067/2022

Question Booklet Alpha Code

 $[\mathbf{A}]$

Question Booklet Serial Number

Total No. of Questions : 100

Maximum : 100 Marks

Time: 1 Hour 30 Minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. The question paper will be given in the form of a Question Booklet. There will be four versions of question booklets with question booklet alpha code viz. A, B, C & D.
- 2. The Question Booklet Alpha Code will be printed on the top left margin of the facing sheet of the question booklet.
- 3. The Question Booklet Alpha Code allotted to you will be noted in your seating position in the Examination Hall.
- 4. If you get a question booklet where the alpha code does not match to the allotted alpha code in the seating position, please draw the attention of the Invigilator IMMEDIATELY.
- 5. The Question Booklet Serial Number is printed on the top right margin of the facing sheet. If your question booklet is un-numbered, please get it replaced by new question booklet with same alpha code.
- 6. The question booklet will be sealed at the middle of the right margin. Candidate should not open the question booklet, until the indication is given to start answering.
- 7. Immediately after the commencement of the examination, the candidate should check that the question booklet supplied to him contains all the 100 questions in serial order. The question booklet does not have unprinted or torn or missing pages and if so he/she should bring it to the notice of the Invigilator and get it replaced by a complete booklet with same alpha code. This is most important.
- 8. Blank sheets of paper is attached to the question booklet. These may be used for rough work.
- 9. Please read carefully all the instructions on the reverse of the Answer Sheet before marking your answers.
- 10. Each question is provided with four choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and darken the bubble corresponding to the question number using Blue or Black Ball-Point Pen in the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 11. Each correct answer carries 1 mark and for each wrong answer 1/3 mark will be deducted. No negative mark for unattended questions.
- 12. No candidate will be allowed to leave the examination hall till the end of the session and without handing over his/her Answer Sheet to the Invigilator. Candidates should ensure that the Invigilator has verified all the entries in the Register Number Coding Sheet and that the Invigilator has affixed his/her signature in the space provided.
- 13. Strict compliance of instructions is essential. Any malpractice or attempt to commit any kind of malpractice in the Examination will result in the disqualification of the candidate.



Total Marks : 100 Marks

Time : 1 hour and 30 minutes

| A | | An units contain a contain A Lindon | | 3 | | | Andreas a service a minimum concerne, defective o | | 067/2022 [P.T.O.] |
|-----|--|---|--|---|--|-------------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------|
| 10. | In stress st (A) | rain diagram proo 0.2% | f stre (B) | ss is measu 0.02% | red corre | espor (C) | nding to a strain of 0.002% | of (D) | 2.0% |
| 9. | Kanis metl (A) (C) | hod is a Displacement m Virtual work me | ethod thod | L | | (B) (D) | Force method None of these | | |
| 8. | A simply s support A B. The loc (A) (C) | supported beam A and a uniformly o ation of maximum 4 m from left sup 4 m from right s | AB of listrik n beno pport uppor | span 8 m outed load o ding momen t | supports of 15 kN nt in the | a po /m fo bean (B) (D) | oint load of 20 k or a length of 4 n n is at 5.5 m from left 3.33 m from rig | xN at 2 m from suppor ght supp | m from support t port |
| 7. | A three hin distributed on quarter (A) | nged parabolic arc l load of w/unit le span is 3wL ² /8 | ch has ength (B) | s a span of 2 on the span WL/8 | L, centra n. The va | al rise alue (C) | e h and loaded w of bending mon wl ² /16 | vith a un nent in (D) | niformly the arch Zero |
| 6. | A continue are 6 m & Find the va (A) | bus beam ABC wi 4 m respectively alue of ordinate at 1 | th su 7. The D co (B) | pport A hin ere is an int rresponding 1/3 | ged, B & ternal hi g to the I | & C a nge a [.L.D (C) | are on rollers have at the middle of for the shear at -1 | ye span Span B A. (D) | AB, BC 3C at D. -1/3 |
| 5. | A pin joint (A) (C) | ted plane truss cor m + r < 2j m + r = 2j | nsider | ed as stable | e and det | ermii (B) (D) | nate, if m + r > 2 None of the abo | ove | |
| 4. | A simply a 10 cm with of 4 m.The (A) (C) | supported T beam h 1 cm thickness of e maximum bendin 3.25 cm from N. At the intersection | n sect carryi ng str A on of | ion with flang a unifor ress in the so flange & w | ange 10 mly dist ection is eb | × 1 ribute at (B) (D) | cm and web dep ed load of 10 kN 7.75 cm from N At N.A | oth from V/m ove V.A | n flange er a span |
| 3. | The sum o (A) | f distribution facto 1 | or in 1 (B) | moment dis 1/2 | tribution | n met (C) | hod is —1 | (D) | 3/4 |
| 2. | A three sp degree of S (A) | oan continuous b Static indetermina 6 | eam cy is (B) | with one ends | nd fixed | l and (C) | other supports | on rol (D) | lers, the 0 |
| 1. | Determine load of 10 50×10^2 k (A) | the deflection at kN is acting at N m ² . 37.5 mm | t free a dist (B) | e end of the tance of 3 | e cantile m from | ever fixed (C) | of span 4 m in 1 end. Take flex 27.0 mm | which sural rig (D) | a point gidity as 32 mm |

