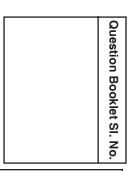
Α

Question Booklet Alpha Code





Total Number of Questions: 100 Time: 90 Minutes

Maximum Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. The Question Paper will be given in the form of a Question Booklet. There will be four versions of Question Booklets with Question Booklet Alpha Code viz. **A, B, C** & **D**.
- 2. The Question Booklet Alpha Code will be printed on the top left margin of the facing sheet of the Question Booklet.
- 3. The Question Booklet Alpha Code allotted to you will be noted in your seating position in the Examination Hall.
- 4. If you get a Question Booklet where the alpha code does not match to the allotted alpha code in the seating position, please draw the attention of the Invigilator IMMEDIATELY.
- 5. The Question Booklet Serial Number is printed on the top right margin of the facing sheet. If your Question Booklet is un-numbered, please get it replaced by new Question Booklet with same alpha code.
- 6. The Question Booklet will be sealed at the middle of the right margin. Candidate should not open the Question Booklet, until the indication is given to start answering.
- 7. Immediately after the commencement of the examination, the candidate should check that the Question Booklet supplied to him/her contains all the 100 questions in serial order. The Question Booklet does not have unprinted or torn or missing pages and if so he/she should bring it to the notice of the Invigilator and get it replaced by a complete booklet with same alpha code. This is most important.
- 8. A blank sheet of paper is attached to the Question Booklet. This may be used for rough work.
- 9. Please read carefully all the instructions on the reverse of the Answer Sheet before marking your answers.
- 10. Each question is provided with four choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and darken the bubble corresponding to the question number using Blue or Black Ball Point Pen in the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 11. Each correct answer carries 1 mark and for each wrong answer 1/3 mark will be deducted. No negative mark for unattended questions.
- 12. No candidate will be allowed to leave the examination hall till the end of the session and without handing over his/her Answer Sheet to the Invigilator. Candidates should ensure that the Invigilator has verified all the entries in the Register Number Coding Sheet and that the Invigilator has affixed his/her signature in the space provided.
- 13. Strict compliance of instructions is essential. Any malpractice or attempt to commit any kind of malpractice in the Examination will result in the disqualification of the candidate.

A -2-

1.	Delhi Public Library was inaugurated by Pa A) 26 February 1951 C) 26 January 1951	B)	t Jawaharlal Nehru on 27 October 1951 27 November 1951
2.	Central Regional Office of UGC is now loca	atec	d at
	A) Bhopal	B)	Pune
	C) Kolkata	D)	Delhi
3.	The Public Library : The People's Univers authored by	ity i	s a journal article published in 1964
	A) Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru	B)	Kathleen Molz
	C) John Macfarlane	D)	John James Beckley
4.	Delivery of Books and Newspapers (Public of India except the State of	Libı	raries) Act, 1954 extends to the whole
	A) Delhi	B)	Andaman and Nicobar
	C) Goa	D)	Jammu and Kashmir
5.	Improvement of the status of librarians is o	ne	of the broad objectives of
	A) RRRLF	B)	ILA
	C) IASLIC	D)	KLA
6.	EMS award for the best library which is over A) Upasana Library, Kozhikode B) Aksharajyothi Granthalayam, Wayanad C) Vembu Memorial Library, Kannur D) Mulanthuruthy Public Library, Ernakulan		0 years old in 2022 was won by
7.	Original title of the Tamil Nadu Public Libra	ries	s Act 1948 was
	A) The Madras Public Libraries Act, 1948 made there under)	(Ма	dras Act XXIV of 1948 and rules
	B) The Tamil Nadu Public Libraries Act, 19 rules made there under)	948	(Tamil Nadu Act XXIV of 1948 and
	C) Both A) and B)		
	D) None of the above		

