

PROVISIONAL ANSWER KEY

Question 89/2025/OL

Paper Code:

Category 569/2402
Code:

Exam: Assistant Professor in Law (Cat No. 569/2024) - Paper II

Date of Test 11-08-2025

Department Kerala Collegiate Education

Question1:-Article 350A of the Indian Constitution imposes which of the following duties on the State?

A:-To provide job reservations for linguistic minorities

B:-To allow religious instruction in state-funded institutions

C:-To provide primary education in the mother tongue of linguistic minority children

D:-To declare the official language of the state

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question2:-Under Article 343 of the Indian Constitution, for how long was English to continue as an associate official language along with Hindi and which legislative Act extended its use beyond this period?

A:-10 years; Official Languages (Amendment) Act, 1967

B:-15 years; Official Languages Act, 1963

C:-10 years; Official Languages (Extension) Act, 1962

D:-15 years; Constitutional (Forty-second Amendment) Act, 1976

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question3:-Which of the following statements is incorrect concerning the applicability of Certiorari?

A:-Certiorari lies where the statute is *intra vires* but the action taken is without jurisdiction

B:-The High Court is not subject to the certiorari jurisdiction of the Supreme Court

C:-The writ of *certiorari* lies not only against inferior courts *strictosensu* but against any person, body or authority having the duty to act judicially

D:-In issuing writ of certiorari, the Court sits as a court of appeal over the judicial or quasi-judicial authority

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question4:-Which of the following statements is incorrect?

A:-National Commission for Backward Classes was constituted by the Central government by the National Commission for Backward Classes Act, 1993

B:-The National Commission for Backward Classes has been given

constitutional status by the Constitution (One Hundred and Second Amendment) Act, 2018

C:-Article 338 B, inserted by the Constitution (One Hundred and Second Amendment) Act, 2018 provides for establishing National Commission for Backward Classes, for the socially and economically backward classes

D:-The National Commission for Backward Classes Act, 1993 (27 of 1993) has been repealed through the National Commission for Backward Classes (Repeal) Act, 2018

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question5:-Originally, the Election Commission of India was a

A:-Multi-member body

B:-Two-member body

C:-Single-member body

D:-Five-member body

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question6:-Reservation of seats in Private Educational institutions in favour of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes is governed by

A:-Article 15(5) of the Constitution

B:-Article 16(4) of the Constitution

C:-Article 29(2) of the Constitution

D:-Article 14 of the Constitution

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question7:-Eleventh Schedule of the Constitution of India contains

A:-Powers, authorities and responsibilities of the municipalities and endowed to it by the State Legislature

B:-Powers, authorities and responsibilities of panchayat endowed to it by the Parliament

C:-Powers, authorities and responsibilities of panchayat endowed to it by state legislature

D:-Powers, authorities and responsibilities which state government may exercise

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question8:-The Finance Commission gives recommendations to the President as to

- i. Distribution of net proceeds of taxes between union and states
- ii. Principles which should govern the grants-in-aid of revenues of states
- iii. Measures needed to augment the consolidated funds of a state to supplement the resources of panchayats and municipalities
- iv. Grant to neighbouring countries in case of natural calamity

A:-only i

B:-only i and ii

C:-i, ii and iii

D:-only i and iii

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question9:-Which of the following members become ineligible for appointment in government service after the completion of their tenure?

- i. Comptroller and Auditor General
- ii. Chairman of Union Public Service Commission
- iii. Attorney General of India
- iv. Solicitor General of India

A:-Only i

B:-Only i and ii

C:-i, ii and iii

D:-only ii and iii

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question10:-The principal of constitutionalism -

A:-Is premised on the rule of law

B:-Requires control over exercise of government power

C:-Advocates authoritarian governance

D:-Advocates checks and balance model of separation of power

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question11:-Which of the following is not included in the definition of "law" under Article 13(3)(a)?

A:-*Intra vires* statutory orders

B:-A statutory scheme

C:-A customary practice with legal force

D:-A recognised religious practice

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question12:-In which of the following matters, the Union Public Service Commission is not required to be consulted?

- i. Disciplinary matters affecting a person serving under the government
- ii. Claims by or in respect of a person who has served the government
- iii. Manner in which government is empowered to make reservation in the posts for government service
- iv. Matters relating to the methods of recruitment to the civil service

A:-only (i) is correct

B:-only (i), (ii) and (iv) are correct

C:-only (i), (ii) and (iii) are correct

D:-all are correct

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question13:-Who of the following decides if a question arises whether a Bill is a Money Bill or not?

