PROVISIONAL ANSWER KEY

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Exam:	Livestock Inspector Gr-II/ Poultry Assistant/Milk Recorder/Storekeeper/ Enumerator
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Question1:-Adult female sheep is known as

A:-Lamb

B:-EWE

C:-Doe

D:-Sow

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question2:-Act of mating in pig is known as

A:-Serving

B:-Tupping

C:-Raming

D:-Coupling

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question3:-Group of Turkey known as

A:-Tom Turkey

B:-Hen Turkey

C:-Poult

D:-Rafter

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question4:-Most relevant farming system practiced in India

A:-Mixed farming

B:-Corral dairying

C:-High Tech dairying

D:-Family cow

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question5:-Wedder is castrated male of

A:-Bullock

B:-Buck

C:-Stag

D:-Sheep

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question6:-Name the group of birds developed from variety by selective breeding

A:-Breed

B:-Class

C:-Strain

D:-Subclass

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question7:-Age of sexual maturity in exotic cattle is

A:-19-25 months

B:-15-18 months

C:-24-36 months

D:-10-15 months

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question8:-Which among the following is a dairy breed?

A:-Amrit mahal

B:-Kangayam

C:-Deoni

D:-Sindhi

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question9:-Bulged forehead with middle furrow is characteristic of

A:-Kangyam

B:-Vechur

C:-Amrit Mahal

D:-Thar parker

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question10:-Origin of Breed-Jersey is from

A:-Switzerland

B:-Holland

C:-England

D:-America

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question11:-Which among the following is a breed of buffalo?

A:-Surti

B:-Vechur

C:-Hallikar

D:-Sindhi

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question12:-Name milk queen of goat world or jersey of goat breed

A:-Alpine

B:-Saanen

C:-Boer

D:-Jamnapari

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question13:-Name the breed of pig used for upgrading country pig?

A:-Land race

B:-Duroc

C:-Large white yorkshire

D:-Berkshire

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question14:-Name poultry breed with lustrous greenish black plumage

A:-New hampshire

B:-Plymouth rock

C:-Rhode Island Red

D:-Australorp

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question15:-Name the indigenous poultry breed used for cock fight

A:-Kadaknath

B:-Naked wreck

C:-Aseel

D:-Austro white

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question16:-Which among the following is a disadvantage of free range system?

A:-High labour requirement

B:-More stress to animals

C:-Problems with predators

D:-High capital investment

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question17:-How much is the width of manger in head to head system?

A:-50 cm

B:-1 meter

C:-1.5 meter

D:-75 cm

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question18:-Which statement given below is true about Vermicomposting?

A:-Chemical process with bad odour

B:-Anaerobic process

C:-Odourless and aerobic process

D:-Done by termites

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question19:-What should be the slope of standing space towards the drain in a cattle shed?

A:-One in 10

B:-One in 40

C:-One in 20

D:-One in 1

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question20:-Name the process of removal of animals from the herd every year

A:-Castration

B:-Herd replacement

C:-Docking

D:-Culling

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question21:-What is the ability of warm-blooded animals to maintain a stable body temperature despite changes in external environment?

A:-Homeostasis

B:-Adaptation

C:-Critical temperature

D:-Panting

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question22:-Which vitamin is synthesized in deep litter system of poultry housing?

A:-Vitamin A

B:-Vitamin B12

C:-Vitamin C

D:-Vitamin D

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question23:-What are the principal sources of heat production in the cattle body?

A:-Rumen fermentation and cell metabolism

B:-Skin and lungs

C:-Sweating and panting

D:-Dewlap and Sweat pores

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question24:-What is the Scientific name of goat?

A:-Bos indicus

B:-Ovis aries

C:-Capra hircus

D:-Bubalus bubalis

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question25:-What is the gestation period of goat?

A:-5 months

B:-3 months

C:-11 months

D:-9 months

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question26:-Which is the characteristic symptom of tetanus in goats?

A:-Diarrhoea

B:-Sawhorse stance

C:-Nasal discharge

D:-Lameness

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question27:-What is the purpose of guard rails in farrowing pen?

A:-To prevent fighting

B:-For feeding

C:-For ventilation

D:-To avoid crushing of piglets

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question28:-Creep feeding in pig is

A:-Feeding of boar

B:-Feeding of sow

C:-Feeding of piglets

D:-Feeding of pregnant sow

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question29:-Identification in pigs is usually done by which method?

A:-Tattoing

B:-Ear notching

C:-Branding

D:-None of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question30:-What is the cause of mange in rabbits?