A -3-

A

8.	The fourth strategic direction identified by AA) AdvocacyB) Information PolicyC) Professional and leadership developmentD) Equity, Diversity and Inclusion		
9.	Indian Association of Teachers of Library founded in	and Information Science (IATLIS) wa	เร
	A) 1967	B) 1968	
	C) 1969	D) 1970	
10.	The only chartered body in the world dedicator for information professionals and librarians		ıg
	A) ALA	B) CILIP	
	C) SLA	D) ILA	
11.	The founder and the first president of SLA A) John Cotton Dana B) Guy St. Clair C) Michele Villagran D) Donna Wills Scheeder	was	
12.	The royal library of Asurabanipal, which was library in the world is now located at	s considered as the oldest surviving roy	al
	A) Alexandria, Egypt	B) Mosul, Iraq	
	C) Mardikh, Syria	D) Bergama, Turkey	
13.	The Calcutta Public Library was established A) J. H. Stogueler C) Maulana Abdul Kalam Asad	ed largely at the initiative of B) Dr. F. P. Strong D) Lord Curson	
14.	First editor of 'Library Miscellany', a quarte A) S. R. Ranganathan C) J. S. Kodalkar	erly journal in Library Science was B) W. A. Borden D) Sayaji Rao Gawkward III	

-4-

 National Mission on Libraries (NML), an initiative of the Ministry of Culture, Governr of India, is aimed to 						
	A) Modernize public libraries across the co	ountry				
	B) Digitally link public libraries across the country					
	C) Create National Virtual Library of India					
	D) All					
16.	The term of office of the members of the the ex-officio members, shall be notify the Constitution of the SLC in the Ga	_ from the date on which the government				
	A) 3 years	B) 4 years				
	C) 5 years	D) 6 years				
17.	'Our vision is a strong and united librar participative societies'. This is the vision of					
	A) UNESCO	B) IFLA				
	C) UN	D) UNISIST				
18.	UNESCO Library Portal, a website produc Congress's web archive on	ed by UNESCO, is part of the Library of				
	A) September 11 Terrorist Attacks					
	B) Covid 19 pandemic					
	C) Activities and Services of the libraries of	leveloped by UNESCO				
	D) Documents on UNESCO published in U	JS				
19.	is sponsored and mentored by through its National Mission on Education Technology.	Ministry of Education, Government of India through Information and Communication				
	A) National Digital Library of India	B) National Library of India				
	C) Inflibnet	D) Internet Public Library				
20.	Section 14 of the Press and Registration o	f Books Act, 1867 is about				
	A) Penalty for printing or publishing newsp	paper without conforming to rules				
	B) Punishment for making false statement					
	C) Penalty for not delivering books					
	D) Punishment for failure to supply copy of	f newspapers				

A -5-

21.	Method of details is used for finding out the	.	of a library.			
	A) Financial requirements	B)	Staff requirements			
	C) Program requirements	D)	Technology requirements			
22.	First electrically operated Book Charging S A) Detriot self charging system	yste	em was			
	B) Dickman Book charging system					
	C) Gaylord charging system					
	D) Photo charging system					
23.	Information professionals today include					
	A) Office managers and record managers					
	B) Librarians and information brokers					
	C) Consultants and communication management	jers				
	D) All					
24.	RATER set was developed by Zeethaml, Partool for measuring service quality.	asu	raman and Berry for use in			
	A) LibQual	B)	WebQual			
	C) ServQual	D)	DigiQual			
25.	In Theory X and Theory Y of Douglas McG	reg	or, Theory X assumes that			
	 A) Employees personal goals are totally in objectives 	con	npatible with organizational			
	B) People have much to offer an organization if they can accept its objectives					
	C) Authority may be necessary if people w	ill n	ot cooperate			
	D) All					
26.	THOMAS is a web archive of the Library,					
	A) Library of Congress	B)	The British Library			
	C) National Library of India	D)	Vatican Library			
27.	Librarian's Digital Library is an online resea Science field developed and maintained by		repository in Library and Information			
	A) ILA	B)	University of Delhi			
	C) DRTC	D)	RRRLF			

