Α

Question Booklet Alpha Code



Q	ues	tion	Boo	klet	SI. N	lo.
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Total Number of Questions: 100 Time: 90 Minutes

Maximum Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. The Question Paper will be given in the form of a Question Booklet. There will be four versions of Question Booklets with Question Booklet Alpha Code viz. **A, B, C & D**.
- 2. The Question Booklet Alpha Code will be printed on the top left margin of the facing sheet of the Question Booklet.
- 3. The Question Booklet Alpha Code allotted to you will be noted in your seating position in the Examination Hall.
- 4. If you get a Question Booklet where the alpha code does not match to the allotted alpha code in the seating position, please draw the attention of the Invigilator IMMEDIATELY.
- 5. The Question Booklet Serial Number is printed on the top right margin of the facing sheet. If your Question Booklet is un-numbered, please get it replaced by new Question Booklet with same alpha code.
- 6. The Question Booklet will be sealed at the middle of the right margin. Candidate should not open the Question Booklet, until the indication is given to start answering.
- 7. Immediately after the commencement of the examination, the candidate should check that the Question Booklet supplied to him/her contains all the 100 questions in serial order. The Question Booklet does not have unprinted or torn or missing pages and if so he/she should bring it to the notice of the Invigilator and get it replaced by a complete booklet with same alpha code. This is most important.
- 8. A blank sheet of paper is attached to the Question Booklet. This may be used for rough work.
- 9. Please read carefully all the instructions on the reverse of the Answer Sheet before marking your answers.
- 10. Each question is provided with four choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and darken the bubble corresponding to the question number using Blue or Black Ball Point Pen in the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 11. Each correct answer carries 1 mark and for each wrong answer 1/3 mark will be deducted. No negative mark for unattended questions.
- 12. No candidate will be allowed to leave the examination hall till the end of the session and without handing over his/her Answer Sheet to the Invigilator. Candidates should ensure that the Invigilator has verified all the entries in the Register Number Coding Sheet and that the Invigilator has affixed his/her signature in the space provided.
- 13. Strict compliance of instructions is essential. Any malpractice or attempt to commit any kind of malpractice in the Examination will result in the disqualification of the candidate.



A -2-

1.	1. Write the number of significant figures in the measurement 0.00060320 m^2 .						
	A) 7	B) 3	C) 5	D) 8			
2.	A physical quantity P is related to four observables a, b, c and d as follows $P = a^3b^2/cd^2$. The percentage errors of measurement in a, b, c and d are 1%, 3%, 4% and 2% respectively. What is the percentage error in quantity P?						
	A) 13%	B) 17%	C) 10%	D) 1%			
3.	A man walks on a stra of 5 km h ⁻¹ . Finding th a speed of 7.5 km h ⁻¹	ne market closed, he i	nstantly turns and wa	•			
	A) 7 kmh ⁻¹	B) 6 kmh ⁻¹	C) 6.25 kmh ⁻¹	D) 0			
4.	$\left \overrightarrow{A} + \overrightarrow{B} \right = \left \overrightarrow{A} - \overrightarrow{B} \right $ what i	s the angle between	\vec{A} and \vec{B} ?				
	A) 180°	B) 45°	C) 90°	D) 60°			
5.	A ball is being rotated 20 m/s. A stone is also velocity of 16 m/s. Wh motions?	being rotated in a circ	ele of radius 4 m with a	constant tangential			
	A) Both have same a	ngular velocity					
	B) Both have differen	t angular velocity					
	C) Angular velocity of	f ball > angular veloci	ty of stone				
	D) Angular velocity of	f stone > angular velo	ocity of ball				
6.	A body is initially at reacceleration. The pow	•					
	A) $t^{1/2}$	B) t ²	C) t ^{3/2}	D) t			
7.	The escape velocities of two planets A and B are in the ratio 1:2. If the ratio of their radii respectively is 1:3, then the ratio of acceleration due to gravity of planet A to acceleration due to gravity of planet B will be						
	A) 4/3	B) 3/2	C) 2/3	D) 3/4			

