FURTHER DETAILS REGARDING MAIN TOPICS OF
PROGRAMME No. 09/2020 (Item No: 25)

TECHNICAL ASSISTANT
IN KERALA AGRO MACHINERY CORPORATION LIMITED

Category Number : 087/2018

PART I  MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

HYDRAULICS AND HYDRAULIC MACHINES


Impulse turbines-classification-impulse Turbine-Pelton wheel components - Reaction turbines -components—difference between impulse& reaction—classification of reaction turbines –discharge—power produced-work done—efficiencies—Francis turbine—Kaplan turbine -draft tubes-types

**Material handling, maintenance, Quality and safety**

Definitions of quality- dimensions of quality- ISO 9000 & Installation -Concept and role of ISO 9000, elements of ISO 9000, steps for installation of ISO 9000 - Quality Audit -objectives list the objectives of quality planning Quality management system. TQM - the link between ISO 9000 and TQM

Importance of safety in work place -increasing trends in industrial accidents -terminology -factory accident -incident -severity rate -- frequency rate -incidence rate -safety performance index -accident proneness -unsafe acts list the causes of accidents: - Mechanical, Environmental, personnel factors -accident prevention techniques - 4 E’S of accident prevention technique . organizing safety -role of management -safety officers -government norms -factories act of 1948 factories rule 1960 -emergency preparedness and response -precautions to be observed in hazardous situations like toxic ,flammable electrical shock and material handling

Plant location and layout- Factors to be considered in locating industrial plants - plant layout - types of layouts - compare the advantages and disadvantages of each type - factors influencing the plant layout . plant maintenance - types of maintenance –their advantages and disadvantages-cost of maintenance - Material handling -functions and principles of material handling - factors effecting material handling types of material handling equipments.

**Strength of materials, design of machine elements**

Types of stresses and strains - tensile and compressive - longitudinal and lateral strain -Poisson's ratio – stress strain diagram- ultimate stress - working stress - factor of safety - Hooks law and Young's modulus -principle of super position- stresses in varying section -stresses in composite section - Shear stress and shear strain - modulus of rigidity - volumetric strain- Young’s Modulus (E)- Bulk Modulus (K) and Modulus of Rigidity (C) relations.-Thermal Stress and strain - type of friction - static friction- dynamic friction- sliding friction- rolling friction- limiting friction- angle of friction- coefficient of friction- cone of friction - laws of friction. - Static friction and dynamic friction - force analysis of a sliding body resting on a horizontal plane inclined plane --Centre of gravity of section- Centroids - centre of gravity - axis of symmetry and axis of reference – CG of simple geometric sections such as rectangle- triangle- circle and semicircle sections by
geometric consideration --Moment of inertia of sections - radius of gyration - methods to find moment of inertia of plane area - parallel axis theorem-perpendicular axis theorem.

Types of beams - cantilever beam- simply supported beam- over hanging beam- built in beam or fixed beam and continuous beam - types of loading - concentrated or point load-uniformly distributed load and uniformly varying load - shear force and bending moment diagrams - cantilever beams - point load- uniformly distributed load and combination of point load and uniformly distributed load - simply supported beam - point load-uniformly distributed load and combination of point load and uniformly distributed load - maximum bending moment on the section.

Types of belts - flat belt, circular belt or rope, V-belt - types of flat belt drives -- velocity ratio - slip - creep - length of an open belt ,crossed belt - power transmitted by a belt -ratio driving tensions for flat belt drive - angle of contact - centrifugal tension – V-belt drive - rope or circular belt drive - chain drive – advantages and disadvantages over belt drive.