A

28.	Last edition, 15 th edition, of the print version of the Encyclopaedia Britannica was published in					
	A) 2010	B) 2011	C)	2012	D) 2013	
29.	World Translation In classification system		erna	ational Translatior	Centre uses the	
	A) COSATI Scheme		B)	BSO Scheme		
	C) UDC Scheme		D)	D) LC Scheme		
30.	The general Encyclop A) New Encyclopaed B) Encyclopaedia Ar C) World Book Encyclopaed D) Funk and Wagnal	lia Britannica nericana		tudents is		
31.	In the 2 nd edition of the discusses about	ne book 'Reference S	ervi	ce' by S. R. Ranga	anathan, Part H	
	A) Reference Book		B)	Ready Reference	Service	
	C) Long Range Refe	rence Service	D)	Initiation of Fresh	man	
32.	Search engines that	use Automatic Boolea	n O	perators for searc	hing is	
	A) Alta Vista		B)	Infoseek		
	C) Web Crawler		D)	All		
33.	The periodical index	not published by H. W	/. W	ilson Company is		
	A) The Art Index		B)	The Humanities I	ndex	
	C) The Index to Lega	al Periodicals	D)	The Music Index		
34.	Bibliographic Index p A) Subject Bibliograph B) Bibliography of Bi C) Bibliography of Pe D) Bibliography of Di	bhy bliography		Company is a bes	st example for	
35.	The weekly world nev	ws digest with cumula	tive	index is		
	A) Data India		B)	Asian Recorder		
	C) Facts on File		D)	Keesings Record	of World Events	

A

36.	of information suggested that 'the amount of information in a message is related to the probability ratio of the message'.				
	A) Mathematical theory	B) Semantic theory			
	C) Whittemore and Yovits theory	D) Brookes theory			
37.	Among Informetrics Laws, Authorship patt	ern is measured by			
	A) Bradford's Law	B) Lotka's Law			
	C) Zipf's Law	D) None of these			
38.	is a measure for the System, which is calculated by dividing the with the total number of relevant document				
	A) Recall	B) Precision			
	C) Relevance	D) Efficiency			
39.	Barriers to Information Communication a Organizational barriers and	re Emotional barriers, Physical barriers,			
	A) Semantic barriers	B) Financial barriers			
	C) Technological barriers	D) All			
40.	The measure of uncertainty in any system known as	of information communication is			
	A) Entropy	B) Redundancy			
	C) Noise	D) None of these			
41.	In Colon Classification 6 th Edition (1960),	the class number R6 stands for			
	A) Christian Philosophy	B) Hindu Philosophy			
	C) Indian Philosophy	D) Greek Philosophy			
42.	is the process of the comasses without cohesion among the comp	llecting together of the entities into large conents.			
	A) Agglomeration	B) Lamination			
	C) Fission	D) Fusion			
43.	In UDC, the symbol 'equal to' is used to in A) Place B) Form	dicate the common auxiliaries of C) Language D) Persons			

A -8-

44.	In DDC 23 rd edition, the new number adde Information Sciences is for the concept	d in	the Schedule for 020 Library and
	A) Natural language processing		
	B) General bibliographies and catalogues		
	C) Subject analysis and control		
	D) World Wide Web		
45.	Canon of distinctiveness is a canon related	d to t	the writing of in a book.
	A) Class number	B)	Book number
	C) Collection number	D)	Call number
46.	In Library of Congress Classification Scher stands for	ne,	the broad subject number 'P'
	A) Language and Literature	B)	Science and Mathematics
	C) Social Science and Business	D)	Library Science and Bibliography
47.	The National Library of India usesbooks written by non-Indians writers.		Book numbering system for English
	A) Author Table numbering system of Nati	ona	l Library of India
	B) Ranganathan's system		
	C) Dickinson system		
	D) Cutter system		
48.	The Facet Formula for the subject 'Literatu [P2], [P3], [P4] in which [P2] indicates	re' i	n Colon Classification Ed. 6. is O[P],
	A) Language	B)	Form
	C) Author	D)	Work
49.	Moys' Classification Scheme is a special classification Scheme is a special classification.	lass	ification scheme for
	A) Agriculture	B)	Law
	C) Medicine	D)	History and Geography
50.	Canons for Chain contains Canon of Decre	easii	ng Extension and the
	A) Canon of Increasing Extension	B)	Canon of Subordinate Classes
	C) Canon of Permanence	D)	Canon of Modulation