A:-Prime Minister

B:-Chief Justice of India

C:-President

D:-Speaker of House of People

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question14:-Which of the following statement is/are correct about the relationship between constitutional law and administrative law?

- i. Constitutional law deals with the structure of the legislature, executive and judiciary and administrative law deals with the details of the functions of legislature, executive and judiciary
- ii. Constitutional law is related with the organization and functions of the government and administrative law deals with those functions in motion of that organization
- iii. Constitutional law and administrative law are part of public law in modern state

A:-Only (i and ii)

B:-Only (ii and iii)

C:-Only (i and iii)

D:-All of the above (i, ii and iii)

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question15:-The significance of the delegated legislation has now been transformed from 'Red light theory' to 'Green light theory' under which of the following statement/statements?

- i. The theory of Laissez faire and Police state
- ii. The concept of Egalitarian, state
- iii. The concept of welfare state

A:-Only (i and ii)

B:-Only (ii and iii)

C:-Only (i and iii)

D:-All of the above (i, ii and iii)

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question16:-Which of the following statement is correct about the common law system for the doctrine of 'Natural Justice' to control the administrative authorities from abuse or misuse of power?

- i. Audi Alteram Partem and speaking order
- ii. Fair play in action and reasoned decision
- iii. Audi Alteram Partem and nemo judex in Causa Sua

A:-only (i and ii)

B:-only (ii and iii)

C:-only (iii)

D:-All of the above (i, ii and iii)

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question17:-'The mechanism of judicial control plays a vital role at the time of

exercising administrative discretion by the administrative authority, if the court consider that exercise of discretion is improper? Which of the following statement is/are correct on the basis of above explanation about improper exercise of discretion?

- i. as the discretionary power has not been exercised in a particular manner.
- ii. 'taking irrelevant considerations into account'
- iii. neglecting to take into consideration relevant factors.

A:-only (i and ii)

B:-only (i and iii)

C:-only (ii and iii)

D:-all of the above (i, ii and iii)

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question18:-Which of the following statement is/are correct about ideals of rule of law considered under International Commission of Jurists (Delhi Declaration, 1959)?

- i. rule of law upholds the dignity of an individual through recognition of civil or political as well as social, economical, educational and cultural conditions
- ii. strong and efficient government for maintaining law and order
- iii. independence of judiciary and legal profession

A:-only (i and iii)

B:-only (ii and iii)

C:-only (i and ii)

D:-all of the above (i, ii and iii)

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question19:-Which of the following statement is/are correct about the doctrine of promissory estoppel?

- i. It is established as its strong foundation in fair dealing.
- ii. It is used as a rule of evidence and aptly treated as a substantive rule of law
- iii. It is termed as 'means to repose'.

A:-only (i and ii)

B:-only (ii and iii)

C:-all of the above (i, ii and iii)

D:-only (i and iii)

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question20:-Which is/are the following grounds of substantive ultravires where the delegated legislation is treated as invalid?

- i. Where delegated legislation is consistent with parent act and it bars sub-delegation at the point of permissible limit
- ii. Delegated legislation rejects judicial review
- iii. Delegated legislation has been made without following the guidelines to general laws
- ii.

A:-only (i, ii)

B:-only (i and iii)

C:-only (ii and iii)

D:-all of the above (i, ii and iii)

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question21:-Which of the following statement is/are correct about the doctrine of delegated legislation supports legitimate expectation, a value based principle to enforce sound administration in the society

- i. Under the principles of reasonableness as well as fairness
- ii. Doctrine of Green light theory
- iii. Principle of estoppel.

A:-only (i and ii)

B:-only (i and iii)

C:-only (ii and iii)

D:-all of the above (i, ii and iii)

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question22:-In what manner the doctrine of proportionality should be considered for judging the reasonability of decision of administrative authorities?

- i. through balancing test
- ii. through necessity test
- iii. both balancing and necessity are applicable here

A:-only (i and ii)

B:-only (ii)

C:-only (i)

D:-none of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question23:-Are Central Vigilance Commission and the Ombudsman mechanism same for prevention of corruption? Which is/are correct from the statements are given below :

- i. Central vigilance commission has much stronger status than the ombudsman
- ii. Central vigilance commission has much weaker status than the ombudsman
- iii. Central vigilance commission and ombudsman are equal status

A:-only i

B:-only ii

C:-only iii

D:-none of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question24:-Which of the following statement is/are correct about the comparison between injunction and mandamus?