11. A concrete block 2 m high, 2 m wide and 1 m thick is used for holding mud at one side of the block as shown in the Fig. 1. The density of concrete is 2500 kg/m³ while the density of the mud is 1600 kg/m³. Take specific weight of water as 10 kN/m³. If the coefficient of friction between the ground and the concrete block is 0.16, then the mud height(h) at which the block will start to slide is



12. For the cylindrical log of wood freely floating in water as shown in Fig. 2, go through the following statements



- I. As the depth of submergence increases the metacentric height decreases
- II. As the depth of submergence increases the buoyancy height from centre decreases
- III. Irrespective of the depth of submergence the body is in stable equilibrium

IV. Irrespective of the depth of submergence body is always in neutral equilibrium Choose the correct statement combination out of the above :

- (A)
 I & III
 (B)
 II & III
 (C)
 IV only
 (D)
 I & IV
- 13. The velocity in m/s at a point in a two dimensional flow is given as $\vec{V} = 3\hat{i} + 4\hat{j}$. The equation for stream line passing through the point is
 - (A) 3xdx 4ydy = 0 (B) 4dx 3dy = 0
 - (C) 4dx + 3dy = 0 (D) 4ydx + 3xdy = 0

- 14. On an immersed body in a flowing fluid, the drag force is due to
 - (A) force of buoyancy
 - (B) recirculation regions
 - (C) the dynamic fluid force component in the direction of flow
 - (D) stagnation pressure points
- 15. The range of Froude number of a weak hydraulic jump is

| (A) 1.0 to 1.7 | (B) | 1.7 to 2.5 |
|----------------|-----|------------|
|----------------|-----|------------|

- (C) 2.5 to 4.5 (D) 4.5 to 9.0
- 16. A rainfall of intensity 30 mm/hour is occurring over a catchment area of 2 km². The duration of the rainfall is 3 hours. It was calculated that the total surface runoff reaching the river is 60,000 m³. The total rainfall and total abstractions in this rainfall are

| (A) | 6 cm, 6 cm | (B) | 9 cm, 6 cm |
|-----|------------|-----|------------|
| (C) | 6 cm, 9 cm | (D) | 9 cm, 9 cm |

17. The total rainfall for a 3 hour duration storm is 9 cm. The loss rate over the catchment is 2 cm/hour. The peak of the flood hydrograph is 330 m³/s and the base flow calculated was 30 m³/s. The peak of the 3- hour unit hydrograph is

(A)
$$100 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$
 (B) $33.333 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$ (C) $50 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$ (D) $110 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

18. The available moisture content of soil with depth is 20 cm/m. The root zone depth of the crop being cultivated is 1 m. The field is to be irrigated when 50% of the available moisture content in the root zone is depleted. The daily consumptive use of water for the crop is 10 mm. The water application efficiency over the field is 50%. The frequency of irrigation and depth of water for the cultivation are

| (A) | 5 days, 10 cm | (B) 10 days, 10 cm |
|-----|---------------|--------------------|
| (| | |

