper Code: 66/2019/OL Category Code: 011/2019

Exam: Assistant Pofessor in Pulmonary Medicine

Medium of Question:EnglishDate of Test01-01-2020DepartmentMedical Education

Alphacode A

Question1:-Which among the following is a marker for Type II alveolar epithelial cells

A:-Caveolin 1 B:-Aquaporin 5

C:-Carboxypeptidase M D:-Alkaline phosphatase

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question2:-Regarding cervical rib, which among the following is FLASE

A:-It is bilateral in 80% of cases

B:-Symptom due to compression are more prevalent in males

C:-More common on the left side

D:-The production of symptoms bears no relation to the size of the rib

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question3:-Which among the following group is least likely to progress to active tuberculosis once infected with tubercle bacilli

A:-Patients on TNF alpha inhibitors

B:-Silicosis

C:-Post jejunoileal bypass

D:-Post renal transplant patients

Correct Answer: - Option-A

Question4:-Which among the following antibiotics has got good penetration to respiratory secretions

A:-Cephalosporins

B:-Vancomycin

C:-Macrolides

D:-Carbapenems

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question5:-Which among the following Immunohistochemistry marker is not useful in diagnosing lung adenocarcinoma is

A:-LeuM1

B:-Napsin A

C:-Surfactant protein A

D:-TTF-1

Correct Answer:-Question Cancelled

Question6:-All the following are mast cell mediators EXCEPT

A:-Tryptase

B:-Chymase

C:-Elastase

D:-Collagenase

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question7:-Difference between the alveolar and pleural pressures is termed as

A:-Transthoracic pressure

B:-Transpulmonary pressure

C:-Trans alveolar pressure

D:-Trans bronchial pressure

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question8:-As per the 2019 WHO guidelines on drug resistant Tuberculosis treatment, all the following are highly effective and strongly recommended for inclusion in all oral longer regimens EXCEPT

A:-Levofloxacin

B:-Bedaquiline

C:-Ethionamide

D:-Linezolid

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question9:-The minute ventilation above which route of airflow switches from predominately nasal to oronasal breathing is

A:-10L/min

B:-16L/min

C:-24L/min

D:-30L/min

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question10:-Regarding honeycomb spaces in usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP) all are true EXCEPT

A:-Results from parenchymal remodeling with formation of new airspaces

B:-Have thickened and irregular walls

C:-There will be destruction of normal airspaces

D:-They have abundant and well collagenized connective tissue

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question11:-Regarding Bedaquiline which is FALSE

A:-Belongs to the diarylquinoline class

B:-Targets the rpoB gene encoding the subunit c of the ATP synthase of Mycobacterium tuberculosis

C:-Binds to the oligomeric and proteolipic subunit c of mycobacterial ATP synthase

D:-Bedaquiline is rapidly absorbed orally

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question12:-About Riociguat which is true

A:-Stimulator of soluble guanylate cyclase (sGC)

B:-Inhibitor of soluble guanylate cyclase (sGC)

C:-Stimulator of Cyclic GMP (cGMP)

D:-Inhibitor of cyclic GMP (cGMP)

Correct Answer: - Option-A

Question13:-SERAPHIN trial is related to management of

A:- Lung Cancer

B:-Idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

C:-COPD

D:-pulmonary arterial hypertension

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question14:-"Differentiation syndrome" is an adverse event seen during treatment with

A:-Gefitinib

B:-All-trans retinoic acid

C:-Paclitaxel

D:-Docetaxel

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question15:-Searles and Mckendry diagnostic criteria is used to detect pulmonary involvement due to

A:-Bleomycin

B:-Cyclophosphamide

C:-Methotrexate

D:-Actinomycin D

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question16:-Predictive postoperative lung function should be estimated for patients with and FEV1 or DLco less than

A:-80% of predicted

B:-60% of predicted

C:-50% of predicted

D:-40% of predicted

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question17:-Intraoperative risk factors associated with the development of postoperative pulmonary complication is least for

A:-Hip surgery

B:-Head and neck surgery

C:-Neurosurgery

D:-Thoracic surgery

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question18:-In Tsuboi classification of tumor-bronchus relationship, when the bronchus is compressed, narrowed, and displaced by the tumor, but the bronchial mucosa is intact will be categorized as which pattern

