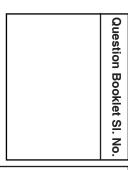
**Question Booklet Alpha Code** 





Total Number of Questions: 100

Time: 90 Minutes

**Maximum Marks: 100** 

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. The Question Paper will be given in the form of a Question Booklet. There will be four versions of Question Booklets with Question Booklet Alpha Code viz. **A**, **B**, **C** & **D**.
- 2. The Question Booklet Alpha Code will be printed on the top left margin of the facing sheet of the Question Booklet.
- 3. The Question Booklet Alpha Code allotted to you will be noted in your seating position in the Examination Hall.
- 4. If you get a Question Booklet where the alpha code does not match to the allotted Alpha Code in the seating position, please draw the attention of the Invigilator IMMEDIATELY.
- 5. The Question Booklet Serial Number is printed on the top right margin of the facing sheet. If your Question Booklet is un-numbered, please get it replaced by new Question Booklet with same Alpha Code.
- 6. The Question Booklet will be sealed at the middle of the right margin. Candidate should not open the Question Booklet, until the indication is given to start answering.
- 7. Immediately after the commencement of the examination, the candidate should check that the Question Booklet supplied to him/her contains all the 100 questions in serial order. The Question Booklet does not have unprinted or torn or missing pages and if so he/she should bring it to the notice of the Invigilator and get it replaced by a complete booklet with same Alpha Code. This is most important.
- 8. A blank sheet of paper is attached to the question booklet. This may be used for rough work.
- 9. Please read carefully all the instructions on the reverse of the Answer Sheet before marking your answers.
- 10. Each question is provided with four choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and darken the bubble corresponding to the question number using Blue or Black Ball Point Pen in the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 11. Each correct answer carries 1 mark and for each wrong answer 1/3 mark will be deducted. No negative mark for unattended questions.
- 12. No candidate will be allowed to leave the examination hall till the end of the session and without handing over his/her Answer Sheet to the Invigilator. Candidates should ensure that the Invigilator has verified all the entries in the Register Number Coding Sheet and that the Invigilator has affixed his/her signature in the space provided.
- 13. Strict compliance of instructions is essential. Any malpractice or attempt to commit any kind of malpractice in the Examination will result in the disqualification of the candidate.

**A** -2-

1. Which of the following is the time complexity of the given program? void sample (int n) int p,q,r,c=0; for (p=n/2; p <= n; p++)for (q=1; q+n/2; q++)for (r=1; r<=n; r=r\*2) C++; A) O(log n) B) O(n log n) C) O(n<sup>2</sup> log n) D) O(n<sup>2</sup>) 2. Which of the following is the correct postfix expression corresponding to the given infix expression ?  $A + B - C*D + (E^F)*G/H/I*J + K$ A)  $AB + - *CD + * \triangle EF/G/H*IJ* + K$ B)  $AB - + C*D + E^F * G/H/I * J K +$ C)  $AB + - C*D + E^F * G/H/I* J K +$ D)  $AB + CD^* - EF^* G^*H/I/J^* + K+$ Which of the following statement(s) is/are not correct about circular queue? I. It provides a quick way to store FIFO data with a maximum size. II. Efficient utilization of the memory. III. In the Round-Robin scheduling algorithm, a circular gueue is utilized to maintain processes that are in a ready state. IV. It uses dynamic memory. A) I and III B) II and IV C) IV D) II 4. Which of the following statement(s) is/are true relating to linked lists? I. More memory is required in the linked list as compared to an array. II. Direct access to an element is not possible in a linked list as in an array by index. III. There is no need to shift elements after the insertion or deletion of an element only the address present in the next pointer needs to be updated. A) Only I and II B) Only III C) All of the above D) None of the above 5. Which among the following statement(s) is/are not correct regarding the properties of the binary trees? 1. The number of leaf nodes l in a perfect binary tree, is l = (n + 1)/2. 2. A full binary tree with l leaves has 2l + 1 nodes (n). 3. The number of null links (i.e., absent children of the nodes) in a binary tree of n nodes is (n-1)A) Only 1 and 3 B) Only 2 and 3 C) Only 1 D) Only 2