A -9-

51. The evaluation, selection and maintenance of a collecti- the information needs of the library's users, activities tha collection development.					
	A) Bibliographical so	ources	B)	Information source	ces
	C) Reference source	es	D)	Geographical sou	urces
52.		use recommended int r to identify exactly wh		-	-
	A) Questions	B) Knowledge	C)	Data	D) Information
53.	A strongturnaround, as neede	_ answers a wide ranç ed.	ge o	f questions and pr	ovides rapid
	A) Information service	ce	B)	Virtual reference	service
	C) Reference service	е	D)	Social service	
54.		use to recommended identify exactly what in			ify and analyze the
	A) Interview technique	ues	B)	Questionnaire ted	chnique
	C) Observation technology	nique	D)	Group discussion	n technique
55.	telephone, to tracking	variety of forms, from g down an elusive bibli s about a specific topi	ogra		
	A) Electronic referen	ice services	B)	Information service	ces
	C) Extension service	es	D)	Reference servic	es
56.	reference librarian a	ganized version of this nd the user istly to researchers by a		a customized	reference service
	A) Referral service		B)	Bibliographic con	trol
	C) Selective dissemi	nation of information	D)	Current awarenes	ss service
57.	this type published in current I	e of translation is the siterature.	sele	ctive translation of	the articles
	A) Adhoc translation		B)	Cover to cover tra	anslation
	C) Language transla	tion	D)	Single translation	l
58.	The word 'Index' is do	erived from tained in a collection.	v	vhich means to inc	dicate i.e., an index
	A) Indico	B) Indicom	C)	Indicare	D) None of the above

A -10-

59.	documentation	y of is the belief that the final goal of every single library, a centre information service, national information system or regional serve the users of information.				
	A) DESIDOC	B) UNISIST	C) SENDOC	D) AGRIS		
60.	•	eadable tapes of th	-	s were used initially for a		
	A) AGRIS	B) DESIDO	C) NISCAIR	D) MEDLARS		
61.		•	the library world where eet patron demands.	ary world whereby the library staff brings on demands.		
	A) Periodical co	ollection	B) Library coll	ection		
	C) Collection de	evelopment	D) Reading m	aterial collection		
62.	Planning Progra	mming Budgeting	System was introduced	by Charles Hitch in the yea		
	A) 1941	B) 1951	C) 1961	D) 1971		
63.	Taylor's famous in the year	work "The principle	es of Scientific Manage	ment" was first published		
	A) 1901	B) 1911	C) 1921	D) 1931		
64.	is a dynamic and continuous activity.					
	A) Collection section		B) Collection	evaluation		
	C) Collection but	uilding	D) Collection	development		
65.			ing the resources to the pret the library to the re	e reader is an adequate eader'.		
	A) Classification	n B) Catalogu	e C) Acquisition	D) Circulation		
66.	accatchword 'POS		l's ideas and restated	the functions under the		
	A) W. C. Bervio	k Sayers	B) Dr. S. R. R	anganathan		
	C) Henry Fayol		D) Luther Guli	ck		
67.	The order reque		Itiple titles, depending	on the capabilities of the		
	A) Accounting		B) Selection			
	C) Acquisition		D) Building			

A -11-

68.	Who is father of Scien	ntific Management?				
	A) Henry Fayol		B) Louis A. Allen			
	C) F. W. Taylor		D)	C. W. Wilson		
69.	The term	_ has been variously	defii	ned by different au	uthors.	
	A) Management		B)	B) Library Management		
	C) Scientific Manage	ment	D)	Principles of Man	agement	
70.	refers to the required materials		ng, d	ordering and maki	ng the payment for	
	A) Stock editing	B) Acquisition	C)	Selection	D) Ordering	
71.	These are known as elements.	'POSDCORB' which	h st	ands for the follo	wing	
	A) Five	B) Six	C)	Seven	D) Eight	
72.	A or charging system.	arging desk consists o	of co	ounter space to he	old the trays of the	
	A) Stock room	B) Reading room	C)	Circulation	D) Thesis	
73.	The of b tough task for libraria		ng m	naterials is an impo	ortant aspect but a	
	A) Stock verification		B)	Restoration		
	C) Conservation		D)	Preservation		
74.	The is as entity, namely stores				s having a physical	
	A) Binding		B)	Preservation		
	C) Stock verification		D)	Repairing		
75.	in single information, involving			•	•	
	A) Annual report		B)	Statistics		
	C) Review report		D)	Library rules		
76.	The plays	an significant role in c	orga	nization and admi	nistration of a library.	
	A) Finance		B)	Staff		
	C) Building		D)	User		