A:-Type I

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B:-Type II
     C:-Type III
     D:-Type IV
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question19:-Flexible fiber optic bronchoscopy was pioneered by
    A:-Gustav Kilian
     B:-Ikeda
     C:-Schieppati
     D:-Wang
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question 20:- In order to maintain procedural competence for medical thoracoscopy, minimum number of procedures to be
performed yearly by operator should be
     A:-2
     B:-5
     C:-8
     D:-10
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question21:-Anti TB drug which can cause metallic taste
     A:-Bedaquilline
     B:-Delamanide
     C:-Fluroquinolone
     D:-both A and C
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question22:-Acid fastness is a property of all of the following organisms except
     A:-Rhodococcos
     B:-Legionella micadadei
     C:-Cryptococcus
     D:-Isospora
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question23:-Treatment of LTBI can reduce the risk of progression to active disease by abou ------%
     A:-30%
     B:-60%
     C:-80%
     D:-90%
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question24:-The cut off value (confirmed by repeat ECG) of QTcF value above which all the QTc prolonging
drugs should be discontinued.
     A:-440ms
     B:-470ms
     C:-500ms
     D:-520ms
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question25:-TB meningitis should be treated with first line ATT for at least----- months
     A:-6
     B:-9
     C:-12
     D:-15
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question26:-Regarding starting DRTB drugs in a HIV infected patient, pick the wrong statement
     A:-Unlike drug sensitive pulmonary tuberculosis, ART should be started along with DRTB drugs.
     B:-HIV infected DRTB patients without the benefit of ART may experience mortality rates exceeding 90%
     C:-For servere IRIS syndrome prednisolone is the recommended drug.
     D:-For all new HIV co infected patients recommended ART is FDC of TLE (Tenofovir, Lamivudine and Efavirenz)
     Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question27:-Pick the incorrect statement regarding tubercular pleural effusion
     A:-Pleural fluid ADA values less than 40 U/L virtually rules out tuberculosis
     B:-ADA activity correlates with CD4+ T lymphocyte cell infiltration in the pleura and pleural fluid
     C:-Haemolysed blood in fluid sample may cause false over estimation of ADA
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D:-ADA1:ADA2 ratio less than 0.45 is highly suggestive of tuberculosis

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question28:-The non tubercular mycobacterium proposed to have an etiological relationship with Crohns disease is

A:-M.interjectum

B:-M.avium subsp. Paratuberculosis

C:-M.intracellulare

D:-M.chimaera

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question29:-Regarding VAT (ventilator associated tracheobronchitis) pick the wrong statement

A:-It can be associated with fever and purulent tracheal secretions

B:-There is absence of new infiltrate on chest X-ray

C:-Non antibiotic treatment is recommended

D:-Most common organism implicated is pneumococcus

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question30:-Which of the following is a extracellular functioning PRR(Pattern Recognition Receptor)

A:-TLR 6

B:-TLR 3

C:-NLR

D:-RIG-I

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question31:-The pneumonia which is often associated with bullous myringitis

A:-Mycoplasma pneumonia

B:-Pneumococcal pneumonia

C:-Staphylococcal pneumonia

D:-Legionella pneumonia

Correct Answer: - Option-A

Question32:-False positive beta-D glucan assay is seen with all except.

A:-Intra Venous Immunoglobulin

B:-Intra Venous Piperacillin-Tazobactam

C:-Pseudomonas bacteraemia

D:-Intra Venous Ringer lactate

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question33:-Which of the following is not true regarding Anthrax

A:-It is also called Brad Ford disease

B:-There is no human to human transmission

C:-Causative agent is a large, square ended gram negative bacilli

D:-Widening of the mediastinum or prominence of hilar modes is the earliest radiological finding

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question34:-In cystic fibrosis select the wrong statement

A:-The first genetic marker that was found to be linked to cystic fibrosis was Paraoxanase

B:-60% of patients have meconium ileus as the initial manifestation

C:-In CF pancreatic insufficiency a malabsorption coefficient of > 7% is considered abnormal

D:-T5 polymorphism expressed with R117H result in CBAVD

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question35:-All the above are features of Lofgren's syndrome except

A:-Erythema nodosum

B:-Bilateral hilar adenopathy

C:-Polyarthritis

D:-Lupus pernio

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question36:-HRCT pattern consistent with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis are all except

