**Question Booklet Alpha Code** 



**Total Number of Questions : 100** 

Time: 75 Minutes

**Question Booklet SI.** 

S

#### Maximum Marks : 100

### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- 1. The Question Paper will be given in the form of a Question Booklet. There will be four versions of Question Booklets with Question Booklet Alpha Code viz. **A**, **B**, **C** & **D**.
- 2. The Question Booklet Alpha Code will be printed on the top left margin of the facing sheet of the Question Booklet.
- 3. The Question Booklet Alpha Code allotted to you will be noted in your seating position in the Examination Hall.
- 4. If you get a Question Booklet where the alpha code does not match to the allotted alpha code in the seating position, please draw the attention of the Invigilator IMMEDIATELY.
- 5. The Question Booklet Serial Number is printed on the top right margin of the facing sheet. If your Question Booklet is un-numbered, please get it replaced by new Question Booklet with same alpha code.
- 6. The Question Booklet will be sealed at the middle of the right margin. Candidate should not open the Question Booklet, until the indication is given to start answering.
- 7. Immediately after the commencement of the examination, the candidate should check that the Question Booklet supplied to him/her contains all the 100 questions in serial order. The Question Booklet does not have unprinted or torn or missing pages and if so he/she should bring it to the notice of the Invigilator and get it replaced by a complete booklet with same alpha code. This is most important.
- 8. A blank sheet of paper is attached to the Question Booklet. This may be used for rough work.
- 9. Please read carefully all the instructions on the reverse of the Answer Sheet before marking your answers.
- Each question is provided with four choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and darken the bubble corresponding to the question number using Blue or Black Ball Point Pen in the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 11. Each correct answer carries 1 mark and for each wrong answer 1/3 mark will be deducted. No negative mark for unattended questions.
- 12. No candidate will be allowed to leave the examination hall till the end of the session and without handing over his/her Answer Sheet to the Invigilator. Candidates should ensure that the Invigilator has verified all the entries in the Register Number Coding Sheet and that the Invigilator has affixed his/her signature in the space provided.
- 13. Strict compliance of instructions is essential. Any malpractice or attempt to commit any kind of malpractice in the Examination will result in the disqualification of the candidate.

1. If 
$$\begin{bmatrix} x+y & 2 \\ 5+z & xy \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 2 \\ 5 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$
, the value of  $2x + 3y + 4z$  is  
A) 26 B) 27 C) 29 D) 28  
2. The solution set of the system of equations  $x - 4y - z = 11, 2x - 5y + 2z = 39, -3x + 2y + z = 1$  is  
A)  $\{-1, -5, 8\}$  B)  $\{1, -5, 8\}$  C)  $\{1, 5, 8\}$  D)  $\{1, 5, -8\}$   
3. The value of x for which the tangent to the curve  $y = \frac{x}{(1-x)^2}$  will be parallel to the x-axis  
A) 1 B) -1 C) 0 D) 2  
4. The coefficient of  $x^{-8}$  in the expansion of  $\left(x - \frac{2}{x}\right)^{20}$   
A)  $-C(20, 14)$  B)  $C(20, 14)$  C)  $C(20, 14)2^{14}$  D)  $-C(20, 6)2^{14}$   
5.  $\frac{\cos 11^\circ + \sin 11^\circ}{\cos 11^\circ - \sin 11^\circ}$  is  
A)  $\tan 11^\circ$  B)  $\cot 11^\circ$  C)  $\cot 56^\circ$  D)  $\tan 56^\circ$   
6. The local maximum and local minimum values of  $4\sin x + \cos 2x$  are respectively  
A)  $(3, -5)$  B)  $(-3, 5)$  C)  $\left(\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}\right)$  D)  $(-3, -5)$   
7.  $\int \frac{x - \sin x}{1 - \cos x} dx$  is  
A)  $x \cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$  B)  $-x \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$  C)  $-x \cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$  D)  $x \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$   
8. The angle between the straight lines  $y - \sqrt{3}x - 5 = 0$  and  $x - \sqrt{3}y - 6 = 0$  is  
A)  $\frac{\pi}{4}$  B)  $\frac{\pi}{6}$  C)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  D) 0  
9. The area bounded by the curve  $y = \cos x$ , the x-axis and the lines  $x = 0$  and  $x - 2\pi i s$   
A) 1 B) 0 C)  $\frac{1}{2}$  D) 4  
10. Solution of  $3e^x \tan y \, dx + (1 - e^x) \sec^2 y \, dy = 0$   
A)  $\tan y = (1 - e^x)^3 c$  B)  $\tan y = 3(1 - e^x)$   
C)  $3\tan y = (1 - e^x) + c$  D)  $\tan y = (1 - e^x) + c$ 