Gears and Gear Trains- Functions of gears - friction wheels - advantages and disadvantages of a gear drive - spur gear nomenclature – Velocity ratio - gear trains - simple gear train - compound gear train - reverted gear train - epicyclic gear train- Functions - classification of bearing- friction in journal bearing -design of thrust bearing considering uniform pressure - flat pivot or foot step bearing-coefficient of friction and bearing characteristic number - heat generated in journal bearings

Governors and Flywheels Functions of the governors - –terms in governors –Flywheels Functions-comparison with governors – fluctuation of speed, energy, coefficient of fluctuation of speed, energy-Energy stored in flywheels

Strength of solid and hollow shaft - comparisons -power transmitted by shaft – working stresses for shafts -Compare solid and hollow shaft in terms of their weight, strength and stiffness - Couplings- Shaft couplings - requirement - types -design of sleeve or muff coupling - Designation and nomenclature of screw thread - stresses in screwed fastenings due to static loading - initial stresses -stresses due to external forces – Estimation of screw size - stresses due to combined forces - design of cylinder covers.

Material science – Manufacturing process

Metallic and non-metallic properties such as: - Mechanical, physical, and chemical properties Mechanical properties:- strength, hardness, toughness, brittleness, creep, fatigue, stiffness, ductility, malleability, elasticity and plasticity.-Physical properties: - density, viscosity, color, finish, porosity, specific gravity, , fusibility- Thermal properties Magnetic properties- Electrical Properties-Chemical properties: Destructive testing: - tensile and compressive test-Hardness test: -Impact test, Fatigue test and Creep test- Non-
destructive testing: - Liquid Penetrant Test (LPT), Radiographic Test (RT), Ultrasonic Testing(UT) - Stress- strain diagram for ductile and brittle materials.

Heat Treatment Processes-Alloys and Phase diagram- types of alloys-Solid solutions- Inter metallic compounds- Mechanical mixture- cooling of alloy- Eutectic- Eutectoid- Peritectic- Peritectoid- Cooling Curve for Pure iron- iron-carbon equilibrium diagram- constituents of steel from the iron-carbon equilibrium diagram- effect of slow cooling for various composition- TTT diagram-heat treatment process- annealing normalizing-hardening- tempering- martempering- austempering- case hardening (cyaniding- nitriding and carbonizing)-residual stress due to heat treatment- age hardening


Measuring instruments- precision and non precision instruments- direct reading and indirect measuring instruments- linear measuring instruments-angular measuring instruments and plane surface measuring instruments- line measuring and end measuring devices- Vernier caliper- micrometer (inside, outside, depth and vernier)- vernier height gauge- vernier depth gauge.

PART II  AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERING

AUTOMOBILE POWER PLANT (AUTOMOBILE)

purpose ring Gudgion pin - Types of fastening, material used Connecting rod - Function, materials used big end and small end bearings Crank shaft – different shapes, different crank shaft arrangements Main bearings, Fly wheel functions Types of valves - Poppet, reed valve and disc valve, sodium vapour cooled valves, hydraulic tappet and free valve rotators

**Different fuel feed systems**, A.C. mechanical pump, S U Electrical pump , petrol filters and air Cleaners, Carburettors, Simple Carburettors – parts, principle of working, compensation, mixture strength requirement, modern Carburettors, float system, idle and slow speed system, high speed system, Acceleration pump and choke system.

**Various components in Diesel fuel system** – types of fuel injection – air injection and mechanical injection, common rail and unit injection system. Types of combustion chamber in Diesel engines – open, turbulent and pre-combustion chamber, etc Fuel injection – single cylinder and multicylinder. Distributor type pump, rotary type pumps Fuel feed pump and hand priming, diesel fuel filters. Governors – purpose, types – mechanical, pneumatic and hydraulic governors

**Lubrication system:** - Properties of lubricating oil, different ratings of lubricating oil, types of engine lubrication- wet and dry sump lubrication, splash and pressure feed systems. Oil pumps – gear type, Vane type, plunger type and lobe type, pressure relief valve, oil pressure indicator Oil coolers, oil filters, oil seals,Crank case ventilation – dilution Cooling system: - Air and water cooling, thermo-syphon and pump circulation system over cooling, under cooling and optimum cooling –

**Introduction, Types of ignition system** – battery coil & magneto – study of coil ignition, Component study of ignition system - Ignition coil, Contact breaker points, Cam angle, Condenser, Distributor, Sparkplug – types, Spark plug specifications, Spark advance & retard mechanism (centrifugal & vacuum),Magneto ignition system - Rotating armature & rotating magnet type, Polar inductor type. C.D. ignition system, Electronic ignition systems, Computer controlled ignition. Distributor less ignition system.