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8.	A force $\vec{F} = a\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + 6$ the angular momentum			-	value of 'a' for which
	A) - 1	B) 0	C)	1	D) 2
9.	A wire stretches by 1 second wire of same extension?				• •
	A) 0.125 mm	B) 0.5 mm	C)	1 mm	D) 2 mm
10.	A liquid drop splits in about the total surfac	· ·	Whicl	n of the following	g statements is true
	A) It remains the sam	ne	B)	It decreases	
	C) It increases		D)	It depends on de	ensity
11.	1. Consider a sinusoidal wave described by $y(x,t) = a\sin(kx - \omega t + \phi)$. If phase difference between two points separated by distance Δx is $\frac{\pi}{2}$, then the ratio of $\frac{\Delta x}{\lambda}$ is				A = =
	A) $\frac{1}{8}$		B)	1/4	
	C) $\frac{1}{2}$		D)	1/16	
12.	In a forced oscillation,	average power suppli	ed by	external force is	maximum when
	A) Driving force and	displacement are in p	ohase	Э	
	B) Driving force and	velocity are in phase			
	C) Displacement and	I velocity are in phase	Э		
	D) Natural and driving	g frequencies are diff	eren	t	
13.	A gas has molar heat of adiabatic P – V cur				the ratio of slopes
	Α) γ		B)	1	
	C) $\frac{\gamma}{\gamma - 1}$		D)	Undefined	

14.	Which statement corre	nd internal energ	internal energy (U) ?					
	A) Heat is a state variable; internal energy is not							
	B) Internal energy is	energy in transit; hea	t is	stored energy of a	a system			
 C) Heat is the sum of molecular kinetic and potential energies; internal er energy transfer due to temperature difference 					nternal energy is			
	D) Internal energy is a system	a state variable; heat	is e	nergy in transit, n	ot a property of the			
15.	How many electrons a	are there in a body ha	vin	g 8 micro couloml	b of charge ?			
	A) 8×10^{16}	B) 5×10^{13}	C)	5 × 10 ¹⁶	D) 3×10^{13}			
16.	Which of the following	is not an equipotenti	al s	urface ?				
	A) surface of a charge	ed conductor						
	B) equatorial plane of a dipole							
	C) axial plane of a dip	oole						
	D) a spherical surface	e surrounding a point	cha	ırge				
17.	Which of the following	elements do not obe	у С	hm's law ?				
	A) Aluminium	B) Copper	C)	Germanium	D) Nickel			
18.	Which one of the follo	wing is used for maki	ng :	standard resistors	?			
	A) Manganin	B) Iron	C)	Steel	D) Silver			
19.	Which of the following	have negative susce	eptik	oility ?				
	A) Aluminium	B) Cobalt	C)	Chromium	D) Copper			
20.	O. A toroid has a core of inner radius 25 cm and outer radius 26 cm around which 3500 turns of wire is wound. If a current of 11A flows through it, what is the magnetic field inside the core ?							
	A) 0T	B) 0.03T	C)	0.3T	D) 3T			
21.	Which of the following	factors do not affect	mu	tual inductance of	f a coil ?			
	A) Nature of the mate	erial	B)	Current passing	through the coil			
	C) Distance between the coils		D) Geometry of the coils					