- (C) 10 days, 20 cm (D) 8 days, 20 cm
- **19.** The current metre rating curve is given in Fig. 3. The maximum number of revolutions permitted is 20,000 per second. The same current metre is used for the measurement of a stream velocity and it was observed that the total number of revolutions in one minute was 6000. The velocity of the water in the stream is



20. Through Recuperation test it was obtained that the specific yield of soil is 0.01 hr⁻¹. The sides of the open well is fully covered with concrete and the inner diameter of the well is 2 m. If the well works under a safe depression head of 1.4 m, the ratio between safe yield to specific capacity

| (A) | 44 Litres/hour | (B) | 1.4 m |
|-----|------------------|-----|---------------------------|
| (C) | 44 Litres/hour/m | (D) | 44 m ³ /hour/m |

- **21.** A theodolite, the telescope of which can be revolved in a vertical plane about its horizontal axis, is known as a
 - (A) Transit theodolite (B) Non-transit theodolite
 - (C) Vernier type theodolite (D) Glass arc type theodolite
- **22.** A 20 m tape is found to be 0.1 m too short throughout measurement. If the distance measured is recorded as 200 m, what will be the actual distance measured ?
 - (A) 202 m (B) 198 m (C) 199 m (D) 201 m
- 23. A total station is a combination of the following set of instruments :
 - (A) theodolite and compass
 - (B) electronic theodolite and electronic distance measurement
 - (C) theodolite and level
 - (D) global positioning system and electronic distance measurement

24. A staff reading taken on a point of known reduced level is termed as

- (A) intermediate sight (B) fore sight
- (C) height of instrument (D) back sight
- **25.** The standard time meridian in India is 82° 30' E. If the standard time at any instant is 15 hr 10 min, the local mean time for a place with longitude 20° E will be equal to
 - (A) 4 am (B) 11 pm (C) 4 pm (D) 11 am
- **26.** Match the Lists :

| | | Lis | t – I | | List – II | | |
|-----|-------|--------|---------|-----|--------------------|------------|--------------|
| | (Item | for H | Estima | (M | (Measurement unit) | | |
| (I) | Doo | r shut | ters wo | (P) | cubic metre | | |
| (J) | Reba | ar ben | ding | | (Q) | quintal | |
| (K) | Rocl | k exca | avation | L | | (R) | square metre |
| (L) | Iron | bar tł | nreadin | g | (S) | centimetre | |
| | | Ι | J | K | L | | |
| | (A) | Р | S | Q | R | | |

| (A) | Р | 3 | Q | ĸ |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| (B) | R | Q | Р | S |
| (C) | S | R | Q | Р |
| (D) | Q | S | Р | R |

27. A deposit taken as a guaranty from the bidder while submitting a tender is known as

- (A) bank guarantee deposit (B) security deposit
- (C) earnest money deposit (D) caution deposit

- **28.** Original cost of property after allowing for depreciation is known as
 - (A) book value (B) salvage value
 - (C) obsolescence value (D) rateable value
- 29. The weight of steel reinforcement of one cubic metre is equal to
 - (A) 7850 kN (B) 7850 kg (C) 785 tonne (D) 7850 N

30. A fund that is gradually accumulated by periodic or annual deposit for the replacement of building or structure at the end of its useful life is termed as

- (A) rising fund (B) scrap fund
- (C) local fund (D) sinking fund
- **31.** Deciduous trees fall under the category of
 - (A) Exogenous trees (B) Endogenous trees
 - (C) Conifers trees (D) Evergreen trees
- **32.** Based on modulus of elasticity, timber used for construction purposes are classified as Group B when
 - (A) Modulus of elasticity in bending above 12.5 kN/mm²
 - (B) Modulus of elasticity in bending above 5.6 kN/mm² and below 9.8 kN/mm²
 - (C) Modulus of elasticity in bending above 9.8 kN/mm² and below 12.5 kN/mm²
 - (D) Modulus of elasticity in bending below 5.6 kN/mm²
- **33.** As per relevant Bureau of Indian Standard, the soundness of 43 grade Ordinary Portland Cement tested according to Le Chatelier apparatus shall not be more than
 - (A) 2 mm (B) 10 mm (C) 1% (D) 0.8%
- **34.** Match the following :