**AUTOMOBILE CHASSIS and TRANSMISSION (AUTOMOBILE)**


**Introduction – Necessity and functions of a gearbox** - constructional features & working of – Sliding mesh gearbox-Constant mesh gearbox-Synchro mesh gearbox-Progressive type gearbox – Epicyclic gearbox- Torque converter -Gear selector and
shifting mechanisms, 2 Wheeler transmissions-Gear drive, Chain drive-V-matic transmission, CVT & ECVT-Automatic transmission in cars.

**Introduction of wheels & tyres-Wheels** – wire – spoked wheel, disc wheel, and alloy cast wheel, composite wheel-Wheel specification-Tyre-Tyre specification-Tyre construction (cross sectional details). Tubeless tyre-Tyre treads patterns-Inflation pressure and its effects (both over & under inflation)-Factors affecting tyre performance

**Chassis -Introduction, Constructional details,** Types of frame. Frame for 2 wheeler, 3 wheelers, and 4 wheeler, Testing of chassis -Front Axle- Introduction, Types– dead & live axle, trans axles, Construction – material – cross section

**Introduction to Suspension systems,** Types of front suspension for Two, three & four wheeler. Air suspension, Hydro-elastic suspension. Rear Suspension system, Types-. Introduction to springs and Shock absorbing devices, Types leaf coil, springs & their arrangements, Helper spring, Spring shackle – shacklepin, Telescopic type Shock – absorber, Hydraulic, gas filled type, Mono tube and Twin tube type, Basic suspension movements pitching, bouncing, rolling etc.


**AUTOMOBILE SERVICE & MAINTENANCE (AUTOMOBILE)**

clearance and adjustment of connecting rod bearings. Crankshaft balancing and machining processes.


**PART III AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING**

**Farm Power (Agricultural Engineering)**

Sources of farm power – Renewable energy sources and uses farms – Engine power: terminology, calculation and measurement - Power tiller: components, power transmission, clutch, transmission gears, steering clutch/brakes, wheels, power transmission to implements - Tractor: classification of tractors, leading manufacturers, tractor power transmission system, clutch and its types, transmission gears, torque convertor, differential unit and final drive, tractor steering system, braking system, tractor hydraulic system, tractor hitch, PTO, wheels and tyres

**Farm Implements and Machinery (Agricultural Engineering)**

Types of tillage – Types of tractor drawn implements – Methods of ploughing - Mouldboard plough, its components, uses, adjustments – Disc plough, its components, uses, adjustments – Harrows: types, components and uses – Cultivators: types, components and uses – Puddlers – Bund formers – Rotovators – Sub-soiler - Seed drills: different types, components, seed metering
mechanisms, furrow openers, calibration of seed drills - Seed cum fertilizer drill: components, metering mechanisms, furrow openers – Uses of power tillers on farms - Planters: components, uses, different types – Paddy transplanters: types, working, components – Sprayers and dusters: working principle, different types, basic components, type of spray, types of nozzles, types of pumps for spraying, maintenance of sprayers and dusters – Uses and types of Mowers – Reapers: types, components, working, uses – Threshers: types, basic components, working, uses, safety precautions during operation, threshers for different crops – Combine harvesters: types, basic components, working, uses, advantages and disadvantages – Functions and working principle of chaff cutter, forage harvester, potato diggers, groundnut decorticators – Winnowers: types, components, uses – Uses and types of cleaners and graders – Processing machinery for rice: hullers, polishers, grinders - Pumps used on farms, construction and working of centrifugal pumps

NOTE: - It may be noted that apart from the topics detailed above, questions from other topics prescribed for the educational qualification of the post may also appear in the question paper. There is no undertaking that all the topics above may be covered in the question paper