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Α

6.	Consider the following statements about AVL trees:  I. Searching for a specific key in an AVL tree can be done the same way as that of any balanced or unbalanced binary search tree.  II. Once a node has been found in an AVL tree, the next or previous node can be accessed in amortized constant time.  III. The retracing can stop if the balance factor becomes (+/-) 1 implying that the height of that sub tree remains unchanged.  Which among the above statement(s) is/are not correct?  A) Only I B) Only II and III C) Only III D) All of the above
7.	<ul> <li>Which of the following is/are correct relating to the possible multiplicity property of MST?</li> <li>If all the edge weights of a graph are the same, then every spanning tree of that graph is the minimum.</li> <li>If each edge has a distinct weight then there will be only one, unique minimum spanning tree.</li> <li>If the weights are positive, then a minimum spanning tree is a minimum cost subgraph connecting all vertices.</li> </ul>
8.	<ul> <li>A) Only 1</li> <li>B) Only 1 and 2</li> <li>C) Only 2 and 3</li> <li>D) Only 3</li> <li>Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct relating to double hashing?</li> <li>a. The interval between probes is fixed (usually 1).</li> <li>b. The interval between probes is increased by adding the successive outputs of a quadratic polynomial to the value given by the original hash computation.</li> <li>c. The interval between probes is computed by a secondary hash function.</li> <li>A) All of the above</li> <li>B) Only a and c</li> <li>C) Only c</li> <li>D) Only a</li> </ul>
9.	Which of the following are the two key attributes that a problem must have in dynamic programming to be applicable?  1. Overlapping sub-problems 2. Non-overlapping sub-problems 3. Optimal substructure 4. Divide and Conquer A) 1 and 2 B) 1 and 4 C) 2 and 3 D) 1 and 3
10.	<ul> <li>Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct regarding greedy algorithms?</li> <li>i. The choice made by a greedy algorithm may depend on choices made so far, but not on future choices or all the solutions to the sub-problem.</li> <li>ii. A greedy algorithm never reconsiders its choices.</li> <li>iii. Greedy algorithms produce good solutions to some mathematical problems, but not to others.</li> <li>A) Only i</li> <li>B) Only ii</li> <li>C) All of the above</li> <li>D) None of the above</li> </ul>
11.	<ul> <li>Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct about MongoDB horizontal scaling?</li> <li>a. It refers to bringing on additional nodes to share the load.</li> <li>b. This allows them to be distributed across nodes more simply, as queries do not have to "join" them together across nodes.</li> <li>c. It refers to increasing the processing power of a single server or cluster.</li> <li>d. It is a good option to try first if massive storage and processing are not required.</li> <li>A) Only a and b B) Only b and c C) All of the above D) Only c</li> </ul>

12.	Consider the following statements:  i. It is a database management system b ii. Entity type refers to the collection of the iii. Stores data in entities, defined as table iv. Stores data as well as methods. Which among the above statement(s) is/as A) Only i and ii  B) Only iii	e entity that shares a es that hold specific in	common definition. formation.
13.	Which of the following is/are not a concurred a. Locking b. Time stamping c. Normalization d. Optimistic method A) All of the above B) Only a and b		e(s) ? D) Only c
14.	Which of the following is not the utility of Di 1. Loading 2. Recovery 3. File organization 4. Backup A) Only 1 and 4 B) Only 1 and 3		D) None of the above
15.	Which of the following is used to manipulate tables?  A) Data Definition Language (DDL)  C) DML and DDL	e Oracle Database st B) Data Manipulatio D) None of the abov	n Language (DML)
16.	Which of the following statements are true at 1. Non-prime attributes cannot be transiting 2. It helps to maintain the integrity of the case 3. 3NF is sometimes referred to as project A) All of the above B) Only 1 and 2	vely dependent. data. tt-join NF.	I Form (3NF) ?  D) None of the above
17.	<ul> <li>Which of the following statement(s) is/are t (data model)?</li> <li>I. The schema, viewed as a graph in what types are arcs, is not restricted to being II. A method of data modelling that has been III. It is sometimes known as the CODASY IV. A database model based on first-order A) Only I and IV</li> <li>B) Only II and III</li> </ul>	nich object types are not a hierarchy or lattice and defined as "attribute of the model."	nodes and relationship
18.	A is a stored procedure in a whenever a special event in the database (A) View B) Trigger		