| List – I | | | | | | List – II | | | | |
|----------|----------------------|---------|---------|-----|-----|--|--|--|--|--|
| (K) | (K) Bitumen emulsion | | | on | (P) | fluxing asphaltic bitumen in presence of some suitable liquid distillates of coal tar or petroleum | | | | |
| (L) | (L) Blown bitumen | | | | (Q) | obtained by passing air under pressure at a higher temperature | | | | |
| (M) | Cut-back bitumen | | | n | (R) | distilled to a definite viscosity or penetration without further treatment. | | | | |
| (N) | Strai | ight ru | un bitu | men | (S) | liquid product containing bitumen to a great extent in an aqueous medium | | | | |
| | | K | L | Μ | Ν | | | | | |
| | (A) | S | Q | Р | R | | | | | |
| | (B) | Q | Р | R | S | | | | | |
| | (C) | P | R | Q | S | | | | | |
| | (D) | R | Q | S | Р | | | | | |

- **35.** A plastic material obtained by oxidizing linseed oil into a rubber like substance mixed with ground cork, wood flour and pigments is known as
 - (A) Thermocol(B) Fibre glass(C) Glass wool(D) Linoleum
 - Glass wool (D) Linoleum
 7

- A finely ground powder containing an admixture, forms a gas on being mixed with water 36. and expands the mixture to 3 or 4 times, its volume is known as (A) Stucco (B) Gypsum (C) Pyrocell (D) Keene's cement 37. Identify the processes used in conditional assessment of existing structures (i) Visual inspection with or without NDT Filed and Laboratory testing (ii) (iii) Data Analysis (iv) Sealing existing cracks (A) (i) and (iv) only (B) (ii) and (iii) only (C) (i) and (ii) only (D) (i), (ii) and (iii) 38. Plastic settlement cracks occur in concrete due to (i) excess bleeding rapid cooling (ii) (iii) rapid early drying conditions (iv) lack of cover (A) (i) and (iii) only **(B)** (ii) and (iii) only (C) (i) and (iv) only (D) (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) A special formwork which moves continuously without support from ground used in tall 39. building construction is known as (A) Myvan form Tunnel form (B) (C) Slip form (D) Shell form **40**. A wall that is constructed to carry the load of the structure above it is known as (A) parapet wall (B) load bearing wall (C) cavity wall (D) in-fill walls Moment due to triangular load of masonry wall above the lintel is taken as 41. (B) $\frac{WL}{4}$ (C) $\frac{WL}{8}$ (A) $\frac{WL}{6}$ (D) As per IS 456 : 2000, the pH value of water used in building construction shall be 42. (A) greater than 7 (B) equal to 7 (D) less than 6 (C) less than 10 The purpose of underpinning is to : **43**. strengthen an existing foundation (i) (ii) to deepen an existing foundation (iii) to construct a new foundation (iv) to construct a basement in an existing building (A) (i), (ii) and (iii) only (B) (i) and (iii) only (C) (i), (ii) and (iv) only (D) (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) The process of scaling away patches of plaster of previous coat, due to lack of adhesion **44**. with the undercoat is called
 - (A) grinning (B) flaking (C) blistering (D) crazing

| 45. Match the Lists | : |
|----------------------------|---|
|----------------------------|---|