A:-Peribronchovascular predominance

B:-Subpleural basal predominance

C:-Honeycombing

D:-Reticular abnormality

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question37:-The drug recommended for the treatment of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

A:-Corticosteroid

B:-Nintedanib

C:-N acetyl cysteine

D:-Azathioprine Correct Answer:- Option-B Question38:-GAP score is used as a mortality predictor in which condition? A:-Idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis B:-COPD C:-Asthma D:-None of the above Correct Answer: - Option-A Question39:-Reversed halo sign is seen in all conditions except A:-Cryptogenic organising pneumonia B:-Mucormycosis C:-Idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis D:-Pulmonary infarction Correct Answer:- Option-C Question40:-The usual time frame for the development of radiation pneumonitis is A:-1 week to 1 month B:-within 2 weeks C:-6 weeks to 6 months D:-None of the above Correct Answer:- Option-C Question41:-Causes of acute respiratory distress in SLE patient is A:-Community acquired pneumonia B:-Acute lupus pneumonitis C:-pulmonary embolism D:-All of the above Correct Answer:- Option-D Question42:-Caplan syndrome is seen in A:-Rheumatoid arthritis B:-Systematic lupus erythematosus C:-Systemic sclerosis D:-Polymyositis dermatomyositis Correct Answer: - Option-A Question43:-The most common ILD pattern in systemic sclerosis is A:-Usual interstitial pneumonia B:-Non-specific interstitial pneumonia C:-Cryptogenic organising pneumonia D:-Diffuse alveolar damage Correct Answer:- Option-B Question44:-Birbeck granules is seen in A:-Systemic sclerosis B:-systemic lupus erythematosus C:-Sjogren's syndrome D:-Langerhans cell histiocytosis Correct Answer:- Option-D Question45:-Black pleura sign is seen in A:-Pulmonary alveolar haemorrhage B:-Langerhans cell histiocytosis C:-Lymphangioleiomyomatosis D:-Pulmonary alveolar microlithiasis Correct Answer:- Option-D Question46:-The most common antimicrobial agent that causes pulmonary fibrosis A:-Azithromycin B:-Ciprofloxacin C:-Nitrofurantoin D:-cefepime Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question47:-Most common genetic mutation seen in cystic fibrosis is

A:-ΔF508 B:-R117H

C:-G551D D:-R227H Correct Answer: - Option-A Question48:-Oral drug ivacaftor is used in the treatment of A:-Lymphangioleiomyomatosis B:-Pulmonary alveolar proteinosis C:-Cystic fibrosis D:-Sarcoidosis Correct Answer:- Option-C Question49:-Vanishing lung syndrome is seen in which condition A:-Systemic sclerosis B:-bullous lung disease C:-diaphragm palsy D:-pulmonary alveolar proteinosis Correct Answer:- Option-B Question50:-All are used in tobacco smoking cessation except A:-Nicotine replacement therapy B:-Bupropion C:-varenicline D:-e-cigarette Correct Answer:- Option-D Question51:-Empey's index is A:-FEV1:PEFR ratio B:-FEV1/FVC ratio C:-FEV1/MMEF ratio D:-MMEF/FVC ratio Correct Answer: - Option-A Question52:-Diagnostic criteria for obesity hypoventilation syndrome include all except A:-BMI>30 kg/ $m^{(2)}$ B:-Daytime Pa`CO_(2)` >45mmHg C:-Daytime Pa'O (2)' <60mmHg D:-Sleep disordered breathing Correct Answer:- Option-C Question53:-Which of the following feature is not a part of the Well's Score for predicting the probability of Pulmonary Embolism? A:-HR>100 B:-Haemoptysis C:-Age>50 D:-Malignancy Correct Answer:- Option-C Question54:-Which among the following is not true regarding Pulmonary veno occlusive disease? A:-Pulmonary Hypertension B:-Radiographic evidence of pulmonary edema C:-Raised PAWP D:-Lymphatic dilatation at the lung bases and pleura Correct Answer:- Option-C Question55:-McConnells sign is a sonologic sign diagnostic of : A:-Lung cancer B:-Pleural effusion C:-Pneumothorax D:-Pulmonary embolism Correct Answer:- Option-D Question56:-What is the most likely cause of pulmonary aneurysm? A:-Mycotic B:-Behcet disease C:-Traumatic D:-Congenital

Correct Answer:-Question Cancelled

Question57:-Curacao diagnostic criteria is used to diagnose which of the following?