A:-Bacteria

B:-Virus

C:-Mites

D:-Mycoplasma

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question31:-What is the type of Oestrus cycle in rabbit?

A:-Seasonal monoestrous

B:-Anoestrus

C:-Monoestrous

D:-Polyestrous

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question32:-Pick the odd one out

A:-Cow pea

B:-Guinea Grass

C:-Congo Signal

D:-Hybrid Napier

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question33:-Gossypol is a poisonous substance found in _____.

A:-Tapioca

B:-Groundnut cake

C:-Cotton seed cake

D:-Subabul

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question34:-The segregation and observation of apparently healthy animals brought from other places to make sure that the animals does not carry any infection is called

A:-Isolation

B:-Quarantine

C:-Vaccination

D:-Disinfection

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question35:-As per BIS specification the moisture requirement for compounded cattle feed is

A:-8

B:-25

C:-18

D:-11

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question36:-Which of the following milking methods is suitable for animals with small teats?

A:-Knuckling

B:-Stripping

C:-Full hand milking

D:-Machine milking

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question37:-Which of the statements given below are true?
i. The upper incisors are absent in cattle.
ii. Total number of temporary teeth in cattle is 32.
iii. Total number of molars in both jaws in permanent dentition of cattle is 6.
iv. Total number of temporary teeth in adult cattle is 20.

A:-Both i and ii are correct

B:-Both ii and iii are correct

C:-Both i and iv are correct

D:-All statements are correct

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question38:-The method of identification commonly practiced in pigs

A:-Ear notching

B:-Ear tagging

C:-Branding

D:-Tattooing

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question39:-Concentrate to roughage ratio in TMR is

A:-40 : 60

B:-60 : 40

C:-45 : 55

D:-55 : 45

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question40:-Haemorrhagic septicemia is caused by

A:-Mycobacterium

B:-Pasteurella multocida

C:-Clostridum chauvoei

D:-None of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question41:-Which is the main volatile fatty acid formed in well preserved good quality silage?

A:-Lactic acid

B:-Acetic acid

C:-Butyric acid

D:-Propionic acid

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question42:-Colostrum should be fed at the rate of _____ of body weight of calf.

A:-1/10th

B:-1/20th

C:-1/5th

D:-1/15th

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question43:-Pick the odd one out:

A:-Brucellosis

B:-Leptospirosis

C:-Ketosis

D:-Rabies

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question44:-Which method of identification is not suitable for white coloured animals?

A:-Hot Branding

B:-Tattooing

C:-Tagging

D:-Freeze Branding

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question45:-Diseases which are transmitted from one animal to another by direct or indirect contact is called

A:-Contagious Disease

B:-Infectious Disease

C:-Congenital Disease

D:-Metabolic Disease

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question46:-The practice of separating the calf from its mother immediately after calving is called

A:-Pail feeding

B:-Nurse cow method

C:-Spaying

D:-Weaning

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question47:-The portion of the chicken oviduct that secretes the albumen

A:-Magnum

B:-Isthmus

C:-Ovary

D:-Uterus

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question48:-The fat content of egg yolk is

A:-34%

B:-10%

C:-25%

D:-20%

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question49:-The feed additive used to reduce the effect of mycotoxins formed in the feed

A:-Toxin binders

B:-Pellet binders

C:-Both 1 and 2

D:-None of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question50:-The glandular stomach in chicken is

A:-Duodenum

B:-Gizzard

C:-Proventriculus

D:-Crop

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question51:-Feed conversion ratio in broilers refers to the ratio of

A:-Feed consumed to feed wasted

B:-Feed consumed to body weight gain

C:-Body weight gain to feed consumed

D:-Body weight to feed consumed

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question52:-The major energy source used in poultry feed formulations

A:-Soya

B:-Rice

C:-Maize

D:-Wheat

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question53:-The factors affecting hatchability of eggs:

A:-temperature

B:-humidity

C:-Both (1) and (2)

D:-None of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question54:-The following eggs are selected for incubation:
i. egg having meat spot
ii. double yolk eggs
iii. thin shelled eggs
iv. clean eggs

A:-i, ii and iv

B:-i

C:-i, ii, iii and iv

D:-i, ii and iii

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question55:-A good layer chicken can be differentiated from a poor egg layer by the presence of which of the following?
i. large, red comb
ii. bright and active eyes
iii. three fingers distance between two pubic bones
iv. oblong moist and pink vent

A:-i, ii and iv

B:-i and ii

C:-i, ii, iii and iv

D:-i, ii and iii

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question56:-The incubation period of duck eggs is

A:-28 days

B:-21 days

C:-17 days

D:-25 days

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question57:-The recommended incubator oxygen level is

A:-21%

B:-0.5%

C:-25%

D:-0.3%

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question58:-Feed restriction is practiced in

A:-Layers

B:-Broilers

C:-Chicks

D:-Broiler breeders

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question59:-The volume of semen used for insemination in artificial insemination is

A:-0.1 to 0.2 ml

B:-0.025 to 0.050 ml

C:-0.5 ml

D:-0.5 to 1 ml

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question60:-Crazy chick disease is due to the deficiency of which nutrient?