| | List – I | | | List – II | | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|---------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|---|------------------|---|------------------------|----------------------|
| | | (P) | igmen | ts) | | | (Measurement unit) | | | | | |
| | (P) | Na | tural c | olour | | (E) | Chrome y | rellow | | | | |
| | (Q) | Ca | lcined | colour | | (F) | Carbon bl | ack | | | | |
| | (R) | Pre | cipitat | tes | | (G) | Ochres | | | | | |
| | (S) | Lal | ces | | | (H) | Discolour | ring baryt | es/ | China clay with dy | /es | |
| | | | Р | Q | R | S | | | | | | |
| | | (A) | E | F | Η | G | | | | | | |
| | | (B) | F | G | Е | Η | | | | | | |
| | | (C) | G | F | Е | Η | | | | | | |
| | | (D) | Η | E | F | G | | | | | | |
| 46. | The | short | comin | gs of b | ar ch | arts ar | e : | | | | | |
| | (i) | Lack | c of de | gree of | f deta | ils | | | | | | |
| | (11) | Inab | ility of | f show | prog | ress of | fwork | | | | | |
| | (111) | Time | e unce | rtaintie | s S | | | /1 | • | | | |
| | | (A) | (1), (1 | (1) and (\cdots) | (111) | | | 1) T | 3) | (1) and (11) only (1) $1 (11) = 1$ | | |
| | | (C) | (11) a | nd (111) | only | r | | (1 | J) | (1) and (111) only | | |
| 47. | Safe | ty We | eek ob | served | eve | ry yea | ar to celeb | rate the | fou | ndation of the Na | ationa | l Safety |
| | Cour | (Λ) | $\frac{1}{4}$ 10 | 1S D. Echar | 1047 | | | (1 |)) | 1 10 January | | |
| | | (\mathbf{A}) | 4 - 10 |) redri | lary | | | 1) 1) | <i>ו</i> כ ור | 4 - 10 January $4 - 10$ March | | |
| | | (C) | 4 -10 | о Артп | | | | (I |) | | | |
| 48. | The | amou place | nt of ti d is kr | ime it t | akes s | to rec | eive materi | als from | a si | upplier after the in | itial c | order has |
| | | (A) | reple | nishm | ent ti | me | | Œ | 3) | lead time | | |
| | | (C) | cycle | e time | | | | (I (I |)) | idle time | | |
| 49. | The | practi | ce am | ong th | ose | with r | ower or in | fluence o | of f | avouring relatives | s or fi | riends is |
| | knov | vn as | | U | | 1 | | | | C | | |
| | | (A) | feuda | alism | | (B) | nepotism | (0 | C) | centralism | (D) | authorism |
| 50 | The | nroce | es of c | omnari | na ai | wme | sured valu | e with its | tru | e value is known | 96 | |
| 50. | THC . | (Λ) | least | count | ing ai | Iy me | asurea vara | C with its | 111 2) | | as | |
| | | (\mathbf{A}) | nreci | sion | | | | 1) [] | <i>ו</i> ר ור | calibration | | |
| | | (C) | pree | 51011 | | | | (1 |) | canoration | | |
| 51. | The | distrib | oution | mains | are d | esigne | ed for | | | | | |
| | | (A) | Max | imum | daily | dema | nd | | | | | |
| | | (B) | Max | imum | hourl | y dem | and | | | | | |
| | | (C) | Aver | age da | ily de | emand | | | | | | |
| | | (D) | Max | imum | hourl | y dem | and on may | kimum da | ıy | | | |
| 52. | Bioc | hemic | al Ox | ygen D | emai | nd (B. | O.D.) of sa | fe drinkir | ng v | water must be | | |
| | | (A) | Nil | | | (B) | 5 | (0 | C) | 10 | (D) | 15 |
| A | CONTINUES OF STREET, ST | nanya ing kanalang kanala | na seren a | artina. Caratra contan | al Coordination all thereoran | L2990 TH 14. 10870 H 14.10 | 9 | nal dur settal soon and correctly a con | 2674.22472 | nationale geodes. 2013ets the entit the out of geodese houses | na destricte contra de | 067/2022 [P.T.O.] |

53. The maximum permissible limit for fluoride in drinking water is

| (A) 0.1 mg/litre | (B) | 1.5 mg/litre |
|------------------|-----|--------------|
|------------------|-----|--------------|

- (C) 5 mg/litre (D) 10 mg/litre
- 54. What is the working pH range for methyl orange?
 - (A) 6.4 8.0(B) 1.2 - 2.8(C) 3.1 - 4.4(D) 6.0 - 7.8

(B)

 $Ca(HCO_3)_2$ and $MgCl_2$

- Which of the following are least soluble forms of Ca and Mg at Normal water 55. temperature ?
 - (A) $CaCl_2$ and $MgCO_3$
 - (C) $Ca(OH)_2$ and $Mg(HCO_3)_2$ (D) $CaCO_3$ and $Mg(OH)_2$

A water sample has a pH of 9.25. The concentration of hydroxyl ions in the water sample is 56.