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A:-Henoch-Schönlein purpura
     B:-Wegner's granulomatosis
     C:-Christmas disease
     D:-Hereditary hemorrhagic telengectasia
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question58:-A flow volume loop is showing plateauing of the inspiratory loop only. The most likely cause is:
     A:-Fixed extra-thoracic obstruction
     B:-Variable extra-thoracic obstruction
     C:-Fixed intra-thoracic obstruction
     D:-Variable intra-thoracic obstruction
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question59:-A patient with severe COPD enters a respiratory rehabilitation program. This is most likely to improve:
     A:-ABG's
     B:-Survival
     C:-Exercise tolerance
     D:-Spirometry
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question60:-Fatal asthma attacks are best predicted by:
     A:-Onset in childhood
     B:-Increased bronchodilator use
     C:-Smoking
     D:-Atopy
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question61:-According to GOLD Guidelines 2019, Inhaled steroids are not considered beneficial if AEC is less than
     A:-400
     B:-300
     C:-200
     D:-100
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question62:-Which of the following parameters would be needed to calculate a patient's BODE index?
     A:-Pre bronchodilator FEV1%
     B:-Height
     C:-Resting PaO2
     D:-VO2Max
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question63:-Which of the following is likely to be positive in a case of Follicular bronchiolitis?
     A:-Anticyclic citrullinated peptide antibody
     B:-Liver-kidney microsomal type 1 (LKM-1) antibody
     C:-ACE
     D:-Anti DS antibody
     Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question64:-In a case of COPD with pulmonary hypertension (Mean PAP 50 mm Hg), which is the best form of treatment?
    A:-Sildenafil
     B:-Bosentran
     C:-Epoprostenol
     D:-None
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question65:-Which among the following is the most pathognomic radiologic sign of ABPA?
     A:-Central bronchiectasis
     B:-High attenuation mucus
     C:-Gloved finger sign
     D:-Fleeting shadows
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question66:-Which among the following pattern of calcification in a SPN is considered to increase likelihood of malignancy?
    A:-Popcorn
     B:-Diffuse
     C:-Stippled
     D:-Laminated
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
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Question67:-According to current TNM classification of Non Small Cell Ca lung, a tumor of size 6 cm in right upper lobe with a satellite nodule of 1 cm in the same lobe, subcarinal lymph node and pleural fluid cytology positive belongs to which stage? A:-T2N1M1a B:-T3N1M1a C:-T2N2M1b D:-T3N2M1a Correct Answer:- Option-D Question68:-Which of the following IHC stains is most useful for identifying adenocarcinoma of pulmonary origin from metastatic lesions? A:-Calretinin & CK5/6 B:-Synaptophysin & chromogranin C:-Thyroid transcription factor & thyroglobulin D:-P63 Correct Answer:- Option-C Question69:-Which is the commonest cell type of scar carcinoma? A:-Squamous cell carcinoma B:-Adeno carcinoma C:-Small cell carcinoma D:-Large cell carcinoma Correct Answer:- Option-B Question 70: Positive predictors of response to EGFR targeted therapy in lung cancer include all the following except: A:-Asian ethnicity B:-Never smokers C:-Adenocarcinoma D:-K-ras mutations Correct Answer:- Option-D Question71:-Pemberton's sign is used to demonstrate which disease? A:-Pulmonary embolism B:-Pleural effusion C:-Retrosternal goiter D:-Pancoast tumour Correct Answer:- Option-C Question72:-Most common location for ectopic parathyroid tumour is A:-Anterior mediastinum B:-Posterior mediastinum C:-Chest wall D:-None of above Correct Answer: - Option-A Question73:-Calcification in mediastinal neuroblastoma is A:-Rare B:-Seen in 50% C:-Seen in 80% D:-Usually do not calcify Correct Answer:- Option-C Question74:-In castlemans disease HHV 8 is implicated in patho genesis of A:-Multicentric disease B:-Unicentric disease C:-Both D:-Not associated Correct Answer: - Option-A

Question75:-Which of following statements regarding Solitary fibrous tumour of pleura are true