- i. injunction has same effect and popular as the writ of Mandamus
- ii. writ of mandamus is more effective and popular remedy against arbitrary action of administrative authority.
- iii. injunction can be termed as dilatory remedy, where as writ of mandamus is comparatively more expeditious

A:-only (i and ii)

B:-only (ii and iii)

C:-only (i and iii)

D:-all of the above (i, ii and iii)

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question25:-Which are true from the following statement as :

"Right to information promotes 'openness' as a powerful check on the abuse or misuse of power by the Government".

- i. there should have a balance between 'secrecy' and 'openness'
- ii. democracy encourages the participation in government by the people
- iii. openness in the key factors with regard to ensure an individual regarding governmental information for exercising its powers in fair manner

A:-only (i and ii)

B:-only (i and iii)

C:-only (ii and iii)

D:-all of the above (i, ii and iii)

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question26:-A intentionally causes Z's death, partly by illegally omitting to give Z good, and partly by beating Z. Which offence has A committed under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), 2023?

A:-Culpable homicide

B:-Murder

C:-Attempt to Murder

D:-Grievous Hurt

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question27:-In calculating fractions of terms of punishment, imprisonment for life shall be reckoned as equivalent to imprisonment for how many years under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), 2023?

A:-12

B:-16

C:-20

D:-25

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question28:-Which section of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), 2023, prescribes the community service?

A:-Section 4(c)

B:-Section 4(d)

C:-Section 4(f)

D:-None of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question29:-Which section of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), 2023 says that nothing is an offence which is done by a child under seven years of age?

A:-Section 19

B:-Section 20

C:-Section 21

D:-Section 22

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question30:-Which of the following is the punishment prescribed for the offence of murder by life-convict under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), 2023?

A:-Only Death Sentence

B:-Only Imprisonment for life

C:-Death Sentence or with imprisonment for life

D:-None of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question31:-What is the maximum imprisonment prescribed under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), 2023, for the act of hiring, employing or engaging a child to commit an offence?

A:-7 years

B:-10 years

C:-12 years

D:-Life imprisonment

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question32:-Whoever, by words either spoken or written or by signs or by visible representation or through electronic communication or otherwise, makes or publishes false or misleading information, jeopardising the sovereignty, unity and integrity or security of India in any place or worship, shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend to

A:-Three years, or with fine, or with both

B:-Three years and also liable to fine

C:-Five years and shall also be liable to fine

D:-Ten years, or with fine, or with both

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question33:-Which among the following sections of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), 2023, defines organised crime?

A:-Section 111

B:-Section 149

C:-Section 191

D:-Section 192

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question34:-Which of the following is not correctly matched regarding the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), 2023?

A:-Snatching ----- Section 303

B:-Extortion ----- Section 3083

C:-Cheating ----- Section 318

D:-Mischief ----- Section 324

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question35:-Which of the following section of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), 2023 replaces the Sedition Law?

A:-Section 151

B:-Section 152

C:-Section 153

D:-Section 154

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question36:-A, being an officer directed by law to take property in execution, in order to satisfy a decree pronounced in Z's favour by a Court, knowingly disobeys that direction of law, with the knowledge that he is likely thereby to cause injury to Z. A, is punishable under which section of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), 2023

A:-Section 195

B:-Section 198

C:-Section 199

D:-Section 201

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question37:-Which of the following does not amount to sexual harassment under Section 75 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), 2023?

A:-A demand or request for sexual favour

B:-Showing pornography against the will of a woman

C:-Making sexually coloured remarks

D:-Assault or use of criminal force

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question38:-What is the minimum punishment prescribed under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), 2023, for the offence of dowry death?