Which one of the follo	wing electromagnetic	wa	ives has greater v	vavelength ?
A) Radio wave		B)	U-V ray	
C) X-ray		D)	Microwave	
Bohr's quantisation co	ondition is			
A) $L = nh/2\pi$	B) $L = 2\pi h$	C)	$L = 2\pi/nh$	D) L = nh
A concave mirror is comirror is	ut from a glass ball of	dia	meter 45 cm. The	e focal length of the
A) 22.5 cm		B)	45 cm	
C) 11.25 cm		D)	90 cm	
The minimum energy	to remove an electro	n fro	om a metal is call	ed
A) Nuclear energy		B)	Binding energy	
C) Kinetic energy		D)	Work function	
Name the optical phe	nomenon involved in	the	working of "light p	oipe".
A) Refraction		B)	Total internal ref	lection
C) Dispersion		D)	Polarisation	
The process of conve	rting alternating curre	nt t	o direct current is	
A) Rectification		B)	Amplification	
C) Filtering		D)	None of these	
The time taken for the	e decay of one half of	initi	al number of nuc	lei
A) Time period		B)	Half life	
C) Mean lifetime		D)	Active time	
Which among the follo	owing is used as a vo	Itag	e regulator?	
A) pn junction diode		B)	Light emitting did	ode
C) Solar cell		D)	Zener diode	
•	•	-	•	focal length 2 cm,
A) 25	B) 50	C)	75	D) 65
	 A) Radio wave C) X-ray Bohr's quantisation conditions A) L = nh/2π A concave mirror is commirror is A) 22.5 cm C) 11.25 cm The minimum energy A) Nuclear energy C) Kinetic energy Name the optical pherical pherical A) Refraction C) Dispersion The process of convertal pherical pheric	 A) Radio wave C) X-ray Bohr's quantisation condition is A) L = nh/2π B) L = 2πh A concave mirror is cut from a glass ball of mirror is A) 22.5 cm C) 11.25 cm The minimum energy to remove an electronal Nuclear energy C) Kinetic energy Name the optical phenomenon involved in A) Refraction C) Dispersion The process of converting alternating currenal A) Rectification C) Filtering The time taken for the decay of one half of A) Time period C) Mean lifetime Which among the following is used as a void A) pn junction diode C) Solar cell The magnification of a compound microsce eyepiece of focal length 4 cm and tube length 	A) Radio wave B) C) X-ray D) Bohr's quantisation condition is A) $L = nh/2\pi$ B) $L = 2\pi h$ C) A concave mirror is cut from a glass ball of diamirror is A) 22.5 cm B) C) 11.25 cm D) The minimum energy to remove an electron from the minimum energy to remove an electron from the elec	C) X-ray D) Microwave Bohr's quantisation condition is A) $L = nh/2\pi$ B) $L = 2\pi h$ C) $L = 2\pi/nh$ A concave mirror is cut from a glass ball of diameter 45 cm. The mirror is A) 22.5 cm B) 45 cm C) 11.25 cm D) 90 cm The minimum energy to remove an electron from a metal is called. A) Nuclear energy B) Binding energy C) Kinetic energy D) Work function Name the optical phenomenon involved in the working of "light parts of the process of converting alternating current to direct current is A) Rectification B) Amplification C) Filtering D) None of these The time taken for the decay of one half of initial number of nucleation A) Time period B) Half life C) Mean lifetime Which among the following is used as a voltage regulator? A) pn junction diode B) Light emitting did C) Solar cell D) Zener diode The magnification of a compound microscope with objective of eyepiece of focal length 4 cm and tube length 24 cm is

31.	The amount of water f	ormed by the combu	stio	n of 0.5 mol meth	ane	is
	A) 36 g	B) 18 g	C)	1.8 g	D)	3.6 g
32.	The molarity of a solu	tion obtained by dilu	ting	1 molar 250 ml h	nydr	ochloric acid to
	A) 0.5 M	B) 2.5 M	C)	0.05 M	D)	0.25 M
33.	Number of unpaired e	lectrons in nitrogen a	tom	ıis		
	A) 3	B) 1	C)	5	D)	7
34.	Which of the following	orbital is symmetrica	al ar	ound the nucleus	?	
	A) s orbital		B)	p orbital		
	C) d orbital		D)	all of the above		
35.	Rutherford's gold foil	experiment demonstr	ate			
	A) The existence of electrons		B)	The existence of orbits		
	C) The existence of n	ucleus	D)	All of the above		
36.	Which one of the follo	wing is a primary cell	?			
	A) Lead storage batte	ery	B)	Fuel cell		
	C) Dry cell		D)	Nickel cadmium	cell	
37.	The molar concentrati	on of hydronium ion i	in a	solution having p	H =	3 is
	A) 10 ³ molL ⁻¹		B)	10 ⁻² molL ⁻¹		
	C) 10 ² molL ⁻¹		D)	10 ⁻³ molL ⁻¹		
38.	Milk is an example of					
	A) Sol		B)	Emulsion		
	C) Gel		D)	None of these		
39.	Modern periodic law v	vas designed by				
	A) Mendeleev		B)	Henry Moseley		
	C) Lavoisier		D)	Neils Bohr		