A:-Also called benign mesothelioma

B:-Asbestos is a known etiologic factor

C:-Even in malignant cases carries good prognosis

D:-Hypoglycaemia is seen in upto 40%

Correct Answer:-Question Cancelled

Question76:-In USG assessment of pleural effusion, effusion is assessed as moderate if

A:-Within the area covered by 3.5 MHz curvilinear probe

B:-Between the range of one to two probes

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C:-Between the range of one to three probes
     D:-Between the range of two to four probes
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question77:-Which of the following USG finding is a definite sign of pneumothorax
     A:-Absence lung slide
     B:-Absence of lung pulse
     C:-Presence of lung point
     D:-Presence of A lines
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question78:-Which is the worst prognostic indicator among the following regarding parapneumonic effusion
     A:-Pleural fluid pH ≤7.2
     B:-Pleural fluid LDH>3 times normal upper limit of serum LDH
     C:-Presence of moderate effusion
     D:-Pleural fluid polymorphonuclear elastase level ≥ 1500 µg/ml
     Correct Answer:-Question Cancelled
Question79:-Regarding TNM staging of malignant mesothelioma, which of the following is T3
     A:-Tumour invading ipsilateral chest wall muscle
     B:-Tumour invading ipsilateral cervical tissue
     C:-Tumour invading ipsilateral diaphragm
     D:-Tumour invading pericardium
     Correct Answer:-Question Cancelled
Question80:-Explosive pleuritis is
     A:-Rupture of an abscess into pleural cavity causing sudden development of pyopneumothorax
     B:-Rupture of infected bulla causing sudden development of pyopneumothorax
     C:-Rapid development of pleural effusion despite minimal pneumonia in Streptococcus pyogens infection
     D:-Rapid development of pleural effusion in miliary tuberculosis
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question81:-Obesity hypoventilation syndrome is defined as
     A:-BMI \geq 30kg/m2 and daytime awake PaCO2 \geq 45mm Hg
     B:-BMI \geq 35kg/m2 and daytime awake PaCO2 \geq 45mm Hg
     C:-BMI \geq 30kg/m2 and daytime awake PaCO2 \geq 55mm Hg
     D:-BMI ≥ 35kg/m2 and daytime awake PaCO2 ≥ 50mm Hg
     Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question82:-Regarding fluid resuscitation in septic shock which of the following statement is correct
     A:-Normal saline is the most preferred crystalloid
     B:-Colloids like Hydroxyethyl starch is preferred to maintain intravascular volume
     C:-Normal saline is preferred over Ringer lactate
     D:-When large volume is infused, normal saline may cause renal damage
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question83:-Which statement is most accurate regarding pneumococcal vaccine
     A:-All persons ≥ 65 years should receive PPSV23
     B:-All persons ≥ 65 years should receive PCV13
     C:-All persons ≥ 65 years should first receive PPSV23 followed by PCV13
     D:-All persons ≥ 65 years should first receive PCV13 followed by PPSV23
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question84:-Long term ventilation is defined as requirement of daily ventilator support for more than
    A:-6 weeks
     B:-3 months
     C:-4 months
     D:-6 months
     Correct Answer:-Question Cancelled
Question85:-Clinical pulmonary infection score is considered to be positive if it is equal to or more than
     A:-4
     B:-5
     C:-6
     D:-7
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question86:-K complex is
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A:-Well delineated negative sharp wave followed by a positive component lasting at least 0.5 sec duration

B:-Well delineated negative sharp wave followed by a positive component lasting less than 0.5 sec duration

C:-Well delineated positive sharp wave followed by a negative component lasting at least 0.5 sec duration

D:-Well delineated positive sharp wave followed by a negative component lasting less than 0.5 sec duration

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question87:-Regarding CPAP titration in OSA, which of the following statement is correct

A:-Optimal titration reduces RDI to <5 per hour for at least 15-min duration and should include supine REM sleep that is not continually interrupt by spontaneous arousals or awakenings

B:-Optimal titration reduced RDI to <5 per hour for at least a 30-min duration and should include supine REM sleep that is not continually interrupted by spontaneous arousals or awakenings

C:-Optimal titration reduced RDI to <5 per hour for at least a 1 hour duration and should include supine REM sleep that is not continually interrupted by spontaneous arousals or awakenings