A:-Riboflavin

B:-Thiamine

C:-Niacin

D:-Pantothenic acid

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question61:-Which is the term for young one of turkey?

A:-Cygnet

B:-Keet

C:-Chick

D:-Poult

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question62:-The ideal litter moisture (%) in a deep litter poultry house is?

A:-25-30

B:-10-15

C:-35-40

D:-20-25

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question63:-Avium species in which the females are heavier than males?

A:-Duck

B:-Ostrich

C:-Japanese quail

D:-Turkey

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question64:-Which is the causative agent of black head disease in turkey?

A:-Histomonas

B:-Pasteurella

C:-Clostridium

D:-E.coli

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question65:-HVT vaccine gives immunity for which disease in chicken?

A:-Marek's disease

B:-Aspergillosis

C:-Fowl pox

D:-Avian Influenza

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question66:-Exudative diathesis is a deficiency condition of which mineral?

A:-Iron

B:-Zinc

C:-Selenium

D:-Magnesium

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question67:-Which of the following statement is/are correct about biosecurity?
i. Ventilation
ii. Isolation
iii. Traffic Control
iv. Sanitation

A:-i and ii

B:-i and iii

C:-ii and iii

D:-ii, iii and iv

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question68:-Ukerative enteritis (Quail disease) is caused by which organisms?

A:-Clostridium

B:-Pseudomonas

C:-Staphylococcus

D:-E.Coli

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question69:-Duck plague is also known as:

A:-Duck pasteurellosis

B:-Duck viral enteritis

C:-Duck hepatitis

D:-Aflatoxicosis

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question70:-Which is the infected organ of Ascaridia galli infestation in chicken?

A:-Gizzard

B:-Small intestine

C:-Crop

D:-Large intestine

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question71:-Which of the following are most susceptible for mycotoxicosis?

A:-Chick

B:-Duckling

C:-Turkey

D:-Quail

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question72:-Who was the main person behind the establishment of Animal Welfare Board of India in 1962?

A:-Richard Martin

B:-Emily Steward Leavitt

C:-Rukimini Devi Arundale

D:-Muthukumaraswamy B

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question73:-Read the following sentences i to iv and choose the correct answer;
As per the original transport of Animal Rules, 1978 of India, during transportation of animals by rail,
i. An ordinary goods wagon can carry 15 adult cattle on broad gauge.
ii. An ordinary goods wagon can carry 10 horses on metre gauge
iii. Goods vehicles of $5 \times 4^{1/2}$ tons can carry 50 sheep or goats
iv. When dogs and cat are transported to long distances, adequate water should be given every one hour in summer

A:-All statements are false

B:-Only statement i is true

C:-All statements are true

D:-Only statement iv is true

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question74:-Read the following sentences i to iv and choose the correct answer:
i. Beak trimming in chicks does not seriously impair pecking behaviour and sensory input in chicken
ii. Wing-flapping is entirely prevented in battery cage system of housing
iii. When hens are taken for slaughter, the most important sign of lack of welfare, is the incidence of broken combs
iv. Feather pecking is more in chicken reared in deep litter system and it decreases the welfare when compared to chicken reared in cage system

A:-Statement i is true

B:-Statement iii is true

C:-Statement iv is true

D:-Statement ii is true

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question75:-Crop damage from wild animal attacks is covered under which scheme of the Central government of India?

A:-Pradhan Mantri Fasal bima Yojana

B:-National Livestock Mission

C:-Rashtriya Gokul Mission

D:-Pradhan Mantri Kisan Samman Nidhi

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question76:-A hypothetical autosomal locus controlling a phenotypic trait in dogs possesses three allelic forms (A_1, A_2 and A_3) in the population. Assume that these alleles exhibit complete codominance, such that every genetically distinct genotype produces a phenotypically distinguishable expression. Ignoring sex linkage, mutation and interactions with other loci, which of the following correctly represents the maximum number of alleles that an individual can possess at this locus and the total numbers of possible genotypes and phenotypes in the population?