A

11.	The can be determined b is quite frequently u	by various meth			ecific surface which permeability method
	A) Soundness	B) Fineness	C)	Heat of hydration	n D) Setting time
12.	The modulus of ela A) 25000 N/mm <sup>2</sup> C) 25000 kg/mm <sup>2</sup>	sticity of M25 co	B)	20000 N/mm <sup>2</sup> 20000 kg/mm <sup>2</sup>	
13.	Gunter's chain is A) 66 foot				
14.	is computed from vert as the length of any A) Barometric level C) Indirect levelling	ical angles and side in any tria ling	horizontal ngle can be B)	distances measu	ations of points are red in the field, just
15.	If the independent f A) Strap footing C) Pile footing	ooting of two cc	B)	connected by a b Strip footing Isolated footing	eam, it is called a
16.	Heat addition at cor A) Carnot cycle C) Diesel cycle	nstant pressure	B)	Otto cycle Stirling cycle	
17.	Maximum fuel econ A) Chemically corre C) Rich mixture	•	B)	Lean mixture None of these	
18.	The size of exhaust A) Less B) More C) Same D) More or less dep				n valve is
19.	<ul><li>Which one is boiler</li><li>A) Pressure reduci</li><li>C) Steam trap</li></ul>	•	,	Economiser Fusible plug	
20.	The moderator used A) Graphite	d in nuclear pov B) Boron	•	Cadmium	D) Silver
Α			-4-		

21. If the current in a zero wire will	. If the current in a zero-resistance wire AB is increased, the voltage $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize AB}}$ across the wire will					
A) Decrease		B)	Increase			
C) Remain constant		D)	None of these			
• • • •	22. Cutting an air gap in a magnetic circuit result in					
<ul> <li>A) Reduction of reluct</li> </ul>	ance		Increase in reluct	tance		
C) No change in reluc	tance	D)	None of these			
23. In a parallel RC circuit						
A)  I <sub>C</sub> lags I <sub>R</sub> by 90			I <sub>C</sub> leads I <sub>R</sub> by 90			
C) $I_{C}$ and $I_{R}$ are in pha	ase	D)	I <sub>C</sub> lags I <sub>R</sub> by 60			
	24. A 1000 W, 230 V electric kettle is connected in series with another similar kettle and the combination is connected to 230 V supply. The total power drawn by the combination will be					
A) 1000 W		B)	Less than 1000 W	N		
C) More than 1000 W		D)	Zero			
25. The unit of the permitti	ivitv is					
A) Farad/metre	-	C)	Farad/(metre) <sup>2</sup>	D) None of these		
<ul><li>26. The coil span of dc armature winding is made equal to pole switch in order to</li><li>A) Distribute the windings uniformly under different poles</li></ul>						
B) Obtain a coil span	<ul> <li>B) Obtain a coil span of 180 electrical</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>C) Ensure the addition of emfs of consecutive turns</li> <li>D) Obtain a full pitch winding</li> </ul>					
<ul><li>D) Obtain a full pitch winding</li><li>7. Which of the following type of generators does not require equalizers for satisfactorily</li></ul>						
for parallel operation ?						
A) Series		,	Under compound			
C) Over compounded		D)	Flat compounded	ł		
28. In a DC motor, unidirectional torque is produced with the help of						
A) Brushes		,	Commutator			
C) End plates		D)	Both A) and B)			