D:-Optimal titration reduces total respiratory disturbance to less than 10 in 3 hours of sleep and should include supine REM sleep that is not continually interrupted by spontaneous or awakenings

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question88:-Which one of the following anticoagulant can be used without initial parenteral anticoagulation in pulmonary thromboembolism

A:-Dabigatran

B:-Rivaroxaban

C:-Vit K antagonists

D:-Apixaban

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question89:-As per ACCP guidelines, in patients with a first venous thromboembolism that is an unprovoked proximal DVT of the leg or pulmonary embolism and who have a high bleeding risk, duration of anticoagulation is

A:-3 months

B:-6 months

C:-12 months

D:-24 months

Correct Answer: - Option-A

Question90:-Recommended dose of talc for pleurodesis in malignant effusion is

A:-2-3 gms

B:-3-4 gms

C:-4-6 gsm

D:-6-7 gsm

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question91:-Which of the following is NOT a preferred recommendation for prevention of ventilator associated pneumonia

A:-Drainage of sub-glottic secretions

B:-Elevation of head end of bed

C:-Closed suction of endotracheal tube

D:-Early tracheostomy

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question92:-Regarding NIV use, which of the following statement is wrong

A:-Fluid overload commonly contributes to NIV failure in patients with OHS

B:-Forced diuresis may be useful to prevent NIV failure in patients with OHS

C:-NIV should not be used in patients with acute asthma exacerbations and AHRF

D:-In patients with non-CF bronchiectasis with AHRF, NIV should not be tried

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question93:-Weaning from mechanical ventilation is prolonged if the time duration is more than

A:-3 days

B:-5 days

C:-7 days

D:-10 days

Correct Answer:-Question Cancelled

Question94:-Which among the following is an indication for veno venous ECMO

A:-Hypoxemic respiratory failure in patients with a high risk of mortality (patients with PaO2/FIO2 < 100mm Hg with FIO2 > 90% and Murray score of 2)

B:-Hypoxemic respiratory failure in patients with a high risk of mortality (patients with PaO2/FiO2 < 80 mm Hg with FIO2 > 90% and Murray score of 3 to 4)

C:-Hypoxemic respiratory failure in patients with a high risk of mortality (patients with PaO2/FIO2 < 100mm Hg with FIO2 > 60% and Murray score of 3 to 4)

D:-Hypoxemic respiratory failure in patients with a high risk of mortality (patients with PaO2/FIO2 < 80mm Hg with FIO2 > 60% and Murray score of 2 to 3)

Correct Answer:-Question Cancelled

Question95:-Which of the following statement about clinical effect of obesity on ARDS is correct?

A:-Risk of developing ARDS is decreased in obese patients

B:-Risk of developing ARDS is increased in obese patients

C:-Mortality from ARDS is increased in obese patients

D:-Obesity has no effect on outcome of ARDS

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question96:-According to ATS guidelines which among the following is the preferred option for microbiologic diagnosis of VAP

A:-Noninvasive sampling with semiguantitative cultures

B:-Invasive sampling with quantitative cultures

C:-Noninvasive sampling with quantitative cultures

D:-Mini BAL culture

Correct Answer: - Option-A

Question 97:-Patients with scoliosis will have significant ventilator impairment if the Cobb angle is more than

A:-60 degrees

B:-75 degrees

C:-90 degrees

D:-100 degrees

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question98:-In patients with acute type 1 respiratory failure, Oxygen flow should be adjusted to maintain SpO2 around

A:-88-92%

B:-94-98%

C:-90-94%

D:-92-95%

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question99:-Which among the following is not a feature of nicotine withdrawal

A:-Tachycardia

B:-Restlessness

C:-Increased appetite or weight gain

D:-Difficulty concentrating

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question100:-As per surviving sepsis campaign, for resuscitation of a patient with septic shock, which of the following recommendation is correct

A:-At least 20mL/kg of IV crystalloid fluid be given within the first 4 hours

B:-At least 20mL/kg of IV crystalloid fluid be given within the first 3 hours

C:-At least 30mL/kg of IV crystalloid fluid be given within the first 4 hours

D:-At least 30mL/kg of IV crystalloid fluid be given within the first $3\ hours$

Correct Answer:- Option-D