- **(B)** 10-4.75 moles/L (A) 10-9.25 moles/L
- (C) 0.302 mg/L(D) 3.020 mg/L
- 57. The process in which the chlorination is done beyond the break point is known as
 - Post-chlorination (A) Pre-chlorination **(B)**
 - Super chlorination Break point chlorination (C) (D)

Match the given water properties in Group-I to the given titrants shown in Group-II 58.

| | Group-I | Group-II | | | |
|----|------------------|----------|--|--|--|
| P. | Alkalinity | 1. | N/35.5 AgNO ₃ | | |
| Q. | Hardness | 2. | N/40 Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ | | |
| R. | Chlorine | 3. | N/50 H ₂ SO ₄ | | |
| S. | Dissolved oxygen | 4. | N/50 EDTA | | |

- (A) P-1, Q-2, R-3, S-4
- (B) P-2, Q-1, R-4, S-3
- (C) P-3, Q-4, R-1, S-2
- (D) P-4, Q-3, R-2, S-1

(C)

- 59. Which of the following cations impart(s) pseudo-hardness to water ?
 - (A) Calcium only (B)
 - (C) Calcium and magnesium
- Magnesium only
- (D) Sodium
- 60. A single rapid test to determine the pollution status of river water is
 - (A) Biochemical oxygen demand Chemical oxygen demand **(B)**
 - Total organic solids Dissolved oxygen (D)
- As per IS 1893 : 2002 "A soft storey is one in which the lateral stiffness is less than what **61**. % of that in the storey above or less than 80 percent of the average lateral stiffness of the three storeys above.
 - (A) 70 percent **(B)** 80 percent
 - (C) 75 percent (D) 90 percent
- As per IS 13920 : 2016, what is the minimum grade of structural concrete that should be **62**. used in buildings?

| (A) 30 | (B) 25 | (C) 15 | (D) 20 |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | | | |

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| 63. | Modulus o (A) (C) | f rigidity of struct 7.69 × 10 ⁵ MPa 0.769 × 10 ⁹ kN/r | ural s n ² | teel irresp | ective of its (B) (D) | grade ma 0.769 × 7.69 × | y be taken < 10 ⁵ N/m ² 10 ⁹ kN/m ² | as: $\frac{2}{2}$ | |
|-----|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|----------------------|-----------------|
| 64. | Minimum (A) | grade of concrete M20 | that h (B) | nas to be u M30 | sed for post (C) | tensioned M25 | concrete s | tructu (D) | ures M40 |
| 65. | Which of t (A) (C) | he following is no Creep Shrinkage | ot a tin | ne depend | lent loss in p (B) (D) | re-stresse Relaxa Elastic | d concrete ation shortening | syste | m ? |
| 66. | The extern (A) (C) | al wind pressure a Permeability of I Both (A) & (B) | acting Roof | on a roof | depends on (B) (D) | Slope None o | of roof of the abov | e | |
| 67. | Angle of in (A) | nclination to axis of 30° | of me (B) | mber for l 40° | acing bars sl (C) | nall not be 60° | e less than | (D) | 70° |
| 68. | Lacing and (A) (C) | l Battens are desig Bending momen Bearing | gned t t | o take care | e of (B) (D) | Compr Shear | ession Force | | |
| 69. | Maximum lateral tors (A) | effective slender ional buckling is 180 | rness (B) | ratio for 250 | compression (C) | n flanges 300 | of beam | subjo (D) | ected to 350 |
| 70. | In beams shall not be | designed for se e less than | ismic | detailing | g criteria, th | e tension | steel ratio | o on a | any face |
| | (A) | $0.24 \ \sqrt{\frac{f_{ck}}{f_y}}$ | | | (B) | 0.36 V | $\frac{\overline{f_{ck}}}{f_y}$ | | |
| | (C) | $0.66 \sqrt{\frac{f_{ck}}{f_y}}$ | | | (D) | None o | of these | | |

71. Consider the singly reinforced beam shown in the figure below : At cross-section XX, which of the following statement is TRUE at the Limit State ?