A

<ul> <li>29. The torque Vs armature current (I<sub>a</sub>) graph for a DC series motor is</li> <li>A) Parabola from no load to overload</li> <li>B) Straight line</li> <li>C) Parabola up to full load and straight lines at overloads</li> <li>D) Rectangular hyperbola</li> <li>30. A 200 KVA transformer has an iron loss of 1 KW and full load copper loss of 2 KW.</li> </ul>					
The KVA corresponding to maximum eff	ciency is				
A) 200 KVA B) 141.1 KVA	C) 100 KVA D) 50 KVA				
31. The all-day efficiency of the transformer	depends on				
A) Copper loss	B) Amount of load				
C) Duration of load	D) Both B) and C)				
<ul> <li>32. A 3 phase induction motor is running at a slip of 4% and input to the rotor is 2000 watts. The mechanical power developed in the rotor is</li> <li>A) 1920 W</li> <li>B) 2000 W</li> <li>C) 1000 W</li> <li>D) 800 W</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>33. If the stator frequency and voltage of an induction motor are reduced proportionately, then</li> <li>A) Locked rotor current is reduced</li> <li>B) Torque developed is increased</li> </ul>					
C) Magnetising current is decreased	,				
34. In a squirrel cage induction motor, the starting torque with auto transformer starting is times the torque with direct switching, K being the transformation ratio of the auto transformer.					
A) K <sup>2</sup> B) 1/K	C) 1/K <sup>2</sup> D) K				
35. The power factor of an alternator under short conditions is					
A) Unity	B) Almost zero lagging				
C) Almost zero leading	D) None of these				
and rotor poles is called	<ol> <li>In a synchronous machine, the angle between the synchronously rotating stator flux and rotor poles is called</li> </ol>				
A) Synchronizing angle	B) Torque angle				
C) Load angle	D) Slip angle				

37.	A 100 V/20 V, 100 VA transformer is conversating of the auto transformer is A) 100 VA	rted to 100 V/110 V auto transformer the B) 110 VA			
	C) 500 VA	D) 550 VA			
38.	If the mechanical load of a three-phase induction motor is increased from no load to full load, the input power factor of the motor will				
	A) Remain same	B) Decrease			
	C) Increase	D) Becomes unity			
39.	In which of the following region, induction r	notor operation is stable ?			
	A) Low slip region	B) High slip region			
	C) Both A) and B)	D) None of the above			
40	Grading of cables is done to achieve				
40.	A) To reduce quality of insulation	B) Uniform stress			
	C) Improve efficiency	D) All of the above			
41.	What is the Address (SFR) for TCON, SCC respectively ?	N, SBUF, PCON and PSW			
	A) 88H, 98H, 99H, 87H, 0D0H	B) 98H, 99H, 87H, 88H, 0D0H			
	C) 0D0H, 87H, 88H, 99H, 98H	D) 87H, 88H, 0D0H, 98H, 99H			
42.	<ul> <li>A thyrite type lightning arrestor</li> <li>A) Blocks the surge voltage appearing in a</li> <li>B) Absorbs the surge voltage appearing in</li> <li>C) Offers a low resistance path to the surge</li> <li>D) Returns the surge back to the source</li> </ul>	a line			
43.	Which of the following types of heating wind removing the outer shells ?	II be preferred for cooking food without			
	A) Direct resistance heating	B) Indirect heating			
	C) Dielectric heating	D) Electric arc heating			
44.	Damping used in moving iron instruments i	S			
	A) Air friction	B) Eddy current			
	C) Fluid friction	D) None of these			
Α	-7-				