A:-Six years

B:-Seven years

C:-Ten years

D:-Life imprisonment

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question39:-The following court has been discontinued with the enactment of Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita

A:-Assistant Sessions

B:-Additional Sessions

C:-Assistant CJM

D:-Additional CJM

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question40:-Identify the case that does not involve the area of a child in conflict with law

A:-Pratap Singh v. state of Jharkhand (2005)

B:-Arnit Das v. State of Bihar (2001)

C:-Mohammad Giasuddin v. State of Andhra Pradesh (1977)

D:-Hiralal Mallick v. State of Bihar (1977)

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question41:-In computing the period of days of remand to custody, the day the remand order is made and the day the accused is ordered to be produced before the court

A:-both shall be excluded

B:-both shall be included

C:-one may be included and the other excluded

D:-it shall be left to the discretion of the court

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question42:-A person is eligible to be appointed as a Public Prosecutor only if he has been in practice as an advocate

A:-for a period of not less than 10 years

B:-for a period of not less than 7 years

C:-for a period of not less than 3 years

D:-none of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question43:-In case of consecutive sentences, in no case shall such person be sentenced to imprisonment for a longer period than

- A:-7 years
- B:-10 years
- C:-14 years
- D:-20 years

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question44:-Right of an arrested person to meet an advocate of his choice is

- A:-limited to the time he is produced in the court
- B:-extends during interrogation
- C:-extends during, though not throughout, the interrogation
- D:-non existent

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question45:-A summons, where a person cannot be found, may be served on

- A:-any member of the locality
- B:-any adult male member of his family
- C:-any adult member of his family
- D:-any member of his family

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question46:-A private person may arrest any person who

- A:-commits a non bailable and cognizable offence in his presence
- B:-commits a bailable and cognizable offence
- C:-commits a non bailable and / or cognizable offence
- D:-commits a non bailable and non cognizable offence in his presence

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question47:-Where it appears that the accused has not sufficient means to engage an advocate, an advocate for his defence at the expense of the State

- A:-shall be assigned only by the Sessions Court for a Sessional trial
- B:-shall be assigned only by the Sessions Court for any trial
- C:-shall be assigned only in the trial but not appeal stage
- D:-shall be assigned in trial or appeal stage by any court

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question48:-A charge once framed by the Magistrate/Court

- A:-Cannot be altered
- B:-Can be altered at any time before trial starts
- C:-Can be altered at any time before judgment
- D:-Can be altered at any time before sentencing

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question49:-Where a person has absconded to evade trial and there is no immediate prospect of arresting him

A:-it shall be deemed to operate as a waiver of the right of such person to be represent and tried in person

B:-he may be declared as a proclaimed offender

C:-he may be tried and judgment pronounced in absentia, in the manner and effect as if he was present

D:-all of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question50:-The appropriate Government may, without the consent of the person sentenced, commute a sentence of imprisonment for life

A:-for imprisonment for a term not less than seven years

B:-for imprisonment for a term not less than ten years

C:-for imprisonment for a term not less than fourteen years

D:-for imprisonment for a term not less than twenty years

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question51:-Identify the correct option relating to relevancy

i. The question is, whether 'A' robbed 'B'. The facts that, shortly before the robbery, 'B' went to a fair with money in his possession and that he showed it, or mentioned the fact that he had it, to third person is _____.

ii. 'A' sues 'B' for damage done by a dog of 'B's, which 'B' knew to be ferocious. The fact that the dog had previously bitten 'X', 'Y' and 'Z' and that they had made complaints to 'B' is _____.

iii. Evidence of character or previous sexual experience is _____ in certain cases

iv. The person accused is of a good character is _____ at the time of sentencing.

v. The fact that the accused has a bad character is _____, unless evidence has been given that he has a good character

A:-Irrelevant; Relevant; Irrelevant; Relevant; Not relevant

B:-Relevant; Irrelevant; Not relevant; Relevant; Relevant

C:-Not Relevant; Relevant; Irrelevant; Not Relevant; Relevant

D:-Relevant; Relevant; Not Relevant; Relevant; Irrelevant

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question52:-Identify the correct option as to 'True or False' from the statement given below; as per the provision and decisions of Law of Evidence :

i. Municipal Birth Register is a public document

ii. Ballot paper is a public document

iii. Affidavits and letters are private document

iv. Maps by government is a public document

A:-True; True; True; True

B:-True; True; False; False

C:-False; True; False; True

D:-True; False; True; False

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question53:-As decided by the Supreme Court in Jagdev Singh v. Pratap Singh AIR 1965 SC 183, in an election petition case, the petitioner must prove the election offences alleged to have been committed beyond all reasonable doubt and not merely based on preponderance of probability. However, in general and based on judgments under various laws, the Supreme Court of India, time and again has observed that "the Standard required in the other types of cases have varied degrees." Identify the Correct option from the following that are generally applied by courts relating to 'Standard of Proof' :