A -12-

77.	The is a many readers.	a vital integredient in o	extending library serv	vices and attracting
	A) Library rules		B) Library budget	
	C) Library automation	n	D) Library building	
78.	_	has been perves for quite sometimes, so for the maintenance	due to economic cru	
	A) Learning	B) Earning	C) Binding	D) Budgeting
79.				es, and how valuable the staff and library users.
	A) Education	B) Educating	C) Educators	D) All the above
80.	A librarian should car so that the statistics r	efully decide as to whe		
	A) Progress report		B) Review report	
	C) Annual report		D) None of these	
81.	According to Dr. S. classification should	R. Ranganathan, easatisfy the following _	_	
	A) Three	B) Four	C) Five	D) Six
82.	A can information.	n, nevertheless, be a	very useful source	e of bibliographical
	A) Card catalogue		B) Library classifica	ation
	C) Library catalogue		D) Catalogue	
83.	The DDC system was	s conceived by Melvil	Dewey in 1873 and f	irst published in
	A) 1856	B) 1866	C) 1876	D) 1886
84.	ISBD divides the data as given below.	in a bibliographic desc	ription into	areas of information
	A) Four	B) Five	C) Six	D) Seven
85.	MARC stands for			
	A) Machine Read Ca	ıtaloging	B) Machine Readal	ole Cataloging
	C) Machine Readable	e Catalogue	D) Many Readable	Cataloging

A -13-

86.	 Colon classification is a scheme for library classification based on Alanytico-Synthetic Scheme developed by 			
	A) Dr. S. R. Ranganathan	B)	John Paul Otlet	
	C) Melvil Dewey	D)	Henry Fayol	
87.	The International Standards Organization of its structure and function.	ational de	efines as	on the basis
	A) POPSI	B)	PRECIS	
	C) Thesaurus	D)	Search list of sub	oject heading
88.	The acronym POPSI represents the c	concept "		"
	A) Post Based Permuted Subject Ind	lexing		
	B) Postulate Based Permuted Science	ce Indexir	ng	
	C) Postulate Based on Permuted Sul	bject Inde	exing	
	D) Postulate Based Permuted Subject	ct Indexin	g	
89.	are keys to the content they are likely to remain closed books		ack volumes of jou	ırnals without which
	A) Indexes B) Contents	C)	Abbreviations	D) References
90.	is a semi-automatic method the chain of successive subdivisions to be indexed.		• .	•
	A) Subject indexing	B)	Chain indexing	
	C) Indexing services	D)	Service indexing	
91.	is a powerful tool fo traditional industrial sectors, extendin A) Information service	g knowle).
	C) Information science	D)	Information techn	nique
92.	OPAC stands for			
	A) Online Public Access Catalogue	В)	Offline Public Ac	cess Cataloguing
	C) Online Public Access Cataloguing	,	Offline Public Ac	
93.	is used to represent that po	ortion of a	computer, which h	as a physical entity.
	A) Software B) Hardware		RAM	D) ROM
		•		

A -14-

94.	The automation activity in athinking than any other library activities.	has to be accompanied by more systematic
	A) School library	B) University library
	C) College library	D) Special library
95.	The protocol is used most often on the in	nternet is
	A) HTML	B) TCP
	C) HTTP	D) FTP
96.	. A can have a wide range of resources.	
	A) National library	B) Public library
	C) Digital library	D) Virtual library
97.	The systems era was composed of the earliest automation efforts with heavy reliance on proprietary hardware and software to mimic paper-based or manual workflows in the library, such as	
	A) OPAC	B) Serial control
	C) Cataloguing	D) Circulation control
98.	When compared to integrated library systo the library technology ecosystems.	stems, are a relative newcomer
	A) DSpace	B) Digital repositories
	C) Digital libraries	D) Open source software
99.	is not only technically one of the oldest open source digital repository solutions under consideration, but it is also by far the most popular institutional repository solution available.	
	A) Koha	B) Open DOAR
	C) DSpace	D) EPrints
100.	The open source community supporting communication.	provides several avenues of
	A) Koha	B) DSpace
	C) EPrints	D) Green Stone

A

Space for Rough Work

A -16-