- 45. An RLC series circuit remains predominantly inductive
  - A) At resonant frequency

- B) Below resonant frequency
- C) Above resonant frequency D) At a lower half power frequency
- 46. Steady state stability of a power system is enhanced by
  - A) Reducing the fault clearing time
  - B) Using double circuit lines
  - C) Single pole switching
  - D) Decreasing generator inertia
- 47. A hydel power plant of run off river type should be provided with a pondage so that
  - A) Firm capacity of the plant is increased
  - B) Operating head is controlled
  - C) Pressure inside the turbine remains constant
  - D) Kinetic energy of running water is fully utilized
- 48. Which one is not a unconventional source of energy ?
  - A) Tidal power B) Geothermal energy
  - C) Fossil fuel D) Wind power
- 49. The pin which provides reset option in 8051 micro-controller is
  - A) Pin 1 B) Pin 9 C) Pin 11 D) Pin 8
- 50. In sodium vapour lamp, neon gas
  - A) Acts as a shield around the filament
  - B) Assists in developing enough heat to vaporize the sodium
  - C) Change the colour of light
  - D) Prevents the vaporization of filament
- 51. In a single-phase full wave rectifier, during blocking state the peak inverse voltage of diode is Vm is the peak voltage.

A)  $V_m$  B)  $2V_m$  C) VM/ $\sqrt{2}$  D)  $\sqrt{2}V_m$ 

- 52. In a single-phase full converter, if  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are the firing angle and extinction angles respectively, then the load current is
  - A) Discontinuous if  $(\beta \alpha) < \pi$
- B) Discontinuous if  $(\beta \alpha) > \pi$

D) Continuous if  $(\beta - \alpha) < \pi$ 

- C) Discontinuous if  $(\beta \alpha) = \pi$

-8-

<ul><li>53. A forward voltage can be applied to SCR</li><li>A) Anode current reduces to zero</li><li>C) Anode voltage reduces to zero</li></ul>				
54. Synchronous motor is normally used for	driving			
A) Cranes	B) Lathes			
C) Fans	D) Rotating compressors			
55. In moving iron instrument, the deflecting				
A) $I^{2}$	B) I			
C) 1/ I <sup>2</sup>	D) None of these			
56. Corona loss increases with				
A) Increase in supply frequency and con				
<ul><li>B) Increase in supply frequency but reduce</li><li>C) Decrease in supply frequency and co</li></ul>				
D) Decrease in supply frequency but inc				
<ul><li>57. If the excitation of a synchronous genera</li><li>A) Synchronous motor</li></ul>	B) Synchronous generator			
C) Induction generator	D) Induction motor			
58. The device that does not have the gate to	orminal is			
A) Triac B) FET	C) SCR D) Diac			
59. A string insulator has 5 units. The voltage total voltage. String efficiency is	across the bottom most unit is 25% of the			
A) 25%	B) 50%			
C) 80%	D) 75%			
60. Resistance switching is normally employed in the case of				
A) Bulk oil circuit breaker	B) Minimum oil circuit breaker			
C) Air blast circuit breaker	D) All of the above			
61. An ohmmeter is a				
A) Moving iron instrument	B) Moving coil instrument			
C) Dynamometer instrument	D) None of the above			

A

- 62. In a single-phase power factor meter, the phase difference between the currents in the two pressure coils is
  - A) Exactly 0°
  - B) Approximately 0°
  - C) Exactly 90°
  - D) Approximately 90°
- 63. In PLC Ladder logic programming consists of
  - A) Logic gate symbols and connecting lines
  - B) Virtual relay contacts and coils
  - C) Function blocks and connecting lines
  - D) Text based codes
- 64. The equipment or element which can reduce Ferranti effect
  - A) Relay