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40.	0. The element shows maximum electronegativity is					
	A) Oxygen	B) Chlorine	C) Fluorine	D) lodine		
41.	Syn gas is					
	A) CO ₂ + H ₂	B) CO + N ₂	C) CO + H ₂	D) CO ₂ + N ₂		
42.	In the Clark's method,	the substance used	to remove hardness	of water is		
	A) CaCO ₃	B) CaCl ₂	C) CaSO ₄	D) Ca(OH) ₂		
43.	Sodium hexa meta ph	osphate is commerc	ially called			
	A) Calgon	B) Gypsum	C) Heavy water	D) Zeolites		
44.	The chemical which is	industrially known a	s perhydrol is			
	A) Ethanol		B) Isopropyl alcoho	ol		
	C) Hydrogen peroxide	e	D) Methyl alcohol			
45.	The hardest naturally	occurring substance	is			
	A) Diamond		B) Rock salt			
	C) Fullerenes		D) Graphite			
46.	Ammonia can be synt	hesised by using the	method is			
	A) Ostwald's process		B) Contact process			
	C) Lead chamber me	thod	D) Haber process			
47.	Oleum is					
	A) H ₂ S ₂ O ₇	$B) \; H_2S_2O_6$	C) $H_2S_2O_5$	D) H ₂ S ₂ O ₄		
48.	The 'silver' UK coin is	an alloy of				
	A) Copper and zinc		B) Copper and nick	æl		
	C) Copper and silver		D) Copper and tin			
49.	Which of the following	is a narrow spectrur	n antibiotic ?			
	A) Chloramphenicol		B) Penicillin G			
	C) Ofloxacin		D) None of the abo	ve		

- 50. Which of the following is incorrect about Sucrolose?
 - i. Sucrolose is the first popular artificial sweetening agent
 - ii. It is trichloro derivative of Sucrose
 - iii. It does not provide Calories
 - iv. It is stable at cooking temperature
 - A) Only i and ii

B) Only i and iv

C) Only i

- D) All of the above i, ii, iii, iv
- 51. Which metal atom is present in Vitamin B₁₂?
 - A) Fe

- B) Mg
- C) Co
- D) Cu

- 52. Which of the following is correct about Sucrose?
 - i. Sucrose is a reducing sugar
 - ii. In Sucrose the two monosaccharides are held together by a glycosidic linkage
 - iii. Hydrolysis of Sucrose brings about change in the sign of optical rotation from laevo to dextro
 - A) Only i and ii

B) Only i and iii

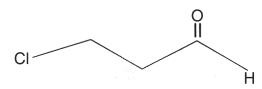
C) Only ii

- D) All of the above i, ii and iii
- 53. The nitrogen base not present in RNA is
 - A) Adenine
- B) Guanine
- C) Cytosine
- D) Thymine
- 54. The compound that gives a reddish brown precipitate on heating with Fehling's reagent is
 - A) $C_6H_5 CHO$

B) CH₃ - CHO

C) $CH_3 - CO - CH_3$

- D) CH₃ OH
- 55. Give the IUPAC name of the following compound.



A) 1-Chloropropanal

B) 1-Chloropropanol

C) 3-Chloropropanal

D) None of the above

56.	 The catalyst used for the polymerisation of ethylene to form HDPE (High Density Polyethylene) is 				OPE (High Density	
	A) Wilkinson's Catalyst	1	B) 2	Ziegler-Natta Cat	talyst	
	C) Lindlar's Catalyst	I	1 (D	None of the abov	ve .	
57.	The compound added to	soaps to impart an	tise	ptic property is		
	A) Lodoform	1	B) ł	Hydrogen peroxi	de	
	C) Bithionol	I	1 (D	None of the abov	ve .	
58.	Glycerol can be separate	ed from spent-lye in	soa	ap industry by		
	A) Distillation under redu	uced pressure				
	B) Sublimation					
	C) Crystallisation					
	D) Chromatography					
59.	Double fertilization amon	g angiosperms invo	olve			
	A) Fusion between male	gamete and egg o	nly			
	B) Fusion between male	gamete and polar	nuc	lei		
	C) Fusion between male	gamete and antipo	odal	cell		
	D) Fusion of one male ga	amete with egg and	d the	e other male gam	nete with polar nuclei	
60.	The pollengrain of an ar chromosome in endospe			n 12 chromosom	nes, the number of	
	A) 12 B)	36	C) 2	24	D) 6	
61.	Formation of new genera	ation from egg/fema	ıle g	amete without fe	ertilization is	
	A) Parthenocarpy	I	B) F	Polyembryony		
	C) Parthenogenesis	I	D) F	Polyploidy		
62.	Which of the following pr	ocess is a part of p	re-fe	ertilization event	?	
	A) Gametogenesis	1	B) \$	Syngamy		
	C) Embryogenesis	I	D) [Double fertilization	on	