- i. In civil cases, the standard is Preponderance of probability
- ii. In criminal cases, when the accused pleads a general defence, the standard is preponderance of probability
- iii. In all criminal cases including special and local laws, the standard is beyond all reasonable doubt
- iv. In certain offences, like that of Reverse Burden cases, the standard is higher than preponderance of probability and lower than beyond reasonable doubt

A:-i and iv are correct

B:-ii and iii are correct

C:-i, ii and iii are correct

D:-i, ii, iii and iv are correct

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question54:-The following statements are relevant part of *res gestae* as per the provision under the BSA, 2023; however, one of the options does not qualify to be part of this rule. Identify

A:-Section 4 as forming part of the same transactions

B:-Section 26(1) if it amounts to dying declaration

C:-Section 4 and remarks made by a bystander without spontaneity

D:-Section 6 as conduct influenced by fact-in-issue

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question55:-One of the following questions is Not a leading question. Identify

A:-"Did you hear the customer threaten to shoot the bartender?"

B:-"How would you describe John's behaviour towards you"?

C:-"Was John wearing a white shirt"?

D:-"Did you see the defendant shoot the victim"?

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question56:-The provisions under the BSA, 2023 that empowers the judge to put questions or order production as per Section 168 is a nature of _____, to bring out the truth.

A:-Inquisitorial system

B:-Adversarial system

C:-Common law system

D:-Civil Law System

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question57:-Technical rules of Evidence are Not applicable to one of the following option, as per the provision of the BSA. Identify :

- i. Arbitration proceedings
- ii. Affidavits
- iii. Administrative Tribunals
- iv. Industrial Tribunals

A:-(i) is correct

B:-(i) and (ii) are correct

C:-(i), (ii), (iii) are correct

D:-(i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) are correct

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question58:-Fill in the blanks with appropriate words as per the provision relating to Digital and Primary Evidence :

- i. Where an electronic or digital record is created or stored and such storage occurs simultaneously or sequentially in _____ files, each such file is primary evidence
- ii. Where an electronic or digital record is produced from proper custody, such electronic and digital record is primary evidence unless it is _____
- iii. Where a video recording is simultaneously stored in electronic form and transmitted or broadcasted or transferred to another, each of the _____ recordings is primary evidence.
- iv. Where an electronic or digital record is stored in multiple storage spaces in a computer resource, each such automated storage, including _____ files, is primary evidence

A:-several; undecided; deposited; transitory

B:-multiple; disputed; stored; temporary

C:-numerous; doubtful; distributed; cache

D:-succession; suspicious; transmitted; transient

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question59:-Identify one illustration among the following, where the duty to prove is INCORRECT.

A:-'A' is charged with travelling in a train without a ticket by 'B', the Ticket Collector. The burden of proof is on 'B'.

B:-'A' desires a court to give judgment that 'B' shall be punished for a crime, which 'A' says 'B' has committed. 'A' must prove that 'B' has committed the crime

C:-'A' sues 'B' for land of which 'B' is in possession, and which, as 'A' asserts, was left to 'A' by the will of 'C', 'B's father. If no evidence were give on either side, 'B' would be entitled to retain his possession. Therefore, the burden of proof is on 'A'

D:-'A' wishes to prove, by secondary evidence, the contents of a lost document. 'A' must prove that the document has been lost

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question60:-One of the following statement is False. Identify.

A:-Husband and Wife are competent witness in a civil suit

B:-Husband and wife are competent witness as against any person in a criminal proceeding

C:-Husband and wife can be compelled to be witness against each other at any time and in any proceedings

D:-Husband and wife cannot be compelled to give evidence against each other in certain suits and proceedings

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question61:-The Information Technology Act 2000 was enacted to make Indian cyber Law in tune with which International model law

A:-Model Law on E-Commerce (MLEC)

B:-Model Law on E-Signature (MLES)

C:-Both of the above

D:-None of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question62:-The main similarity or difference between Digital Signature and Electronic Signature

A:-Digital signature is technology specific where as electronic signature is technology neutral

B:-Electronic signature is technology specific where as digital signature is technology neutral

C:-Both digital signature and electronic signature are technology neutral

D:-Both Digital signature are technology specific

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question63:-Section 10 A of the Information Technology Act 2000 inserted by the (Amendment) Act 2008, conferred validity on e-contracts. It means