- B) Circuit breaker
- C) Resistors D) Current limiting reactors
- 65. Transmission lines are transposed to
  - A) Reduce copper loss
  - B) Reduce skin effect
  - C) Prevent interference with neighbouring telephone lines
  - D) Prevent short circuit between any two lines
- 66. An isolated device used to protect a PLC from incoming surge from fields
  - A) Transformer B) Transducer
  - C) ADC D) DAC
- 67. Which of the following represent active transducer ?
  - A) Strain gauge B) Thermistor
  - C) LVDT D) Thermocouple
- 68. Fusing factor is defined as the ratio between
  - A) Maximum fusing current and rated voltage
  - B) Maximum fusing current and rated current
  - C) Minimum fusing current and rated current
  - D) Minimum fusing current and rated voltage

- 69. The illumination is directly proportional to the cosine of the angle made by the normal to the illuminated surface with the direction of the incident flux. Above statement is associated with
  - A) Planck's law
  - B) Macbeth's law of illumination
  - C) Bunsen's law of illumination
  - D) Lambert's cosine law
- 70. Capacitors of optimal size are installed at suitable locations in a distribution system for
  - 1. Improved voltage regulation
  - 2. Reduction in distribution power losses
  - 3. Reduction of KVA rating of distribution transformers.
  - A) 1 alone B) 1 and 2
  - C) 1, 2 and 3 D) 3 alone
- 71. The use of zener diode connected in a UJT circuit used for triggering an SCR is to
  - A) Delay the generation of triggering pulse
  - B) Speed up the generation of triggering pulse
  - C) Supply constant voltage to UJT for correct firing
  - D) Supply a variable voltage to UJT as source voltage varies
- 72. The input impedance of a CRO is
  - A) Zero B) Around 100 ohms
  - C) Around 1 kilo ohms D) Around 1 Mega ohms
- 73. A mirror is provided behind the pointer in measuring instruments for
  - A) With the help of the mirror it may be seen whether the pointer is bent or not
  - B) The scale is illuminated through the mirror
  - C) Reading errors due to inclined observation are eliminated by removing parallax between the pointer and its image in the mirror
  - D) None of these

- 74. For proper earthing, the earth wire should not be of size smaller than
  - A) 10 SWG copper B) 8 SWG copper
  - C) 6 SWG copper D) 4 SWG copper

- 75. The most economical DC distribution system is
  - A) Interconnected system B) Radial system
  - C) Ring system D) None of the above
- 76. Due to sag between two supports the conductor takes the form of
  - A) Catenary B) Semi-circle
  - C) Triangle D) Ellipse
- 77. In suspension type insulators, the string efficiency can be improved by
  - 1. Grading of insulator discs
  - 2. Reducing the cross-arm length
  - 3. Using guard rings
  - 4. Using a longer cross arm.
  - A) 2 and 3 are correct B) 1, 3 and 4 are correct
  - C) 2, 3 and 4 are correct D) 1 and 2 are correct
- 78. Electric power for steam locomotive is provided through
  - A) Overhead wire B) Battery system
  - C) Small turbo-generator D) Diesel engine generator
- 79. The vertical core type induction furnace requires supply at
  - A) Normal frequency B) High frequency
  - C) Very low frequency D) Independent of frequency
- 80. Pin type insulators are mainly used in
  - A) Distribution system
  - B) Transmission system
  - C) Transmission and distribution system
  - D) EHV transmission system
- 81. The 8051 uses which RAM locations for register R0-R7 on powering up ?
  - A) 00-2F B) 00-07
  - C) 00-7F D) 00-0F