63.	The ratio of protein and lipid varies considerably in plasma membrane of different cells. The plasma membrane of human RBC has							
	A) 40 percent proteins and 52 percent lipids							
	B) 40 percent lipids and 52 percent proteins							
	C) 40 percent protein	s and 52 percent carb	oohy	/drates				
	D) 40 percent carboh	ydrates and 52 perce	nt li	pids				
64.	64. Pairing of homologous chromosome to form bivalent occur in which stage of meiosis?							
	A) Diplotene		B)	Leptotene				
	C) Pachytene		D)	Zygotene				
65.	Which of the following	is a bacterial source	of S	Single Cell Protei	n (SCP) ?			
	A) Methylophilus met	hylotrophus						
	B) Penicillium notatum							
	C) Saccharomyces Cerevisiae							
	D) Aspergillus nigher							
66.	Pusa Swarnim (Karan	Rai) is resistant to w	hich	n disease ?				
	A) Rust of Wheat		B)	Black rot				
	C) Leaf Curl virus		D)	White rust				
67.	Which among the follo	owing are selectable r	mar	ker of Pb-322 ?				
	A) ampR, kanR		B)	tetR, kanR				
	C) ampR, tetR		D)	chIR, tetR				
68.	Cloning vector suitabl	e for gene transfer in	plaı	nts				
	A) Ti Plasmid		B)	Bacteriophage				
	C) YACs		D)	pBR 322				
69.	The Selective marker	in antibiotic resistant	ger	ne used in RDNA	technology			
	A) lacZ	B) LEU2	C)	ampR	D) HIS3			

A -11-

70.	Which of the following statement is cond DNA technology?	rrect about steps involved in Recombinar	nt
	a. Isolating a useful DNA segment from	n a donor organism.	
	b. Homologous chromosome pair (Biva	alents) lineup at equatorial plate.	
	c. Splicing it into suitable vector to crea	ate a recombinant DNA.	
	d. RNA polymerase moves along the te	emplate DNA strand.	
	A) Only a and b	B) Only c and d	
	C) Only a and c	D) All of the above	
71.	Which is an exception in an ecosystem v	where the sun is not the source of energy?	,
	A) Deep-sea hydro thermal ecosystem	B) Terrestrial ecosystem	
	C) Lake ecosystem	D) Desert ecosystem	
72.	What is the sequence of successional s	stages occurring in water called?	
	A) Xerarch succession	B) Hydrarch succession	
	C) Ecological succession	D) Biological succession	
73.	One of the following is needed for the co	onversion of trypsinogen into trypsin	
	A) HCI	B) Enterokinase	
	C) Lipase	D) Zymase	
74.	Which of the following is removed from	our body by the lungs ?	
	A) CO ₂ only	B) H ₂ O only	
	C) CO ₂ and H ₂ O	D) Ammonia	
75.	Which one of the following is pace make	er of heart ?	
	A) SA node	B) AV node	
	C) Both A) and B)	D) None of these	
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76.	Which of these is a bone of the appendicular skeleton?					
	A) Skull	B)	Ribs			
	C) Clavicle	D)	Sternum			
77.	The process where the blastocyst becomes is called	s fir	mly embedded in the uterine lining			
	A) Fertilization	B)	Ovulation			
	C) Cleavage	D)	Implantation			
78.	Which hormone regulate sleep-wakeup cyc	le d	of the human body?			
	A) Prolactin	B)	Cortisol			
	C) Progesterone	D)	Melatonin			
79.	"Insecticides and pesticides used for compests, are toxic and have been polluting our developed for controlling these pathogens is a microbial agent used to control A) Aphids	en ar B)	vironment." Biocontrol methods were not pests. <i>Bacillus thuringiensis (Bt)</i> , Mosquitoes			
	C) Butterfly Caterpillars	D)	Plant Root Pathogens			
80.	Common name of four vertebrate animals as with reference to presence or absence of ja		iven. From these identify the odd one			
	A) Hag Fish	B)	Angel Fish			
	C) Flying Fish	D)	Dog Fish			
81.	"HIV is a member of virus group called Retro from	viru	ıs." In HIV genetic information passes			
	A) Protein \rightarrow DNA \rightarrow RNA	,	$DNA \to Protein \to RNA$			
	C) RNA \rightarrow Protein \rightarrow DNA	D)	$RNA \rightarrow DNA \rightarrow Protein$			
82.	"Human blood groups are determined by alleles. These alleles form 6 genotype cophenotypic expressions, A, B, AB, O - blood is co-dominant. Identify the co-dominant from A) O group C) A group	omb d g om t B)	oinations. These genotypes have 4 roups." Of these 4 blood groups one			