A:-e-contracts were not valid between 2000-2008

B:-e-contracts were voidable between 2000-2008

C:-e-contracts were valid impliedly between 2000-2008 and the IT (Amendment) Act 2008 conferred expressed validity on e contracts

D:-none of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question64:-As per section 13 of the Information Technology Act 2000, e-record is deemed received by the addressee when

A:-It is dispatched by sender

B:-It enters the designated computer resource for the addressee

C:-If no resource is designated, when it enters the addressee's computer resource. If the record is sent to a computer resource that is not designated, receipt occurs when the addressee retrieves the record

D:-Both (2) and (3)

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question65:-Which statement is true regarding the Root Certifying Authority of India -

- i. It was established the Controller of The Certifying Authority of India.
- ii. It certifies the public key of the Certifying Authority.
- iii It issues licence to The certifying authority in X.509 certificates

A:-i and ii are correct

B:-i, ii and iii are correct

C:-ii and iii are correct

D:-none is correct

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question66:-Which statement is/are true regarding The Information Technology (Intermediary Guidelines and Digital Media Ethics Code) Rules, 2021

- i Under the rules, social media intermediaries, with registered users in India above a notified threshold, have been classified as Significant Social Media Intermediaries (SSMIS)
- ii. Under the Rules SSMI's are required to observe certain additional due diligence as compared to regular social media intermediaries such as appointing a chief compliance officer, a grievance officer and a nodal contact person, all residing in India and being able to identify the first originator of a message.
- iii. The rules prescribe a framework for the regulation of content by online publishers of news and current affairs content and curated audio-visual content

A:-i and ii are correct

B:-i, ii and iii are correct

C:-ii and iii are correct

D:-none is correct

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question67:-The Central Government may, under sec 69A of The Information Technology Act, 2000 may issue an order to

A:-Intercept, monitor and decrypt any information on any computer resource

B:-Monitor internet traffic

C:-Block access to any information on any computer resource

D:-Regulate social media content

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question68:-The IT Act 2000 amended various sections of which of the following acts?

A:-Indian Penal Code 1860

B:-Reserve Bank of India Act 1934

C:-Indian Evidence Act 1872 and Bankers Book Evidence Act 1891

D:-All of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question69:-Which section of IT Act deals with Cyber terrorism?

A:-Section 66C

B:-Section 66B

C:-Section 66F

D:-Section 66E

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question70:-Under what condition, can organizations process personal data without consent of a data principal under the DPDP Act, 2023?

A:-For any purpose

B:-When it is necessary for the performance of a contract

C:-When it is necessary to enforce a legal right or claim

D:-Both (2) and (3)

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question71:-A landlord may apply to the Rent Control Court for an order directing the tenant to put the landlord in possession of the building

(i) If the tenant, without the consent of the landlord, transfers his right under the lease or sublets the entire building or any portion thereof, if the lease does not confer on him any right to do so; or

(ii) If the tenant uses the building in such a manner as to destroy or reduce its value or utility materially and permanently

(ii) If the tenant already has in his possession a building or subsequently acquires possession of or puts up a building, reasonably sufficient for his requirements in the same city, town or village or

(iv) If the building is in such a condition that it needs reconstruction, and if the landlord requires bonafide reconstruction of the same

A:-All of the above (i, ii, iii, iv)

B:-None of the above

C:-Only (i and ii)

D:-Only (iii and iv)

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question72:-In fixing the fair rent, under the Kerala Buildings (Lease and Rent Control) Act, the Court shall take into account the following considerations

A:-The Property tax

B:-The House tax

C:-Either (1) or (2)

D:-Neither (1) nor (2)

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question73:-The Social Impact Assessment study under the RFCTLAR Act, 2013 includes

- i. Assessment as to whether the proposed acquisition serves a public purpose
- ii. Estimation of affected families and the number of families among them likely to be displaced
- iii. Extent of lands, public and private, houses, settlements and other common properties likely to be affected by the proposed acquisition.
- iv. Whether the extent of land proposed for acquisition is the absolute bare minimum extent needed for the project

A:-All of the above

B:-None of the above

C:-Only (i and ii)

D:-Only (iii and iv)

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question74:-Publication of preliminary notification under the RFCTLAR Act, 2013, is to be made