A:-Three alleles per individual; 6 genotypes and 4 phenotypes

B:-Two alleles per individual; 4 genotypes and 6 phenotypes

C:-Three alleles per individual; 6 genotypes and 6 phenotypes

D:-Two alleles per individual; 6 genotypes and 6 phenotypes

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question77:-In dairy cattle breeding, bulls are selected very carefully because of their potential to make a substantial genetic contribution to subsequent generations. Which of the following is the most appropriate and accurate method for evaluating the genetic merit of a bull for milk production traits?

A:-Pedigree selection

B:-Individual selection

C:-Progeny testing

D:-Phenotypic selection

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question78:-Match the following components of a semen-freezing diluent wit their principal functions and choose the correctly matched set:

Component	Principal Function
Component	Principal Function
P. Egg Yolk	1. Serves as an energy substrate for spermatozoal metabolism
Q. Penicillin	2. Acts as a penetrating cryoprotectant against freezing-induced cellular damage
R. Fructose	3. Protects and stabilizes the sperm plasma membrane during cooling and freezing
S. Glycerol	4. Suppresses bacterial contamination in diluted semen

A:-P-3, Q-4, R-1, S-2

B:-P-1, Q-3, R-2, S-4

C:-P-4, Q-2, R-3, S-1

D:-P-2, Q-4, R-1, S-3

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question79:-Which of the following combination correctly represents the three stages of normal parturition in cattle?

A:-Stage I : Foetal expulsion; Stage II : Cervical dilation; Stage III : Expulsion of foetal membranes

B:-Stage I : Cervical dilation and preparatory changes; Stage II : Expulsion of foetal membranes; Stage III : Foetal expulsion

C:-Stage I : Expulsion of foetal membranes; Stage II : Foetal expulsion; Stage III : Cervical dilation

D:-Stage I : Cervical dilation and preparatory changes; Stage II : Foetal expulsion; Stage III : Expulsion of foetal membranes

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question80:-With reference to hormonal regulation of reproduction in cattle, match the hormones in Column I with their respective sites of production in Column II and select the correctly matched set.

	Column I - Hormone		Column II - Site of production
P.	Gonadotropin - releasing hormone	1.	Corpus luteum
Q.	Follicle-stimulating hormone	2.	Hypothalamus
R.	Oestrogen	3.	Anterior pituitary
S.	Progesterone	4.	Graafian follicle

A:-P-2. Q-3, R-4, S-1

B:-P-3. Q-2, R-1, S-4

C:-P-4. Q-1, R-3, S-2

D:-P-2. Q-4, R-1, S-3

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question81:-A cattle breeder repeatedly mates closely related animals to increase genetic uniformity within a herd. Which consequence would most directly indicate the biological cost of this breeding strategy?

A:-Increased heterozygosity at loci controlling fitness

B:-Increased expression of deleterious recessive alleles

C:-Increased frequency of favourable dominant alleles

D:-Increased recombination between homologous chromosomes

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question82:-At approximately what temperature is frozen semen stored in liquid nitrogen?

A:-$-78^{o}C$

B:-$-120^{o}C$

C:-$-196^{o}C$

D:-– 273^{o}C

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question83:-Which sequence most accurately represents the major endocrine events associated with luteolysis, follicular maturation and ovulation during a normal bovine estrous cycle?

A:-Progesterone decline → Follicular Oestradiol increase → Luteinising Hormone (LH) surge

B:-Oestradiol decline → Progesterone increase → Lutenising Hormone (LH)) surge

C:-Lutenising Hormone (LH)) surge → Progesterone increase → Follicular Stimulating Hormone (FSH) suppression

D:-Progesterone increase → Follicular Stimulating Hormone (FSH) suppression → Oestradiol decline

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question84:-A dairy cow is inseminated repeatedly after calving and becomes pregnant following third insemination. Which of the following intervals is referred to as the Cow's service period?

A:-The interval between calving and the first insemination after calving

B:-The interval between the first and third inseminations

C:-The interval between calving and the insemination that results in conception

D:-The interval between two successive calvings

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question85:-Which of the following sequences correctly represents the direction of spermatozoal flow through the principal structures of the male reproductive tract in cattle?

A:-Testis → Epididymis → Vas deferens → Urethra

B:-Testis → Vas deferens → Epididymis → Urethra

C:-Epididymis → Testis → Vas deferens → Urethra

D:-Testis → Urethra → Epididymis → Vas deferens

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question86:-Which sequence most accurately represents the major steps involved in a conventional multiple ovulation and embryo transfer (MOET) programme in cattle?