<ul> <li>82. The function of a filter in a rectifier is to</li> <li>A) Limit the total current in the rectifier</li> <li>B) Limit the peak voltage of the rectifier</li> <li>C) Limit the DC current</li> <li>D) Reduce the ripple voltage in the output</li> </ul>						
83. The transistor amp A) CB Configuration	-	input impedance in B) CC Configura				
C) CE Configuration		, C	D) Same in all Configurations			
84. Barkhausen criteria A) $A\beta = -1$	a for sustained oscillat B) $A\beta = \infty$	•	D) $A = \frac{1}{\beta}$			
85. Octal equivalent of	decimal (51) <sub>10</sub> is		р			
A) 63 <sub>8</sub>	B) 41 <sub>8</sub>	C) 67 <sub>8</sub>	D) 69 <sub>8</sub>			
86. Which of the follow	ing statement is incom					
$A)  A + \overline{A}B = A$		B) $A(\overline{A} + B) = AI$				
C) $AB + A\overline{B} = A$		D) $CA + C\overline{A}B = 0$	CA+CB			
87. Astable multivibrator may be used as						
A) Frequency to ve	-		equency converter			
C) Squaring circuit		D) Comparator	circuit			
88. Which of the following logic gate dissipates minimum power?						
A) RTL		B) TTL				
C) MOS		D) ECL				

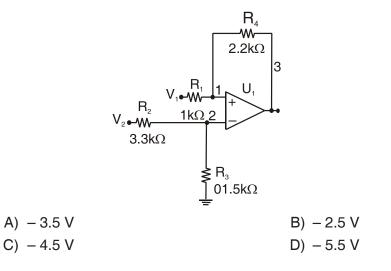
89. The minimised expression for the given K-map is

AB CD	00	01	11	10	
00		1	1		
01		1	х		
11	1	1	х	х	
10	1		х	х	
					B) $\overline{B}C + BC + CD$ D) $C\overline{B} + B\overline{C} + CD$

059/20

90. In a T flip-flop, ratio of frequency of the input pulse to the frequency of output					
pulse is A) $\frac{1}{2}$	B) 1	C) 2	D) 3		
91. The 2's compler	nent of binary numb	per 0.01011 is			
A) 1.10101		B) 0.10101			
C) 0.10100		D) 1.10100			
92. Universal gates	are				
A) NOR		B) AND			
C) NAND		D) Both A) an	nd C)		
93. In a BJT with $I_{CO} = 1\mu A$ , $\alpha = 0.99$ , the value of $I_{CEO}$ is					
A) 0.01 μA		B) 0.1 μA			
C) 1 μA		D) 100 μA			

94. What is the output voltage  $V_{\rm 0}$  of the circuit shown in figure ? The input voltages are  $V_1 = 2.5 \text{ V} \text{ and } V_2 = 1 \text{ V}$ 



- 95. In a full wave rectifier, the peak inverse voltage per diode is
  - B)  $\frac{V_m}{2}$ A) V<sub>m</sub> D)  $\sqrt{2V_m}$ C) 2V<sub>m</sub>

- 96. What is CDMA?
  - A) Code Diversified Multiple Access
  - B) Code Division Multiple Access
  - C) Code Divergence Multiplex Access
  - D) Code Direction Multiple Access
- 97. Register that is used to hold the memory address of the next instruction to be executed is
  - A) Program memory
  - B) Program counter
  - C) Control unit
  - D) Instruction decoder
- 98. A PWM switching scheme is used in single phase inverters to
  - A) Reduce the total harmonic distortion with modest filtering
  - B) Minimise the load on the dc side
  - C) Increase the life of the batteries
  - D) Reduce low order harmonics and increase high order harmonics
- 99. In a transistor,  $\beta$  may be expressed in terms of  $\alpha$  as below

A) 
$$\frac{\alpha}{1+\alpha}$$
  
B)  $\frac{\alpha}{1-\alpha}$   
C)  $\frac{1+\alpha}{\alpha}$   
D)  $\frac{1-\alpha}{\alpha}$ 

- 100. Load impedance must match amplifier output impedance in order that
  - A) Minimum power is transferred to the load
  - B) Maximum power is transferred to the load
  - C) Collector circuit efficiency is highest
  - D) Signal to noise ratio is maximum

Space for Rough Work