- i. in the Official Gazette.
- ii. in two daily newspapers circulating in the locality of such area, of which one shall be in the regional language.
- iii. in the local language in the Panchayat, Municipality or Municipal Corporation, the case may be and in the offices of the District Collector, the Sub-Divisional Magistrate, and the Tehsil.
- iv. uploaded on the website of the appropriate Government and in the affected areas

A:-all of the above

B:-none of the above

C:-only (i and ii)

D:-only (iii and iv)

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question75:-According to the Land Assignment Act, "assignment" includes

A:-Only sale of the land

B:-Transfer of land by way of lease and a grant of license for the use of land

C:-Only transfer of land by way of lease

D:-Only a grant of license for the use of land

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question76:-What is the ceiling limit for land ownership for a family with more than five members under the Kerala Land Reforms Act?

A:-10 Standard Acres

B:-12 Standard Acres

C:-15 Standard Acres

D:-20 Standard Acres

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question77:-The Kerala Land Conservancy Act, 1957, primarily aims to

A:-Regulate agricultural land use

B:-Check unauthorised occupation of government lands

C:-Facilitate land acquisition for public projects

D:-Promote afforestation of barren lands

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question78:-According to Section 44 of the Kerala Revenue Recovery Act, what happens if a defaulter transfers or enters into an agreement for his property after receiving a demand notice?

- i. The transfer or agreement is valid and binding on the government
- ii. The transfer or agreement is not binding on the government
- iii. The government may accept the transfer or agreement after paying a penalty.
- iv. The transfer or agreement is subject to the approval of the Revenue Divisional Officer.

A:-only (i) and (iii)

B:-none of the above

C:-only (ii) is correct

D:-only (iv) is correct

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question79:-What does "unnotified land" refer to in the context of the Kerala Conservation of Paddy Land and Wetland Act?

A:-Land that is officially designated as wetland

B:-Land that is not included in the data bank but is categorized as paddy land or wetland in the basic tax register

C:-Land that is used for commercial purpose

D:-Land that is located outside Kerala

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question80:-According to the Mines and Minerals (Development and Regulation) Act, which of the following is classified as a minor mineral?

A:-Coal

B:-Iron ore

C:-Sand

D:-Uranium

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question81:-Consider the following statements :

- 1. The NGT has applied the 'polluter pays' principle in several landmark decisions
- 2. NGT's decisions can be reviewed by High Courts only in exceptional cases, but

the constitutional power remains intact

3. The NGT lacks jurisdiction over environmental clearances granted by the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)

Which of the above is/are correct?

A:-1 only

B:-1 and 2 only

C:-2 and 3 only

D:- 1, 2 and 3

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question82:-What is a "Critical Wildlife Habitat" (CWH) as per the Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972?

A:-An area with only endangered species

B:-A core area of a sanctuary with no human presence

C:-An area in a National Park/Sanctuary where forest dwellers' rights may be modified under strict conditions

D:-A tribal settlement within a protected forest

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question83:-Consider the following statements :

1. The Supreme Court of India has interpreted Article 21 to include the right to a wholesome environment

2. In *Indian Council for Enviro-Legal Action v. Union of India*, the court upheld the "polluter pays" principle.

3. In *M.C. Mehta v. Union of India (Ganga pollution case)*, the court ruled that environmental rights are subordinate to industrial development

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

A:-1 and 2 only

B:-2 and 3 only

C:-1 and 3 only

D:-1, 2 and 3

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question84:-Which fund is established under the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 to provide relief to the victims in case the insurance or owner's funds are not sufficient?

A:-Disaster Relief Fund

B:-Environmental Rehabilitation Fund

C:-Environment Relief Fund (ERF)

D:-National Calamity Fund

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question85:-Under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, which of the following is true?

A:-The Central Protection Board is not constituted under this Act

B:-The act allows local bodies to directly punish industries

C:-Consent of the state pollution control board is required before establishing any industry likely to discharge sewage

D:-Water bodies include only rivers and lakes under this act

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question86:-Consider the following statement

1. The Stockholm Declaration (1972) is the first important international document to recognize the environmental right
2. The Rio Declaration (1992) established legally binding targets for sustainable development
3. The principle of inter-generational equity reflected in both national as well as international environmental laws

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

A:-1 and 2 only

B:-1 and 3 only

C:-2 and 3 only

D:- 1, 2 and 3

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question87:-Consider the following statements :

1. Hazardous industries have been relocated by Indian courts to protect public health
2. The judiciary has stressed the significance of Environmental Impact Assessment EIA in grant of approval to project
3. The courts have declined to recognize or enforce international environmental principles in the absence of implementing legislation.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

A:-1 and 2 only

B:-2 and 3 only

C:-1 and 3 only

D:-1, 2 and 3

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question88:-Consider the following statements :

1. Ecocide has been applied as legal concept in a few national laws such as Vietnam and Russia
2. The UN General Assembly officially recognized ecocide as a legal term in 2022
3. The term "ecocide" was first related to the environmental devastation caused during the Vietnam war

Which of the above is are correct?