- (A) The variation of stress is linear and that of strain is non-linear
- (B) The variation of strain is linear and that of stress is non-linear

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- (C) The variation of both stress and strain is linear
- (D) The variation of both stress and strain is non-linear

72. The development length of deformed reinforcement bar can be expressed as (1/k) ($\phi\sigma_s$ $/\tau_{bd}).$ From IS 456 : 2000, the value of k can be calculated as

> (A) 6.4 (B) 4.8 (C) 5.2 (D) 5.6

- 73. Consider the following statements :
 - There will be no defects in select grade timbers. 1.
 - 2. The codal values for strength of grade-II timber without defects may be reduced by 37.5%.
 - For timber used as columns, the permissible stress in ungraded timbers is adopted 3. with a multiplying factor of 0.50.
 - In case of wind force and earthquakes, a modification factor of 1.33 is adopted. 4. Which of the above statements are correct?
 - (A) 1 and 3 only (B) 1 and 4 only
 - (C) 2 and 4 only (D) 2 and 3 only
- When a spirally reinforced short column is loaded axially, the concrete inside the core is 74. subjected to
 - (A) Bending and compression **Biaxial compression** (B)
 - (C) Triaxial compression (D) Uniaxial compression
- The spacing of bars in a flat slab, shall not exceed how many times, the slab thickness, 75. except where a slab is cellular or ribbed construction
 - (A) 2 (D) 3 (B) 1.5 (C) 0.5
- 76. The unsupported length between end restraints shall not exceed how many times the least lateral dimension of a column?
 - (A) 10 times (B) 20 times (C) 40 times (D) 60 times
- 77. As per IS 875 (Part-3) : 2015, value of internal pressure co-efficient for Buildings with medium openings between about 5 to 20 percent of wall area is
 - (A) ± 0.2 (B) ± 0.3 (C) ± 0.5 (D) ± 0.7
- Two bolted plates under tension with alternative arrangement of bolt holes are shown in 78. figure 1 and 2. The hole diameter, pitch, and gauge length are d, p and g respectively.



Which one of the following conditions must be ensured to have higher net tensile capacity of configuration shown in figure 2 than that shown in figure 1?

(B) $p^2 < \sqrt{4gd}$ (C) $p^2 > 4gd$ (A) $p^2 > 2gd$ (D) $p^2 < 4gd$ 12 A

| A | a concorran contrast accorranges according to a concorr | na an an Arna an agus lan an an an an ann an ann an ann an ann an a | en Leon en | 13 | ntal 1867 ERITAL DOIT REAL CONTORTILL CONTORT | a. met is iller i le vier i se vier i a | annan fil sin sin san sin san sin san sin s | a. OMERTA CONTRA | 067/2022 [P.T.O.] |
|-----|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|--------------------------|--|
| 90. | Rise of w bearing ca (A) | ater table in coh pacity approxima 25% | esionl itely b (B) | ess soils up y 50% | oto ground (C | surface) 75% | reduces the | e net (D) | ultimate 90% |
| 89. | The minim (A) | num spacing betw 1.5 d | (B) | ompaction p 2 d | oiles in terr (C | ms of the) 2.5 d | eir diameter | d is (D) | 1 d |
| 88. | Select the (A) (B) (C) (D) | incorrect stateme Bearing capacit Bearing capacit Bearing capacit Bearing capacit | nt. y of a y of a y of a y of a | soil depend soil depend soil depend soil is indep | s upon the s on the ty s upon sha pendent of | amount pe of so pe and s rate of l | and directio il. ize of footir oading. | on of l ng. | oad. |
| 87. | Type of fa (A) | ilure occur in loo Plastic | se san (B) | ds during sl Brittle | nearing sta (C | ge of she) Com | ear strength pression | test is (D) | Shear |
| 86. | Primary co (A) (B) (C) (D) | onsolidation of so Expulsion of air Expulsion of wa Compression of Re-adjustment of | ils occ r voids ater fro f solid of soil | curs due to som the void particles particles | S | | | | |
| 85. | The critica 0.67 is (A) | ll gradient at whi 1 | ch the (B) | e specific gr 1.5 | avity of so (C | olids as 2 | 2.67, and the | e void (D) | ratio of 2.5 |
| 84. | Co-efficien (A) (C) | nt of permeability Variable head p Computation fro | y of an ermea om the | unsaturated bility test e particle siz | d soil can l (B ze (D | be detern) Pumj) Capi | nined by usi ping in tests llarity permo | ng eabilit | y test |
| 83. | Consistence (A) (C) | cy index shows the Natural water co Plastic limit | ne near ontent | mess of the | water cont (B (D | tent of th) Lique) Shrir | e soil to its id limit hkage limit | | |
| 82. | The soil hat (A) | $D_{60} = 0.08$ and 20 | (B) | = 0.004. The 25 | en the unifo (C |) 42 | o-efficient o | f soil (D) | 1s 67 |
| 81. | Typical va (A) (C) | lues of specific g < 2.0 2.2 to 2.62 | ravity | of solid par | rticles of si (B (D | ilty sand) 2.0 to) 2.66 | s are about o 2.18 to 2.7 | c 1 | |
| 80. | Which of tension ? (A) (C) | the following eq $(Vsb/Vdb)^2 + (T)^2$ $(Vsb/Vdb) + (T)^2$ | quation Fsb/Tc sb/Tdl | n is correct 1b) ² ≤ 1 b) ≤ 1 | t for bolt (B (D | subjecteo) (Vsb) (Vsb | d to combin /Vdb) ² + (T /Vdb) + (Ts | ned sł sb/Td b/Tdb | near and b) ² ≥ 1) ≥ 1 |
| 79. | If a colum end and, a value of ef (A) | n of 5 m is effect t the other restra fective length to 6 m | ctively ained a const (B) | held in po against rota idered in de 7.5 m | sition and tion but no sign will b (C | restrain ot held i oe:) 5 m | ed against r n position, : | otatio recom (D) | n at one mended 3.25 m |