19.	Which of the following statement(s) is/are  1. An attribute consisting of more than of 2. An attribute that can be derived from of 3. An attribute composed of many other 4. An attribute that can be further subdiv A) Only 1 and 3 B) Only 2	ne value for a given en other attributes of the o attributes.	ntity. entity type.
20.	Given that W, X, Y, and Z are sets of attributor properties of functional dependencies: Which among the following represents ps A) If $X \to Y$ , then $XZ \to YZ$ B) If $X \to Y$ and $Y \to Z$ , then $X \to Z$ C) If $X \to Y$ and $YW \to Z$ , then $XW \to Z$ D) If $X \to Y$ and $Z \to W$ , then $Z \to YW$	eudo-transitive rule ?	can derive several
21.	Which of the following option leads to the A) The applet makes the Java codes sec B) Byte code is executed by JVM C) Dynamic binding between objects D) Use of exception handling		of Java ?
22.	Which of the following is/are not the un-cori. pass ii. break iii. continue iv. quit() A) iii only B) iii and iv only		ucts in Python ?  D) None of the above
23.	<ul> <li>Which of the following statement(s) is/are</li> <li>i. The bundling of data with the methods direct access to some of an object's c</li> <li>ii. This mechanism is unique to OOP.</li> <li>iii. It can be used to hide data members at A) Only i and ii</li> <li>B) Only iii</li> </ul>	that operate on that domponents.	ata, or the restricting of
24.	<ul> <li>Which of the following statement(s) is/are</li> <li>i. It is used to provide the specific implements by its super class.</li> <li>ii. It is an example of run time polymorphiii. It is performed within class.</li> <li>A) All of the above B) i and ii</li> </ul>	entation of the method	

25.	<ul> <li>Considering the following statements about compile-time polymorphism, which of the following is/are true?</li> <li>a. It is also known as static polymorphism.</li> <li>b. Overloading of methods is called through the reference variable of a class.</li> <li>c. Compile-time polymorphism is achieved by method overloading and operator overloading.</li> <li>d. It can be achieved through static binding.</li> <li>A) None of the above B) All of the above C) Only a and c D) Only c</li> </ul>
26.	Which of the following statement(s) relating to interfaces in Java is/are not correct?  i. It is a mechanism of achieving abstraction and multiple inheritances.  ii. There can be multiple interfaces in a package.  iii. It is not possible to create objects using an interface.  iv. There is no constructor in an interface.  A) i and ii only  B) iv only  C) All of the above  D) None of the above
27.	<ul> <li>Which of the following statement(s) regarding the exception handling in Java is/are true?</li> <li>a. It is a mechanism to handle runtime errors.</li> <li>b. One advantage of the exception handling is to maintain the normal flow of the application.</li> <li>c. It enables programmers to write robust and fault-tolerant programs.</li> <li>d. One approach to handle exceptions in Java using try catch block.</li> <li>A) All of the above B) a and d only C) b and d only D) d only</li> </ul>
28.	Considering different states of a Thread during its lifetime, which of the following pairs are correctly matched?  1. Running: The processor has given its time to the thread for its execution.  2. Runnable: The thread may be running or may be ready to run at any given instant of time.  3. Waiting: When the thread is prevented from entering into the runnable state and subsequently the running state.  4. Timed Waiting: A thread lies in the waiting state for a specific span of time, and not forever.  A) 3 and 4  B) 1 and 2  C) 1, 2 and 4  D) 1, 3 and 4
29.	Consider the following statements about Java swing  1. Swing in Java doesn't support pluggable look and feel.  2. Java swing doesn't follows MVC (Model View Controller).  3. Java swing components are platform-independent.  4. Swing components are lightweight.  Which among the above statement(s) is/are correct?  A) 1 and 2 only  B) 3 and 4 only  C) 1 and 3 only  D) 2 and 4 only
Α	-7-