A:-Superovulation → donor insemination → embryo recovery → embryo ovulation → transfer to synchronized recipients

B:-Oestrus synchronization → embryo transfer → superovulation → embryo recovery → donor insemination

C:-Superovulation → embryo transfer → donor insemination → embryo recovery → recipient synchronization

D:-Donor insemination → superovulation → recipient synchronization → embryo recovery → embryo transfer

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question87:-A dairy cow has apparently normal ovarian activity but does not exhibit obvious behavioural signs of oestrus. If ovulation occurs without clearly detectable external signs of heat, this condition is referred to as:

A:-Anoestrus

B:-Silent heat

C:-Prolonged oestrus

D:-Metestrus

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question88:-Which one of the following statements regarding feeding of cats is correct?

A:-Cats are omnivores and should be fed mainly with fibrous foods

B:-Carbohydrates are essential nutrients for cats

C:-Adult cats should be fed twice a day

D:-Lactating cats require 60 kcal/kg body weight/day

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question89:-Which one of the following pairs is correctly matched?

A:-English Cocker Spaniel - Sporting dog

B:-German Shepherd - Sporting dog

C:-Labrador Retriever - Military working dog

D:-Belgian Malinois - Service dog

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question90:-Which of the following breeds is classified as a service dog?

A:-German Shepherd

B:-English Cocker Spaniel

C:-Labrador Retriever

D:-Siberian Husky

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question91:-Which one of the following statements regarding reproduction in dogs is correct?

A:-The gestation period of a female dog is 30-40 days

B:-A female dog should be mated immediately after the onset of heat

C:-Neutering is performed only in male dogs

D:-The gestation period in dogs is 60-63 days

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question92:-Which one of the following statements regarding feeding of dogs is correct?

A:-During pregnancy. the maintenance requirement remains unchanged throughout gestation

B:-During lactation, the female dog requires less food than during maintenance

C:-At peak lactation, the food intake of a female dog may be 2-3 times her maintenance requirement

D:-Working dogs require the same amount of food irrespective of the amount of exercise

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question93:-Which of the following statements regarding the structure and composition of a chicken egg are correct?
Statements:

i. The albumen or egg white represents approximately 60% of the total egg weight and is formed within a few hours.
ii. The shell membranes are important defenses against bacterial invasion and together are approximately 0.01 - 0.02 thick.
iii. The eggshell constitutes approximately 9-12% of total egg weight and consists largely of calcium carbonate.
iv. The air cell develops by separation of the two shell membranes, usually at the small end of the egg, as the egg contents shrink during cooling.

A:-i, ii and iii only

B:-i, iii and iv only

C:-ii, iii and iv only

D:-All of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question94:-Which of the following statements regarding Khoa/Mawa is correct?

A:-Khoa is one of the two chief bases for preparing indigenous sweets, the other being chhana

B:-The production of khoa in India is mainly confined to the southern and eastern regions

C:-Karnataka contributes the largest amount to the total khoa production in India

D:-Khoa production accounts for approximately 15% of total dairy production in India

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question95:-Which of the following statements regarding the classification of dahi is correct?

A:-Dahi for dirrect consumption is classified only as sweetened dhi

B:-Dahi for direct consumption is classified into whole milk dahi, sweet dahi and sweetened dahi

C:-Dahi is classified only according to its fat percentage

D:-Sweet dahi is prepared only by adding sugar after fermentation

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question96:-Assertion (A): The phosphate test is used to assess the adequacy of pasteurization of milk.
Reason (R): Alkaline phosphatase is more heat-resistant than pathogenic

microorganisms and therefore remains active after proper pasteurization.

A:-Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A

B:-Both A and R are true, and R is not the correct explanation of A

C:-A is true, but R is false

D:-A is false, but R is true

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question97:-Assertion (A) : The specific gravity of milk is higher than that of water.
Reason (R) : Milk contains dissolved and suspended solids such as lactose, proteins and minerals.

A:-Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A

B:-Both A and R are true, and R is not the correct explanation of A

C:-A is true, but R is false

D:-A is false, but R is true

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question98:-Which of the following is used as a heating medium in non agitating retorts?

A:-Air only

B:-pure steam or superheated water

C:-Oil

D:-Refrigerated water

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question99:-The Radura symbol on a food package indicates that the food has been:

A:-Heat sterilized

B:-Chemically preserved

C:-Treated with ionizing radiation

D:-Freeze dried

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question100:-The main purpose of adding salt during sausage production is to;

A:-Extract salt-soluble proteins

B:-Increase fat content

C:-Reduce protein extraction

D:-Increase moisture loss

Correct Answer:- Option-A