| 91. | The distance between two consecutive vehicles is called | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|---|--|-----|--------------------------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | (A) | Time headway | (B) | Traffic flow | | | | | | | |
| | (C) | Jam density | (D) | Space headway | | | | | | | |
| 92. | The number of vehicles per unit length at any instant of time is called as | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (A) | Density | (B) | Capacity | | | | | | | |
| | (C) | Volume | (D) | Saturation flow | | | | | | | |
| 93. | The minimum space headway in a traffic stream is equal to | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (A) | $S_g + L$ | (B) | 0.278 V + L | | | | | | | |
| | (C) | 0.7 L + V | (D) | 0.2 V + S | | | | | | | |
| 94. | If the spot speeds are 50, 40, 60, 54 and 45 kmph then the time mean speed is | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (A) | 49.8 kmph | (B) | 46.8 kmph | | | | | | | |
| | (C) | 48.9 kmph | (D) | 48.6 kmph | | | | | | | |
| 95. | The speed distribution of vehicles at a point on the roadway is | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (A) | Spot speed | (B) | Journey speed | | | | | | | |
| | (C) | Space mean speed | (D) | Time mean speed | | | | | | | |
| 96. | The vertical alignment of a highway includes | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (A) |) Sight distance and traffic intersection | | | | | | | | | |
| | (B) | Highway lightning | | | | | | | | | |
| | (C) | Design of valley curves and gradients | | | | | | | | | |
| | (D) | Widening of pavement | | | | | | | | | |
| 97. | The ruling gradient required for plain or rolling terrain is | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (A) | 1 in 15 (B) 1 in 20 | (C) | 1 in 30 (D) | 1 in 40 | | | | | | |
| 98. | Bleeding in the bituminous pavement surface causes | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (A) | Loss of skid resistance | (B) | Permeability of subgrade | | | | | | | |
| | (C) | Pothole in base layer | (D) | Water pumping | | | | | | | |
| 99. | The surface depression along the wheel path is called as | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (A) | Longitudinal cracking | (B) | Surface rutting | | | | | | | |
| | (C) | Surface cracking | (D) | Longitudinal gradient | | | | | | | |
| 100. | In the rigid pavement construction, the dowel bars provided to | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (A) | (A) distribute loads between slabs in horizontal direction | | | | | | | | | |
| | (B) | keep the slabs in longitudinal position | | | | | | | | | |
| | (C) | (C) strengthen the slabs from longitudinal movement | | | | | | | | | |
| | (D) | (D) to avoid the vertical movement of slabs | | | | | | | | | |

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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