30.	JDBC API uses JDBC are the JDBC drivers 1. JDBC-ODBC Brid 2. Thin Driver 3. Network Protocol 4. Native Driver A) 1 and 2	? lge Driver	with the database, w  C) 1, 3 and 4	hich of the following  D) All of the above
31.	Which of the following a. Sequence types b. Binary types c. Mapping data typ d. Set data types A) None of the abov C) c and d	es	hon data types ?  B) All of the above D) b and c	e
32.	sequential position 2. The logical struct 3. Each of the items	ata values by associn.  ure of a list is simila  in a list is ordered in the same index  thas a unique index	ciation with other data r to the structure of a	values rather than by string.
33.	Which of the following i. [1980, 1951, 1990 ii. {'Name' : 'Bob', 1' iii. {'Name' : 'Bob', 1 iv. [['Welcome', 'You A) i, iii and iv	0] Dccupation' : 'Mana : [1, 2, 3, 4]}		D) None of the above
34.	Which of the followin HTML and XML docu A) Scrappy		Python that enables  C) TensorFlow	
35.	Which of the following  1. When a key does  2. When two different  3. When the user property  A) 1	g statement is true for not exist in a diction nt types are combin	or when TypeError ex nary. ed.	,
36.		stem saves the state a system call upt takes place	e of one process and	loads another

37.	A Process Control Block (PCB) is  A) A structure that stores information about a single process  B) The kernel's structure for keeping track of all the processes in the system  C) A linked list of blocked processes (those waiting on some event)  D) A kernel interface for controlling processes (creating, deleting, suspending)				
38.	Threads within the same process do not shall A) Text segment (instructions) C) Stack	nare the same  B) Data segment  D) Open files			
39.	The disadvantage of round-robin process s  A) It gives every process an equal share of B) It can lead to starvation where some process C) It puts a high priority on interactive process D) It never preempts a process, so a long-	of the CPU rocesses never get to cesses			
40.	<ul> <li>A race condition occurs when</li> <li>A) Two or more threads compete to be the first to access a critical section</li> <li>B) The outcome of a program depends on the specific order in which threads are scheduled</li> <li>C) A thread grabs a lock for a critical section, thus preventing another thread from accessing it</li> <li>D) Two threads run in lockstep synchronization with each other</li> </ul>				
41.	Page-based virtual memory is subject to A) Internal fragmentation C) Both	B) External fragmer D) Neither	ntation		
42.	A system uses 32-bit logical addresses, a addresses. What is the size of the page tal A) 2 <sup>18</sup> B) 2 <sup>22</sup>		and 36-bit physical D) 2 <sup>14</sup>		
43.	<ul> <li>Memory compaction is a technique to</li> <li>A) Free up unused memory in a process to</li> <li>B) Remove redundant data in a process so</li> <li>C) Apply real-time data compression to a</li> <li>D) Move a process to a different part of memory</li> </ul>	so it takes up less spa process' memory to r	nce in memory reduce its footprint		
44.	With a direct mapping paging system on a sist the size of each process' page table?  A) 32KB  B) 64KB	32-bit processor with  C) 128KB	32KB pages, what D) 4GB		
	-9-	,	-, · <del>-</del>		

Α

45.	A logical address of 0 with 4KB pages has the	e following offset	, 0		
	A) 0x3ab	B) 0x413ab	C) 0x51441	D) 0x514	
46.	Assume that a main me table and have a 50% no memory cache and	TLB hit ratio, the ef			
	A) 100 ns	B) 200 ns	C) 300 ns	D) 400 ns	
47.	A certain Memory Man 512-byte pages into 20 A) 128 entries	D-bit physical addres	sses. How big is the p		
48.	Thrashing in a virtual memory system is caused by  A) A process making too many requests for disk I/O  B) Multiple processes requesting disk I/O simultaneously  C) Processes not having their working set resident in memory  D) Slow operating system response to processing a page fault				
49.	The wait system call on Linux systems puts a process to sleep until  A) A semaphore wakes it up  B) The specified elapsed time expires  C) A child process terminates  D) The process is preempted by another process				
50.	The Linux slab allocator is not designed to  A) Provide an interface for memory allocation for kernel structures  B) Avoid external fragmentation by allocating same-size objects per cache  C) Replace the buddy algorithm for allocating pages as well as objects  D) Be able to increase the amount of memory it uses by requesting more pages				
51.	The Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) is used to A) Enable a computer to get a unique IP address B) Find the IP address that corresponds to a system's domain name C) Resolve the path that a packet must take to reach a given IP address D) Convert an IP address to the corresponding ethernet address				
52.	The network device dri A) Data link layer C) Transport layer	iver is responsible fo	or which layer of the C B) Network layer D) Presentation lay		
53.	In the Internet Protocol A) Network layer C) Presentation layer	. , .	r is present at the  B) Transport layer  D) Application laye	r	