A:-1 and 2 only

B:-2 and 3 only

C:-1 and 3 only

D:-1, 2 and 3

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question89:-Under which provision of the Constitution do the local bodies are empowered to function as a self-government including land governance?
Choose the correct statement

A:-Article 39 A

B:-Article 280

C:-Article 243 G

D:-Article 370

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question90:-Which of the following is TRUE regarding corporate responsibility under Green Criminology?

A:-Corporations are only accountable if convicted in a criminal court

B:-Green Criminology excludes corporate behaviour from analysis

C:-Corporate pollution is usually accidental and not subject to critical study

D:-Legal corporate activities can still cause significant environmental damage and be studied as green crimes

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question91:-With reference to professional misconduct under the Advocates Act, 1961, which of the following statement(s) is/are correct?

- i. Breach of client's confidence is an act of misconduct
- ii. Advocates may publish any court decision without client's consent.
- iii. Charging excessive fees amounts to misconduct.

A:-i and ii only

B:-ii only

C:-i and ii only

D:-all of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question92:-As to the structure of the Bar Council of India under the Advocates Act, 1961 which is/are correct?

- i. The BCI consists of the Attorney General as ex-officio member.
- ii. There are 25 elected members representing the States and Union Territories
- iii. The Vice-Chairman is elected by the council from among its members

A:-i and ii only

B:-ii and iii only

C:-i and iii only

D:-all of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question93:-Concerning the Bar council of India's role in legal education, which is/are correct?

- i. It recognizes degrees from foreign universities

- ii. It prescribes minimum standards of staff, infrastructure and library
- iii. It conducts inspections of every law college once every five years

A:-i only

B:-ii and iii only

C:-i and ii only

D:-all of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question94:-With regard to designation of senior advocates under the Kerala High Court Rules, which statement(s) is/are true?

- i. Only advocates with at least 10 years' practice are eligible to apply
- ii. Designation is conferred by the High Court after peer recommendations
- iii. Designated senior advocates can appear anywhere in India free of fee restrictions

A:-i and ii only

B:-i only

C:-ii and iii only

D:- all of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question95:-Under the Advocates Act, 1961, which provisions(s) empowers State Bar Councils to take disciplinary action?

- i. Section 35
- ii. Section 36
- iii. Section 49

A:-i only

B:-i and ii only

C:- i, ii and iii

D:- iii only

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question96:-Assertion (A) : Criminal contempt includes scandalising the authority of the court

Reason (R) : Truth is always a valid defence to a charge of criminal contempt under the Contempt of Courts Act, 1971

From these statement decide :

A:-Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A

B:-Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A

C:-A is true, but R is false

D:-A is false, but R is true

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question97:-With reference to the Notaries Act, 1952 which statement(s) is/are correct?

- i. Only a government servant can be appointed notary

- ii. Appointment is by the Central Government
- iii. A notary's seal must bear his name, office and place

A:-ii only

B:-i and ii only

C:-iii only

D:-all of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question98:-As to "applied research" in the legal context, which is/are correct?

- i. It addresses immediate legal problems.
- ii. It never contributes to theory building
- iii. It often uses empirical method

A:-i and iii only

B:-i only

C:-ii and iii only

D:-all of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question99:-With respect to research methods, which statement(s) is/are correct?

- i. Doctrinal research relies on case law and statutes only
- ii. Empirical research gathers data through surveys and interviews
- iii. comparative research is not used in law.

A:-i and ii only

B:-i and iii only

C:-ii only

D:-all of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question100:-Which of the following are ethical requirements in legal research?

- i. obtaining informed consent from interviewers
- ii. plagiarism is permissible if source is cited
- iii. data anonymity where required

A:-i and iii only

B:-ii only

C:-i and ii only

D:-all of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-A