83.	"The genetic make up X and Y. In female, 44 chromosomes determ A) X chromosomes C) X and Y chromosomes	autosomes and 2 sex nine the sex of the ma	chromosomes, XX." \		
84.	The genetic code is of 3 codons are stop codo below find out the odd	composed of 64 codo dons and do not code d one.	ons. 61 codons code for amino acids. Fro	m the codons given	
85.	A) UAA"Microorganisms like purposes." From the production of Biogas.A) MethanobacteriumC) Acetobacter	names of Bacterias		•	
86.	•	nd in which of the inve	in most of the animals." A false coelom or ertebrate phylum ? B) Phylum: Aschelminthes D) None of these		
87.	87. If A and B are non-empty sets, then $(A \cap B) \cup (A - B)$ is equal				
	A) B	B) B'	C) A	D) A'	
88.	If $n(A) = 10$, $n(A \times B) = A$	= 10, then n(B) is B) 1	C) 0	D) None of these	
89.	Incorrect statement is				
	A) $\cos\theta = 1$	B) $\sin\theta = \frac{-1}{5}$	C) $\sec\theta = \frac{1}{2}$	D) $tan\theta = 0$	
90.	The domain of $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$	$\sqrt{25-x^2}$ is			
	A) [- 5, 5]	B) (- 5, 5)	C) x ≤ 5	D) x ≥ 5	
91.	Let a, b be two real r 3, a, b, 81 is in a geor			resulting sequence	
	A) 90	B) 27	C) 81	D) 36	
Α		-14-			

92.	The 30 th term of the arithmetic progression 10, 7, 4, is			
	A) -67	B) -77	C) -87	D) - 57
93.	The slope of the straight line $\frac{x}{10} - \frac{y}{4} = 3$ is			
	A) $\frac{2}{5}$	B) $\frac{3}{5}$	C) $\frac{3}{7}$	D) $\frac{7}{5}$
94.	The value of λ for which the vectors $\hat{i}+\hat{j}-\hat{k}$ and $\lambda\hat{i}+3\hat{j}+\hat{k}$ are perpendicular to			
	A) 2	B) 0	C) -2	D) 1
95.	If $ \vec{a} = 3$, $ \vec{b} = 4$ and $ \vec{a} - \vec{b} = \sqrt{7}$, then $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}$ is equal to			
	A) 8	B) 9	C) 10	D) 12
96.	The eccentricity of the ellipse $x^2 + \frac{y^2}{4} = 1$ is			
	A) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$	B) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	C) $\frac{1}{2}$	D) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$
97.	If $f(x) = x^6 + 6^x$, then $f'(x)$ is			
	A) 12x		B) $6x^5 + x.6^{x-1}$	
	C) $6x^5 + 6^x \log 6$		D) x ⁶	
98.	sin 765° is equal to		<i>[</i> 2	
	A) 1	B) $\frac{1}{2}$	C) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	D) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
99.	The number of arrangements containing all the seven letters of the word 'ALRIGHT' that begins with LG is			
	A) 520	B) 120	C) 340	D) 400
100.	In a group of 100 persons, 80 people can speak Malayalam and 60 can speak English. Then the number of people who speak English only is			
	A) 25	B) 30	C) 40	D) 20

Space for Rough Work

A -16-