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54.	TCP/IP differs from UDP/IP in that TCP/IP  A) Requires the use of port numbers  B) Detects errors in a packet  C) Provides guaranteed bandwidth  D) Provides in-order packet delivery to the application
55.	<ul> <li>In the OSI Reference Model, what is the purpose of the Transport layer?</li> <li>A) Conversion of data into a machine-independent representation</li> <li>B) Routing packets from one machine to another, possibly through routers</li> <li>C) Providing end-to-end communication services for applications</li> <li>D) Transferring packets from one machine to another within a physical local area network</li> </ul>
56.	Which is true about the Transport Control Protocol (TCP)?  A) It provides datagram (connectionless) service  B) It sends an acknowledgment for each packet received  C) It permits incoming data to arrive out of sequence  D) It was designed for Ethernet networks
57.	Given are the following subnet addresses:  X: 192.168.128.0/22 Y: 192.168.136.0/22 Z: 192.168.142.0/22  Which of the following statements is true?  A) 192.168.132.1 and 192.168.146.1 are not in the IP range of any of the 3 subnets  B) 192.168.132.1 is in the range of X, and 192.168.146.1 is in the range of Z  C) 192.168.132.1 is in the range of Y, and 192.168.146.1 is in the range of Z  D) 192.168.132.1 is not in the IP range of any of the 3 subnets, and 192.168.146.1 is in the range of Z.
58.	A typical router in the core of the Internet has  A) Multiple network interfaces, each with its own IP address  B) Buffers to hold a queue of packets at input or output ports  C) A scheduling algorithm to determine which queued packet goes next  D) All of the above
59.	The Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) is used by

61. In Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR), the network ID in an IPv4 address is

60. In a Class B IP address like 136.159.5.20, the network ID portion is

B) 16 bits long

A) Always 8 bits long

C) SNMP and NTP

A) 8 bits long

A) Web and email applications

B) Always 16 bits long

D) Ping and traceroute

B) FTP and email applications

D) 32 bits long

C) Always 24 bits long

D) None of the above

C) 24 bits long

62.	Which one of the following IP ad A) 10.13.159.125 B) 172.		•		189.11.21
63.	The typical Maximum Segment S A) 64 bytes B) 1024		or TCP on the C) 1460 bytes		0 bytes
64.	The new feature(s) in IPv6 comp A) 128-bit IP addresses B) Removing the need for IP da C) Better support for Quality of D) All of the above	atagram frag	mentation	nd security	
65.	<ul> <li>The Domain Name Service (DNS) is an example of a</li> <li>A) Transaction-oriented application-layer protocol</li> <li>B) Session-oriented application-layer protocol</li> <li>C) Transaction-oriented transport-layer protocol</li> <li>D) Session-oriented transport-layer protocol</li> </ul>				
66.	As part of requirement analysis, before it is finally implemented. We this concept?  A) Waterfall model  C) Prototyping model	hich of the fo E	-	ire process mod lel	•
67.	7. Which of the following is not an Object Oriented methodology for Software design ?  A) Data flow diagram  B) Use case diagram  C) Sequence diagram  D) Collaboration diagram				re
	Which of the following International applicable for software product of A) ISO 14000 B) ISO 3	development	_		andard is 26000
69.	testing verifies to checking the implementation de		software meet	ing fuctionalitie	es and not
			C) Integration	D) Nor	ne of the above
70.	Which of the following is false we flow graph G?  A) The number of regions  B) V(G) = E - N + 2, where E is  C) V(G) = P + 1, where P is the D) The number of conditions	s the number	of edges and	d N is number	. ,

71.	Which of the following customers ?	is a system testing o	done among the small	group of	
	A) Alpha testing	B) Beta testing	C) Stress testing	D) None of the above	
72.	Which of the following Software Engineering A) Optimizing C) Verifiable	•	•	developed by	
73.	Which of the following A) ceil()	PHP function conve B) floor()		D) fmode()	
74.	AJAX stands for  A) Advanced Java and C) Asynchronous Jav		B) Applied JSP and D) None of the above		
75.	Which one of the follow A) ECMAScript	ving is another name B) VBScript	e of Javascript ? C) ASP	D) PHP	
76.	is a text bas interchange informatio A) IIOP		es XML based rule to C) JRMP	allow applications  D) SOAP	
77.	From the following statements, related to XML syntax, which one is false?  A) XML tags are not case sensitive  B) XML attribute values must be quoted  C) XML documents must have a starting tag and closing tag  D) XML must have a Root element and only one Root element				
78.	Which of the following A) Object	• •		D) Array	
79.	Node.js is not advisabl A) Data processing a C) CPU intensive app	pplications	B) Real time system D) None of the above	• •	
80.	What is the starting of A) <>	all jQuery selectors? B) #:	C) \$()	D) ?!	
81.	The use of technologie individuals requesting  A) Access control			to authenticate the  D) Audit trail	

**A** -13-

82.	, ,			type of cryptography ? B) Asymmetric key D) None of the above		
83.	Which of the following A) SHA-1	is not a cryptograph B) MD5		gorithm that uses AES	hashing function?  D) None of the above	
84.	Which one of the follow A) Confidentiality	wing quality is most a B) Integrity		cted by Denial of S Availability	Service (DoS) attack? D) Robustness	
85.	is a network for client/server applic A) Brute Force	ations by using symr	netr	ic key cryptograph		
86.	The Secure Shell (SSIA) Transport Layer C) Session Layer	H) operates at the	B)	of the OSI refe Application Layer Network Layer		
87.	Which one of the follow A) Point to Point Tun B) Internet Message C) Secure Sockets La D) Internet Protocol S	neling Protocol (PPT Access Protocol (IMa ayer (SSL)	P)	ol ?		
88.	What is the port number A) 80	er used by HTTPS ? B) 53		25	D) 443	
89.	Which encryption algo A) SHA-1	rithm is used by WP. B) MD5		or securing wirele AES	ss networks ?  D) None of the above	
90.	The PGP stands for  A) Pretty Good Privac  C) Point Grid Protoco	•		Pretty Good Prot		
91.	Which one of the follow A) Amazon Web Serv C) Microsoft Assure		B)	Google AppEngii Nebula	า	
92.	Google AppEngin is an A) PaaS	n example of B) SaaS -14		Daas	D) laaS	

93.	The characteristic of a to serve different const.  A) Elasticity  C) Resiliency			er is referred to as
0.4	,		,	
94.	hypervisor and virtua Managers (VIMs).	-		
	A) On demand usage		B) Resource Pooling	g
	C) Heartbeats		D) None of the above	/e
95.	What does the acronyn A) Consistency Availa B) Confidentiality Ava C) Confidentiality Ava D) Consistency Availa	ability Partition tolera ilability and Portabili ilability and Persiste	nce ty	Distributed Systems ?
96.	A popular non-relational A) MongoDB		C) SQL Assure	D) None of the above
97.	is a main to run on the same systa.  A) Client C) Hypervisor			
00	,		,	
98.	•	e project which uses	MapReduce program	mming model of
	cloud computing.  A) Skynet	B) Hadoop	C) Grid Grain	D) Disco
99.	Blockchain can refer to	•	,	,
	A) Peer-to-peer netwo	orking	B) Asymmetric cryp	tography
	C) Cryptographic hash	hing	D) All of the above	
100.	is a technotransacting and common			-

# Space for Rough Work

**A** -16-